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WEDNESDAY REVIEW



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THEATRE & SECRETARIAL



Government hits back in cash for access row as focus shifts to links between lobbyist and Minister

## Now the heat is on Mandelson

BY FRAN ABRAMS  
AND JANINE GIBSON

THE GOVERNMENT went on the offensive as the "cash-for-access" affair continued yesterday, dismissing reports that lobbyists had privileged access in Whitehall and defending the honour of an adviser accused of offering introductions.

But the spotlight fell increasingly on Peter Mandelson, the Minister without Portfolio, who has had close links for several years with both the adviser Roger Liddle, and one of the lobbyists, Derek Draper.

Mr Mandelson and Mr Draper both gave media interviews yesterday after speaking the previous evening about how they should tackle the crisis.

The minister had advised his former employee that the only way to salvage any credibility

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Suzanne Moore talks to Derek Draper, page 3

Leading article and Ken Livingstone, Review, page 3

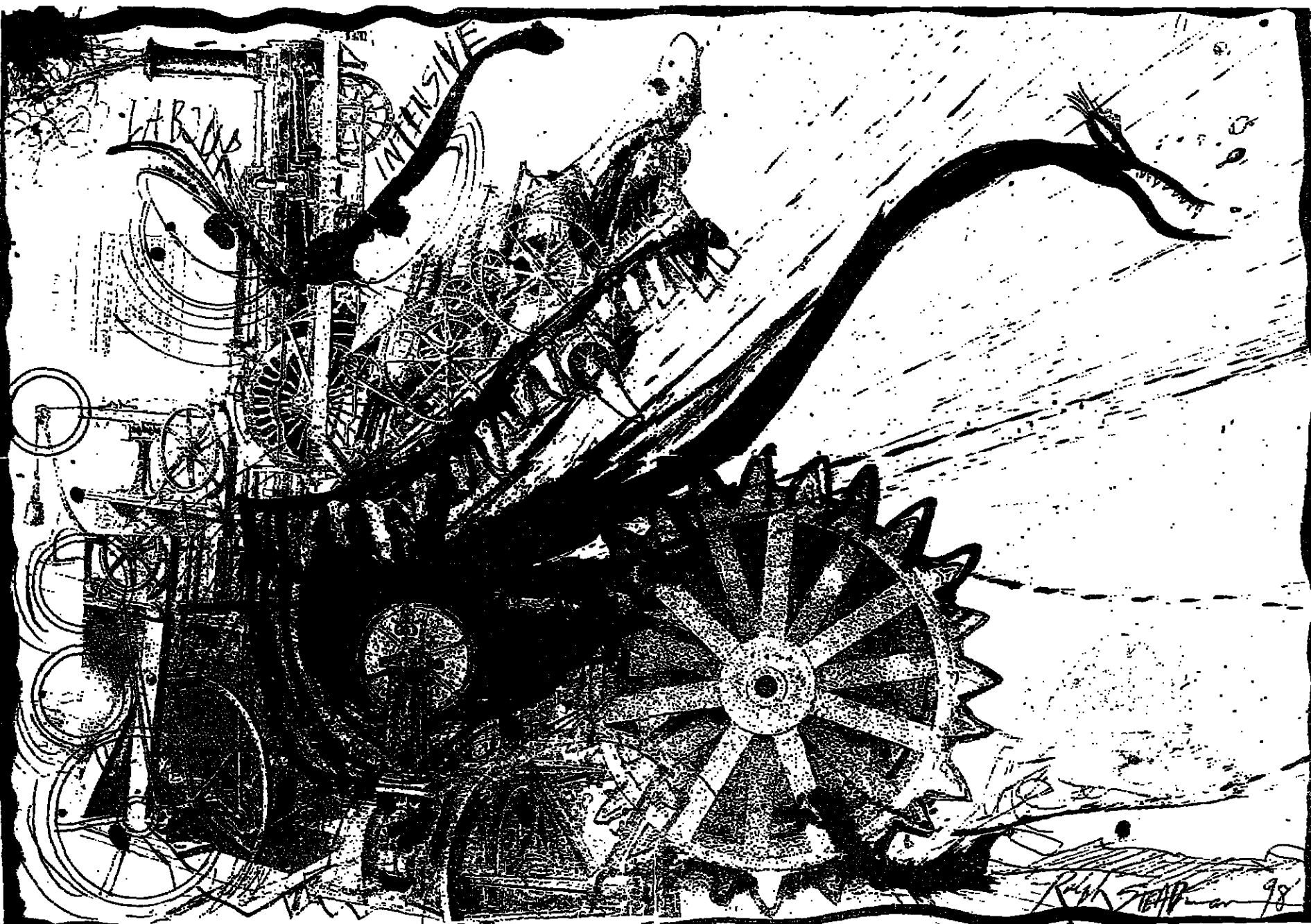
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was to speak publicly about the reports and to apologise for his foolishness.

Mr Draper had been quoted in the Observer newspaper as saying that he was "intimate" with the 17 most important people in the Government, and that Peter Mandelson vetted his column in the Express newspaper.

Yesterday, he said the 100 words of quotes in the Observer were "cobbled together" from five hours of discussions. He had not claimed ministers' decisions could be altered in return for cash. "I am sorry for any embarrassment I have caused [the Labour Party]," he said. "I accept that I am guilty of being an occasional big mouth, but nothing else."

Mr Mandelson described Mr Draper as "a bit of a showman".



And he went on: "He is a bit of a show-off and rather good at selling himself and, in the course of that, making claims and boasts that really don't stack up. But that is not the same as saying that he breaks the rules or breaks the law, or that he is a congenitally dishonest person."

Mr Draper worked for Mr

Mandelson between 1992 and 1994, and played a big part in writing the book that his employer co-authored with Roger Liddle, the Downing Street policy official at the centre of the row. Mr Draper wrote some sections of *The Blair Revolution* and researched others.

Mr Draper set up a company, 3C Ltd, which carried out

mail orders for the book and set up seminars at which Mr Liddle and Mr Mandelson talked about their work. Since the election, Mr Draper, now a lobbyist, has continued to meet Mr Mandelson and to telephone him regularly. Although there has been no claim that the minister passed on information improperly, he also takes a

close interest in Mr Draper's Progress magazine and writes regular articles for it.

Mr Mandelson has been friends with Mr Liddle since the two were on Lambeth Council together between 1979 and 1982. Mr Mandelson was instrumental in bringing his friend back to Labour after he left to join the SDP and is be-

lieved to have helped get him appointed to the Downing Street Policy Unit last year.

Yesterday, the Prime Minister appeared to have relaxed his guard over the affair after the Observer acknowledged it did not have a tape of Mr Liddle's alleged offer to make introductions for businessmen. Making his first public com-

ment on the affair, he said he would take no action against Mr Liddle without proof of wrongdoing. "I do not think it's right to dismiss someone and ruin

their life and their prospects unless there is proof," Mr Blair said.

He added, however, that everyone in government must be wary of people "flattering around trying to make all sorts of claims".

"Whether they're a minister or an MP or anyone who works for me, who has been guilty of impropriety, then the severest action will be taken against those people," he said.

Mr Blair's official spokesman said the three main allegations had all been disproved. A select committee report leaked before publication by a lobbyist had been picked up from a government building where it was freely available, information supposedly leaked before the Chancellor's Mansion House speech was not even in it, and there was no evidence to disprove Mr Liddle's protestations of innocence.

The Observer hit back last night at what it described as "ferocious spin-doctoring".

The newspaper wrote to the chief of staff at Number 10, Jonathan Powell, standing by its weekend revelations. In particular, the letter reiterates the alleged conversation held between the journalist Gregory Palast and Mr Liddle, including the remark: "Just tell me what you want and who you want to meet, and Derek [Draper] and I will make the call for you."

The Observer also disclosed in the letter that Mr Palast, a chief figure in the investigation, is a former Labour Party adviser. The newspaper's deputy editor, Jocelyn Targett, said: "After a day of ferocious spin-doctoring, our story still stands and serious questions about Downing Street's relationship with lobbyists remain unanswered."

The letter to Mr Powell details Mr Palast's role as a policy adviser to the Labour Party during the year leading up to the 1997 election.

## Blair agrees to meet Orangemen

TONY BLAIR has agreed to meet Orange Order leaders tomorrow amid apprehension that Orangemen intend to bring the Drumcree stand-off to a head with a large-scale confrontation on Monday.

Tens of thousands of Orange marchers will take to the streets on Monday for their annual commemoration of the Battle of the Boyne in 1690. The prospect of up to 70,000 marchers being available for protests and demonstrations will provide the most exacting test of the authorities' ability to

BY DAVID MCKITTRICK  
Ireland Correspondent

prevent a breakdown of law and order.

The Royal Ulster Constabulary and the Army have been kept at full stretch dealing with disturbances. Police said yesterday that more than 1,000 outbreaks of disorder had been recorded in the 72-hour period up to 6am yesterday. It was announced that 800 extra troops are being drafted into Northern Ireland later this week. The incidents included 246 attacks

on the security forces which injured 42 police officers. These included three gun attacks and blast-bomb throwing.

The First Minister, David Trimble, said yesterday: "I am appalled that so-called loyalists have attempted to murder members of the RUC. Orange men must realise that if this violence continues it will only be a matter of time before we are once again following coffins."

Continuing disturbances were reported last night in Belfast and elsewhere. Belfast city centre had the appear-

ance of a ghost town. While Mr Blair has agreed to see Orange leaders, Downing Street was giving no sign that the Prime Minister proposed to reverse the ruling which prevented Orange marchers going down the Garvaghy Road in Portadown. The already tense situation in the town deteriorated when gangs of loyalists attempted to hinder access to the Catholic area, whose main entrances are guarded by formidable security force fortifications. The Orange Order said it had not organised the protests.

A high court judge in Belfast said yesterday that very few of the people arrested during the disturbances were genuine protesters. During a bail hearing Mr Justice Campbell said most had criminal records for disorderly behaviour or assault.

The Rev Ian Paisley predicted that Monday's marches would be "the decider". He added: "I think the outcome will be that these men will be going down the road anyway. And they'd be far better letting them down before the 12th of July, because anybody here who has

any imagination knows what's going to happen on the 12th of July."

Mr Blair told journalists in London he would be happy to meet the Orange Order. "I think they are, in a very responsible way, trying to resolve the situation. Obviously, any resolution has got to be consistent with the rule of law. The rule of law in the UK must be made paramount and I think a discussion as to how we resolve this would be very worthwhile."

Women and children join Orangemen, page 4

## Abiola dies 'day before release from jail'

THE FUTURE of reform in Nigeria was thrown into turmoil yesterday by the sudden death of the West African country's imprisoned democracy leader Chief Moshood Abiola.

"Abiola died of an apparent cardiac arrest at 4pm," an official statement said. He was reported to have collapsed in the middle of a meeting with Nigerian government officials

BY JAMES ROBERTS

and members of a high-ranking American delegation.

The US group, led by Thomas Pickering, had just arrived in Nigeria on a mission to test the new regime's democratic intentions and, among other things, secure the chief's release. It was widely expected that he might leave jail as

early as today. The future road to democracy in Nigeria was to a great extent dependent on the choices Abiola made as to the conditions under which he would be leaving prison.

Abiola was jailed after winning elections in 1993 and then the following year proclaiming himself Nigeria's President - a decision that angered the country's late military ruler, General

Sani Abacha. The main question was whether he would resign his claim to the presidency on his release from jail.

Chief Abiola's reputation was not spotless. He himself had had close links to the military and his own, and their financial interests were deeply interconnected. But during his years in prison he became a symbol of the struggle against

the military dictatorship in Nigeria, which gained further momentum after General Abacha's recent death.

However, it was the fate of Chief Abiola which was widely seen as the crucial test of the democratic credentials of the new government.

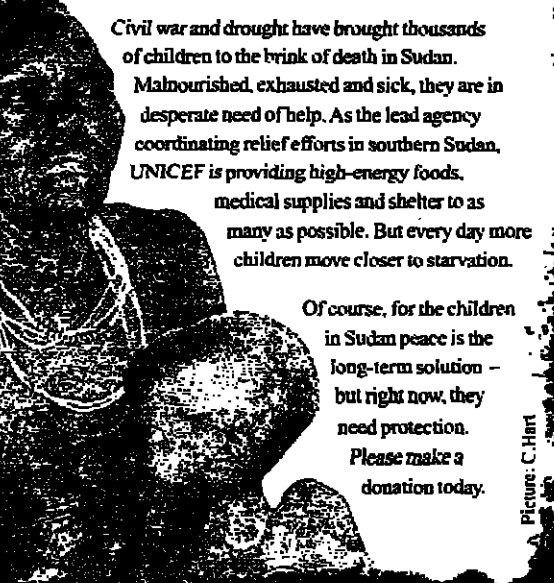
His death threatens to leave the democracy movement in Nigeria leaderless.



Abiola: heart attack

## CHILDREN IN SUDAN ARE DYING

She's exhausted and starving, but she's walked all day to bring her grandchild to a relief centre. She may be too late.



Civil war and drought have brought thousands of children to the brink of death in Sudan. Malnourished, exhausted and sick, they are in desperate need of help. As the lead agency coordinating relief efforts in southern Sudan, UNICEF is providing high-energy foods, medical supplies and shelter to as many as possible. But every day more children move closer to starvation.

Of course, for the children in Sudan peace is the long-term solution - but right now, they need protection. Please make a donation today.

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Rough sleepers could face moves to clear them off the streets in a £145m programme

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Peers inflicted a defeat on the Government, threatening a clash with the Commons

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Jonah Lomu, the winger who terrorised England, has been dropped by the All Blacks

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## Fears over £1bn NHS Viagra bill

Demand for Viagra is likely to be so great when it is licensed that it could cost the NHS over £1bn a year and overwhelm the service, doctors warned. **Page 9**

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**A senior United States General has been permitted to retire with full honour, even though he was the subject of serious accusations of misconduct.** Page 15

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**Colin Montgomerie starts the first round of the Loch Lomond tournament today with the threat of a fine hanging over him.** **Page 26**

## 24-PAGE BROADSHEET SECTION

"It is a bizarre quirk of fate that Mr Liddle, whose presence at the heart of power is symbolic of changes in the Labour Party, has become the focus of controversy."

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**"Football has brought Croatia the recognition it failed to win elsewhere and a measure of international fame which they are particularly keen to enjoy." Page 5**

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**BY COLIN BROWN**  
Chief Political Correspondent

Even the number of nuclear missiles on each submarine was top secret. It was believed to be 16, but that has now been reduced to 14. Each missile is capable of carrying multiple Trident warheads, but some are sub-strategic and carry single warheads, like cruise missiles. Declaring the verifiable

Mr Robertson has been supported by the Foreign Secretary, Robin Cook, in beating off Treasury attacks on the number of frigates which can be sent to back up humanitarian missions, and rescue operations, such as the Sierra Leone operation to take off British nationals during the armed coup.

By making his announcement a week ahead of the Chancellor's comprehensive spending review, Mr Robertson will claim the defence review was foreign affairs-led, and not a Treasury cuts exercise.



**BY LOUISE JURY**

Familiar paintings of the waterlilies and Japanese bridge in Monet's garden at Giverny will be on show. But MaryAnne Stevens, the RA curator, said many visitors would be surprised by the variety of colour and style in some of the other scenes of the garden.

He said that the programme had been operating nationally since 6 April and only 151 participants had seen their benefits cut.

## THE WORLD

### ATLANTIC CHART, NOON TODAY

Low B and C will move slowly east. Low D will move rapidly eastwards and deepen. High T will drift south.

### THE WORLD YESTERDAY

Albany	27	81	Lithos	C	21	70
Alexandria	28	82	London	C	20	28
Algiers	33	81	Los Angeles	C	23	73
Almaty	32	90	Manila	C	27	81
Amsterdam	15	59	Moscow	C	22	54
Anchorage	15	59	Mumbai	C	30	85
Athens	38	84	Muskegon	C	30	86
Auckland	16	61	Nairobi	C	27	35
Bahama	43	108	Nassau	C	25	77
Bangkok	34	93	Norfolk	C	31	88
Batavia	30	86	Osaka	C	43	108
Bombay	21	81	Palmyra	C	12	54
Buenos Aires	20	82	Philadelphia	C	24	79
Burgas	43	94	Portland	C	33	81
Calcutta	15	59	Rangoon	C	27	81
Camaguey	25	78	Rio de Janeiro	C	28	82
Canton	19	106	Rosario	C	23	72
Cebu	18	64	Saint Paul	C	21	70
Colon	27	81	Santo Domingo	C	21	70
Dacca	22	72	Santiago	C	21	70
Darwin	24	75	Sao Paulo	C	27	81
Delhi	15	59	Singapore	C	27	81
Detroit	26	79	Singapore	C	27	81
Dhaka	25	77	Singapore	C	27	81
Durham	25	77	Singapore	C	27	81
Edinburgh	25	77	Singapore	C	27	81
Elizabethtown	25	77	Singapore	C	27	81
Ensenada	25	77	Singapore	C	27	81
Essex	25	77	Singapore	C	27	81
Exeter	25	77	Singapore	C	27	81
Falmouth	25	77	Singapore	C	27	81
Ferret	25	77	Singapore	C	27	81
Florence	25	77	Singapore	C	27	81
Frankfurt	25	77	Singapore	C	27	81
Fredericton	25	77	Singapore	C	27	81
Glasgow	25	77	Singapore	C	27	81
Göteborg	25	77	Singapore	C	27	81
Guadalajara	25	77	Singapore	C	27	81
Hankow	25	77	Singapore	C	27	81
Harbin	25	77	Singapore	C	27	81
Havana	25	77	Singapore	C	27	81
Helsinki	25	77	Singapore	C	27	81
Hong Kong	25	77	Singapore	C	27	81
Honolulu	25	77	Singapore	C	27	81
Hull	25	77	Singapore	C	27	81
Hyderabad	25	77	Singapore	C	27	81
Indianapolis	25	77	Singapore	C	27	81
Islamabad	25	77	Singapore	C	27	81
Isfahan	25	77	Singapore	C	27	81
Jakarta	25	77	Singapore	C	27	81
Jeddah	25	77	Singapore	C	27	81
Johannesburg	25	77	Singapore	C	27	81
Joazeiro	25	77	Singapore	C	27	81
Kobe	25	77	Singapore	C	27	81
Kuala Lumpur	25	77	Singapore	C	27	81
Kyushu	25	77	Singapore	C	27	81
Lahore	25	77	Singapore	C	27	81
Lima	25	77	Singapore	C	27	81
Lisbon	25	77	Singapore	C	27	81
London	25	77	Singapore	C	27	81
Los Angeles	25	77	Singapore	C	27	81
Manila	25	77	Singapore	C	27	81
Moscow	25	77	Singapore	C	27	81
Mumbai	25	77	Singapore	C	27	81
Nassau	25	77	Singapore	C	27	81
Norfolk	25	77	Singapore	C	27	81
Osaka	25	77	Singapore	C	27	81
Palmyra	25	77	Singapore	C	27	81
Philadelphia	25	77	Singapore	C	27	81
Portland	25	77	Singapore	C	27	81
Rangoon	25	77	Singapore	C	27	81
Rio de Janeiro	25	77	Singapore	C	27	81
Rosario	25	77	Singapore	C	27	81
Saint Paul	25	77	Singapore	C	27	81
S						



Derek Draper, the man at the heart of the cash for access affair, maintains he's done nothing wrong

# 'I'm a bit of a boaster, bit of a big head, but it's not quite Watergate, is it?'

BY SUZANNE MOORE

WHEN I first met Derek Draper years ago he was already bragging. He was, he told me, going to write a best-selling novel full of political intrigue. "A cross between Jeffrey Archer and Bret Easton Ellis", he announced.

That remark made me immediately suspicious of him. Indeed, anybody who seeks to emulate Jeffrey Archer in any way at all must be peculiar.

I was also suspicious of his friends - fey young men in good suits who worked for various lobbying companies. They could have been Tories but they said they supported the Labour Party. They patronised Derek; they told him his suit looked like the inside of a cheap motel room but they needed Derek because Derek knew the right people. He had worked for Peter Mandelson.

These days Draper wears more expensive suits. He has a Mercedes and a flat in Primrose Hill. He was on holiday in Italy when a friend rang him with "really bad news".

He remembered the "dodgy and weird American" he had met a few times who told him that he represented a New York law firm and had a sister high up in the Clinton administration. He met the American a few times. He introduced him to Roger Liddle, a member of the in-house policy unit, at a reception "because that's the kind of thing that goes on. I made the mistake of assuming that Mr Palast was OK."

During the course of these meetings Draper made the claims that have led to his being suspended from the lobbying firm GPC - Market Access. He has also lost his sinisterly titled newspaper column "Inside the mind of New Labour" in the Express.

He may have said some dumb things to Palast who was, in fact, an Observer journalist, but he denies doing anything wrong. "What am I being accused of?" he asks. Well, he is being accused of obtaining classified information and passing it on to commercial clients. He is being accused of offering access to government for cash.

"I regret being boastful and bragging but it's not a crime. The guy was an American. He just kept asking me who I knew and if I had any power. It became irritating. Eventually I did get out my pager to show him. I told him that I did go to tea with Geoffrey Robinson because I do. But just because I said I knew these people I was not offering them up for sale."

Draper claims he was entrapped by the Observer and that if only they would release the five hours of tape we would see that his remarks have been taken out of context, though it would be so embarrassing to him that he would have to "hide under the duvet. God knows what I said."

"I have signed up to the code that lobbyists sign up to. The Observer have every right to investigate this world for abuses but, having spoken to me at length, they have failed to entrap me. OK, I'm a bit of a boaster, a bit of a big head, but it's not quite Watergate is it?"



Derek Draper is a media-savvy, working-class-boy-made-good. But it is hard to see how he can continue as a political lobbyist now

Rui Xavier

No it is not. Yet the world of lobbying remains so obscure to most people, so dependent on a form of insider dealing, that these accusations remain damaging to this New Labour administration.

What does a lobbyist do exactly? I ask him. "What you do is a bit like what lawyers do. We are sitting in Draper's lawyer's office at this point. While they guide people through the legal system, we guide companies through the political system."

"A lot of businesses don't know anything about government. Business wants to know how government is thinking, especially this new government. A lobbyist crafts their case for them. And we advise them on who to make the case to. Sometimes you arrange meetings."

But that's not selling a meeting. It's just like what a PA might do.

"For instance, the Housebuilders' Federation came to me. They want to build more houses and I know how New Labour thinks, so I came up with the line 'Where will Blair's Sierra man live? I know how to make these things accessible.'"

Draper sees his job as that of an intermediary between two different worlds, that of business and that of politics, and he sees no contradiction in this. "There is nothing wrong with being a Labour supporter and doing well in life. I always made the joke that I'm a Labour sell-out and I'm not talking metaphorically."

If Draper has been a bit too flash, a bit too showy for some of his colleagues, he remains unbowed. "I came from a lov-

ing but poor working-class background. My parents never had any savings. Now I can help them. I do drink champagne and some people resent it."

But it is not the champagne drinking that many of Draper's colleagues resent. It is his relationship to Peter Mandelson, his almost Thatcherite devotion to the free market and the feeling that many of the sharp young operators in the new administration have no relationship to the grassroots of the party.

This cannot be said of Draper, who has been a member of the party since he was 17 and says he would never do anything to harm it. "I've stuffed envelopes for Gordon Brown. I've been out on the minibuses campaigning."

Yet the suspicion that New Labour is underpinned by a system of patronage remains. "No, there is no patronage," says Draper. "I've never been given anything. I've never asked and I've never been given. If I am being accused of getting access to the government, why didn't I mention Mr Mandelson? You have to understand I know these people. I would never ask them for a single favour."

What he can do, though, is "give things a bit of a push". He is, he says, in the end, accountable to his clients.

It would be very strange, he says, if he hadn't talked to Mandelson about his column "and

a load of other people as well". While Mandelson has been publicly distancing himself from his former aide, Draper had just been in the same TV studio as him. Draper claims

that Mandelson is a much-maligned character and that none of this has anything to do with him. So what did Peter say then? "He's always said that I was a bit of a showman, that I

would get my come-uppance, that my big mouth would get me into trouble one day."

Draper's mother said much the same thing. "She rang up and said, 'Have you done any-

thing wrong?' When I said that I hadn't, she just said 'Oh good. Now keep that big mouth shut.'"

Clearly, Draper is not keeping his mouth shut. He is zooming from TV studio to TV studio to play the part of the mischievous but innocent. He must come out fighting for it is difficult to see how he can retain a career as a lobbyist following such notoriety.

Most of the time he keeps himself frighteningly on-message. Except twice. Once when I ask him about his reputation with women and he stammers and stutters and comes out with a line about how lucky he is to have gone out with some incredible women. "I don't really like personal questions". He hesitates again when I ask him if all power corrupts. "No, it doesn't. I don't think I have that much power. I have a little influence. But that influence, you have to earn it."

Doubtless he has worked hard behind the scenes to get to know the people he claims as friends. Now, though, this media-savvy, working-class-boy-made-good, complains that the press are serving up a story with "Derek the Show Off, Peter the Manipulator and Tony the Tarnished".

Perhaps they are and perhaps Derek has learnt his lesson. "People say that I only care about Derek, Derek, Derek, but now Derek has learnt the hard way that he has to."

There are those who say that whatever Mandelson's public reaction to this, he will always remain loyal to "his boy" as his boy knows where the bodies are buried.

Right now, though, Draper hardly seems chastened at all. He will bounce back I'm sure. Public humiliation seems beyond him. He may not write like Jeffrey Archer but New Labour has found in Draper a figure with as much ambition and braggadocio as Jeffrey Archer. And the odd little scandal never did him much harm.

## DEREK DRAPER, A LIFE IN POLITICS

Born: 15 August 1967 in Chorley, Lancashire  
Education: University of Manchester, 2:1 in Economics  
Career: 1990-1992: Constituency Secretary to Nick Brown (now government Chief Whip); 1992-1996: Researcher for Peter Mandelson; Until Monday: Express columnist (£70,000 pa); GPC Market Access lobbyist with reputed six-figure salary

### Derek Draper

Directorships: Progress Ltd; Modern Media Ltd (publishers of the Modern Review, his ex-Chancellor Raven, is also on the board); Prima Europe Ltd, 3c Ltd, Europe 2010 (lobby groups)  
Clubs: The Groucho club, favourite media haunt

## Mandelson plays down his friendship with former aide

BY FRANK ABRAMS  
Political Correspondent

Draper's column for the Express, though yesterday he said he spoke to him about it twice.

Friends of the men say the articles were usually seen by Mr Mandelson's special adviser, Ben Wegg Prosser, a close friend of Mr Draper.

Mr Draper's friendship with Roger Liddle, his former business partner and now a member of the Downing Street policy unit, has continued to be close. Sources say they worked together on Mr Draper's book *The First 100 Days* last year, and that Mr Liddle visited the offices of Prima Europe, the lobbying company of which both were directors, every few days.

Mr Mandelson first met Mr Liddle in 1979, when he won a by-election to become a Lam-

beth councillor. Mr Liddle was already on the council, and in the days of Militant dominance the two became allies. After their three years together at Lambeth, Mr Liddle left Labour to join the SDP and they drifted apart, only to become friendly again around 1992, as Labour moved to the right.

By then Mr Mandelson's main helper was Mr Draper, who had moved to London after a spell in Newcastle as constituency secretary, and Mr Draper and Mr Liddle became friends. Despite Mr Mandelson's claim that Mr Draper left his employment three years ago, he actually went part-time in 1995, when he started his *Progress* magazine and left in the summer of 1996.

During 1995 Mr Draper researched and wrote large chunks of a book published

jointly by Mr Mandelson and Mr Liddle and called *The Blair Revolution*. In an acknowledgement, they wrote: "Both of us owe a special debt to Derek Draper. Peter Mandelson's former assistant, who was closely involved with this project from the start..."

Although the minister no longer has time for the supper parties Mr Liddle held, before the election, at his home in Kennington, for him, Mr Draper and Mr Wegg Prosser, the four are still very much in touch.

No one claims that Mr Mandelson has ever passed any government information improperly to Mr Draper. But Mr Draper's magazine has undoubtedly been helpful to the minister and to others who wanted to float radical ideas without being connected to them.

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# Synod in call to ban tobacco adverts

THE CHURCH of England has entered the smoking debate, calling on the Government to ban all tobacco advertising.

Members of the General Synod have overwhelmingly backed a private members' motion "deploring the continued advertising of cigarettes in Britain and the aggressive marketing of tobacco in the Third World despite overwhelming evidence that smoking kills".

The motion was carried by 375 to 5, with only one member speaking against it. Synod members urged the Government to implement the EU directive banning tobacco advertising, sponsorship and promotion by 31 December 1999.

All point-of-sale advertising and the use of tobacco brand names on non-tobacco products should be outlawed too, they said.

The Rev Christopher Hall, from the diocese of Oxford, who tabled the motion, referred to a recent book on human freedom written by a vicar which concludes "that God only permits us the freedom to do harm to ourselves and to others in order that we can thereby learn the true value of doing and promoting good".

Mr Hall singled out advertising tobacco at sports events - a well-known thorn in the Labour Party's side. "The peer pressure is deliberately created by commercial interests; advertising creates a climate in which smoking is seen as acceptable, as macho, as progressive, as modern. Hence the choice of sport as a prime vehicle for that advertising."

He spoke about the former chancellor Kenneth Clarke's directorship of BAT. "On Radio Four he claimed that tobacco advertising is only aimed to increase market share for a particular brand," said Mr Hall.

BY CLARE GARNER

"That is, dare I say, a smoke-screen. Indeed, Mr Clarke pronounced that *nostrum* with less than his usual ebullient conviction. He did not give the impression he himself believed it."

The Rev John Gulle, of the diocese of Winchester, spoke of the success that the island of Guernsey is having in discouraging smoking through offering free nicotine replacement courses and intensive education in schools.

Diana Webster, a lay member for Europe, told the Synod that in Finland, where she lived, the process of banning tobacco advertising began in 1961. It took 14 years to achieve that ban, but six months later, after intensive health education, there was a drop in the number of smokers, particularly among men.

Vacancies for the post of diocesan bishop may be advertised in the future following a review by the Church of England into the highly secretive process of appointing its leaders.

Candidates, who under the present system are not allowed to know that they are being considered, may be invited to submit their CV and references, and to attend an interview. Members of the General Synod yesterday voted overwhelmingly in favour of a review of the archaic system.

Under the present system, individual appointments are made in the greatest secrecy by the Crown Appointments Commission (CAC), the body which submits two names to the Prime Minister so that one can be forwarded to the Monarch. Last October, Tony Blair exercised his right to reject the two names put forward for the See of Liverpool, and demanded a further two.

Loyalist families gave their support to the Orange Order with dozens of women and children taking part in sit-down road protests. Police were taunted and asked whether they would be forcibly removed.



An RUC officer hiding beside a wall during violent clashes with loyalist youths in Belfast city centre yesterday

Dylan Martinez

## Women and children join Orangemen

PORTADOWN, THE epicentre of Northern Ireland's current turmoil, yesterday witnessed the first outbreak of sustained disturbances.

In a carefully planned, military-style operation, the Orange Order - whose planned march through Garvaghy Road is resulting in a current stand-off - organised a series of mini-sieges across the town.

Loyalist families gave their support to the Orange Order with dozens of women and children taking part in sit-down road protests. Police were taunted and asked whether they would be forcibly removed.

BY NICOLE VEASH

ing babies in their pushchairs.

The prime target was the nationalist enclave of Garvaghy Road which was blockaded throughout the day, stretching the resources of the security forces.

The latest developments added fuel to an increasingly volatile situation which has seen sporadic violence across the province, leading to 800 extra troops being airlifted in.

The violence also led to complaints of intimidation by Garvaghy Road residents which were backed by Sinn

Fein president Gerry Adams.

As phase two of the Orange Order's Drumcree 1998 operation moved into place at 6am yesterday, five organised protests sealed off the main artery roads surrounding the largely Catholic area. Up to 100 Orangemen gathered at each of the designated sites playing Lambeg drums.

Adding to the mounting tension, police discovered three devices which were initially believed to be bombs but later proved to be hoaxes.

One senior Orangeman said: "We are determined to see this out with a peaceful protest. We

have sympathisers in the RUC who keep us informed of their movements and let us know when they are at their weakest. We knew that the RUC had been up all night and only just gone to bed. We have deliberately tried to tire them out with small, sporadic demonstrations across the county."

Normal activities in Portadown ground to a halt with many shops and businesses shut down due to fear of further trouble. Traffic was severely disrupted with streets closed by angry Loyalists and police road blocks.

One 28-year-old woman,

campaigning with her three-year-old son, said: "If Orangemen want to pass through we will let them. We have no intention of them or their families suffering."

At a road block in the Corrain estate, a flashpoint interface with the nearby Catholic area, men watched from the pavement as women and children took to the streets.

Using lumps of wood, old dustbins and a dusky pink headboard to block the street, Wendy, 38, said: "We are here to support our Orangemen. The local residents are behind us and understand why

we have to block the roads."

Nine-year-old Jenny, a veteran of sit down protests, said: "My mummy has been taking me to these since I was five. I'm not scared of the police."

Mo Mowlam, the Secretary of State for Northern Ireland, is conducting a "further review" into the case of the two Scots guardsmen jailed for the murder of a Belfast teenager.

James Fisher, 29, from Ayr, and Mark Wright, 24, from Arbroath, were convicted of the murder of 18-year-old Peter McBride while they were on patrol in 1992, and sentenced to life.

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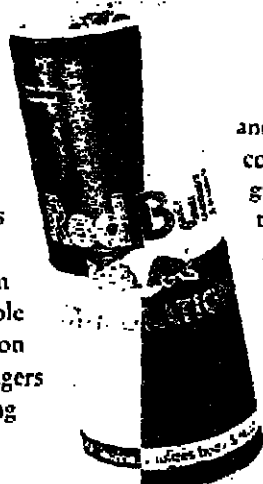
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BBC presenter Adrian Chiles, who's mother is from Croatia, was 'in heaven' when Croatia beat Germany

Peter Jay

## Genetic crops 'will kill off the songbirds'

ENGLISH NATURE, the Government's wildlife agency, yesterday called for a three-year moratorium on the commercial growing of genetically modified crops in Britain, saying that they could damage farmland wildlife "catastrophically".

Their introduction could lead to the disappearance of the skylark and other well-loved birds from Britain's fields, the agency said, in an intervention which dramatically intensified the debate on genetically modified organisms (GMOs).

The United Kingdom's first bioengineered crop is due to be grown and harvested next year, but the whole process should be halted while essential research is carried out on the possible effects of such crops on the environment, English Nature said.

In particular, it fears the use of deadlier and stronger weedkillers with crops genetically engineered to tolerate them could wipe out all other plant, insect and bird life over wide swaths of land, and could be the "final blow" for bird species already in serious decline because of intensive farming.

The agency's intervention comes as the GMO debate in

BY MICHAEL MCCARTHY  
Environment Correspondent

Britain has grown increasingly bitter, with a growing number of cases of environmental activists uprooting experimental crops from their trial sites - of which there are now more than 300 in Britain. In the last month, the Prince of Wales has made a vociferous protest against GMOs, while the giant agrochemicals company Monsanto has launched a £1m advertising campaign in their favour.

English Nature wants the rules regarding their release to take account of their potential ecological effects, and it wants itself and the government wildlife agencies in Wales, Scotland and Northern Ireland to be directly represented on the committee that vets GMO releases.

But it is the call for a moratorium that will prove most embarrassing to the Government, which is on the point of giving a "seed listing", or licence for commercial use, to the first genetically modified crop to be available for British farmers.

This is a herbicide-tolerant oilseed rape, developed by the Belgian firm Plant Genetic Sys-

tems, a subsidiary of the biotechnology company AgrEvo. The new plant is waiting for clearance of the herbicide which has been developed to go with it, a decision that will lie with the Farming minister Jeff Rooker. But English Nature says it should wait for the results of more than 30 current research projects into the environmental effects of using such new organisms and the chemicals that go with them.

"The introduction of GMOs ... may be a revolution as profound as the introduction of intensive farming in the Forties," said Brian Johnson, the agency's adviser on GMOs.

Although biotechnology companies have said that farmers will need to use smaller amounts of weedkiller with herbicide-tolerant plants, Dr Johnson said it was not a question of amount, but of impact.

"At the moment, selective herbicides are used, which leave some other plants alive, so that birds and their chicks can feed on the seeds ... Crops engineered to be herbicide-tolerant allow the use of broad-spectrum herbicides which kill absolutely everything."

## angemen Croatian passion forged by civil war

FOR A nation of less than five million inhabitants, Croatia has gained a great deal of support at this World Cup. A new country, seeking an identity after the trauma of a brutal civil war they conform to our ideal of the underdog, while, as a vote-winning exercise, beating Germany at football is never a bad thing.

Nor can you help but warm to the passion displayed by the Croatian fans whose distinctive red and white tablecloth colours have added another dimension to the pageant being played out in France these past five weeks.

An echo of the raucous support which greeted their remarkable three-nil triumph in Lyons over the Germans last weekend was also heard in the Cro's Nest bar in Toronto, at The Academy in London's Holland Park, and at all those other places around the world where Croatians gather.

Tonight they will all meet up again to see if the little Balkan country which did not even exist when England were enjoying success at the 1990 tour-

BY TREVOR HAYLETT

namement and which is competing at the World Cup for the first time, can overcome France.

There is a relationship between player and follower that puts other countries to shame. In the eastern French town of Vitte, temporary home to the Croatian team, players have visited local bars to mingle with fans, buy them drinks, and in some cases provide tickets and money for accommodation.

"The players are very close to the fans, it is one of the reasons why there is such a fantastic atmosphere in our camp," said Darko Tironi, a spokesman for the Croatian Football Federation.

It is a phenomenon not peculiar to football. There is also loud and colourful support for their tennis player Goran Ivanisevic and for the basketball team (silver medalists at the 1992 Olympics).

"Imagine what it would be like if people here weren't allowed to call themselves English until seven years ago."

said the BBC TV and Radio 5 presenter, Adrian Chiles. "They celebrate everything Croatian. It can't be denied also that through sport, it helps them to forget the atrocities of a few years ago."

Mr Chiles owes his Croatian allegiance to his mother, who came to this country in 1960. He found himself in a Croatian enclave in Toronto last weekend and part of the party that greeted the victory which gave Croatia a place in tonight's semi-final in Paris.

"A guy took me to this pub, the Cro's Nest, and the place was packed with ex-pats. I was praying beforehand that we would just score a goal. I would not have minded then how many we lost by, but to beat Germany was just fantastic."

David Ginola, the Tottenham Hotspur footballer, is to join the international campaign against land mines, the International Red Cross confirmed yesterday. Diana, Princess of Wales devoted much of her time to the cause. World Cup, pages 27-30

### IN BRIEF

#### Girl, 4, dies in tractor tragedy

A FOUR-YEAR-OLD girl was fatally injured in front of her parents when her father accidentally drove a tractor over her, police said yesterday. Attempts were made by the parents, police and ambulance paramedics to revive the child, but she was declared dead shortly after arriving at hospital.

It is understood the girl suffered massive head injuries after falling under the wheels of the tractor yesterday afternoon on a farm in the village of Ramsden, near Witney, Oxfordshire.

#### Shake-up call for prison work

A RADICAL overhaul of employment opportunities in jail would help rehabilitate inmates and generate extra income for prisons, a report said yesterday. Haphazard provision of workshops and a confused accounting system meant too many jails were not making the most of existing work space, the National Advisory Council for Boards of Visitors said in their report.

#### Five accused of doctor's murder

FIVE PEOPLE have appeared in a South African court charged with killing a British surgeon.

Spencer Alexander, from Aberdeen, who worked in a surgery in Empangeni in KwaZulu-Natal, was gunned down while on an emergency call last summer. The accused, who include two juveniles, pleaded not guilty.

#### Children in care unaware of rights

A THIRD of the 60,000 youngsters being looked after by the state do not know how to voice complaints, a survey revealed yesterday. Those in children's homes are more likely to know their rights than those fostered by families. The report, *Remember My Messages* by the Who Cares? Trust, surveyed 2,000 children in care.

### KEN LIVINGSTONE

"Parliamentary democracy has long ceased to be a level playing field - you don't have to be rich to play, but it helps"

—THE WEDNESDAY REVIEW, PAGE 3—

## Slander doctor jailed for contempt

BY CATHY GORDON

A DOCTOR accused by a former colleague of setting out to ruin him was yesterday jailed for three months for contempt of court.

Mr Justice Tucker, at the High Court, ruled that "exceedingly devious" Alanah Houston had flagrantly and deliberately flouted court orders not to remove her assets.

The move to have her sent to jail for contempt was made by Dr Malcolm Smith, who successfully sued Houston in 1991 for slander and won £150,000 in damages, later reduced to £50,000 on appeal. Dr Smith, who had shared the Hunsbury surgery in Northampton with Houston, started the slander proceedings after his colleague accused him in 1989 of sexual harassment of her and female staff.

Houston was also ordered to pay his legal costs, but Dr Smith said that although he was the winner in the slander case he has been left in debt and out of work.

At the start of the hearing Dr Smith, 42, said his former colleague had a "pathological" hatred of him and wanted to bring about his financial ruin.

Houston, of Yardley Gobion, near Towcester, Northants, was accused of being a "cunning" woman and an "inveterate liar".

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**AIR FRANCE**

WINNING THE HEARTS OF THE WORLD

# Homeless may be swept off streets

PEOPLE WHO sleep on the streets could face moves to clear them off the streets as part of a £145m programme announced yesterday.

The Prime Minister, Tony Blair, said the sight of a rough sleeper bedded down for the night in a shop doorway, or on a park bench, was "one of the most potent symbols of social exclusion in Britain today."

A "street tsar" will spearhead the action by a new body to increase the accommodation for rough sleepers, with the task of cutting the numbers on the streets by two-thirds to below 100 by 2002 and to near zero after that.

"This is no cosmetic street cleaning but a real chance to deal with the problem once and for all," the Prime Minister said as he published a report by the Government's social exclusion unit on rough sleeping.

Some charities complained about the number of free soup "runs" which were keeping rough sleepers on the streets, away from hostels. Hilary Armstrong, the Local Government minister, said there had been three soup runs at 11pm one evening.

The report seeks to give rough sleepers a fresh chance to get off the streets, but MPs saw the influence of New York's drive to sweep "panhandlers" off the streets with "zero tolerance" in Mr Blair's initiative.

The report found that an increasing proportion of young homeless, now 60 per cent, in the West End of London, were Londoners, outweighing the

BY COLIN BROWN  
Chief Political Correspondent

numbers from Scotland and Ireland. Physical or sexual abuse lies behind a significant number being on the streets.

The exclusion unit said the Government "has no present plans" to change the powers of the police to make it an offence to sleep rough, but it warned that anyone refusing to take up accommodation once it was available could be forced off the streets.

"Since the explicit intention of the policy is to deliver clear streets, the Government believes that the public will feel they have a right to expect hostel places to be taken up as more become available. The new body should monitor this closely and if new powers are needed to ensure places are taken up the Government will reconsider the matter," the report said.

The tough tone of the Government's plans startled Labour MPs and even caused alarm among Tory leaders, who said they had tackled the issue in the 1980s but had drawn the line at coercion.

"There is a danger of exaggerating the problem. We are against coercion. We don't think it is the right approach," said Richard Ottaway, a Tory environment spokesman.

Louise Casey, deputy director of the housing charity Shelter, said she was delighted Mr Blair had launched the report, but she warned against any plans to force rough sleepers off the streets. "Coercion doesn't

work. People just hide in different doorways."

Shaks Ghosh, chief executive of the homelessness charity Crisis, also welcomed the report but criticised the suggestion that hostel places might only be offered to rough sleepers if they signed up to the New Deal job-finding package.

The report says once the New Deal is up and running, the London body, with hostel providers, "might want to look at making participation in the programme a condition of the hostel place".

Ms Ghosh said: "I would question the wisdom of that. If you are homeless you really need to concentrate on getting your life sorted out, your relationship, and somewhere to live." Finding a job should only come after that, she said.

Ms Armstrong, who will chair a ministerial committee on rough sleeping, said new police powers were a possibility once sufficient accommodation had been provided. But she said such a prospect was "distant".

She added that coercion of rough sleepers was possible because the Government was determined to crack the problem of rough sleeping and needed to get "an effective response" to its plans.

She said: "We don't feel at this stage that coercion is the right approach."

Young people sent to jail were four times more likely to be homeless after release than when they were sentenced, according to a study by the Howard League for Penal Reform.



Danny, aged 17, watching a family of ducks on the Embankment, London. He has been sleeping on the streets for eight months. Tom Pilon

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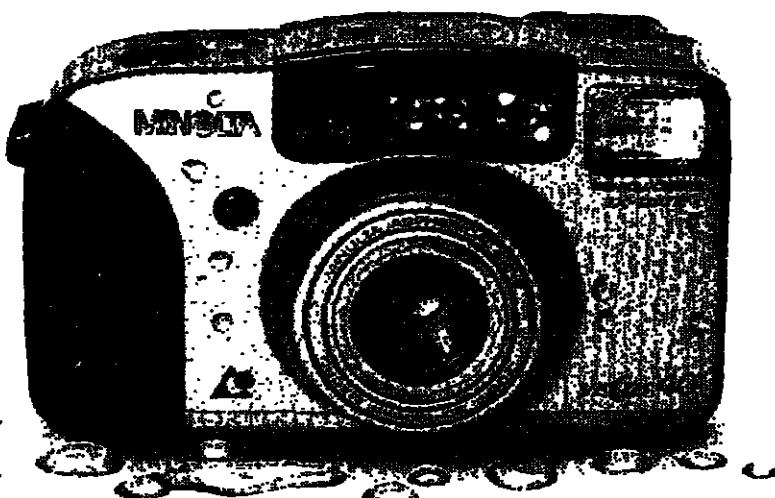
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## 'We should not be forced into hostels'

WRAPPING HIMSELF more tightly in the worn red blanket that is one of his few possessions, Danny lights another cigarette and watches the tourists strolling along the Embankment.

He is 17 and has been sleeping on the streets for eight months. His parents threw him out last year and he made straight for London, thinking life would be easier there.

He has stayed in a couple of hostels but finds it hard to deal with their rules and prefers to doss down in a doorway. "I don't want to stay in a hostel because they say you have to be in at a certain time and get up at a certain time, and that's just not on," he said.

"The Government shouldn't force people to go into hostels if they don't want to. I've seen loads of empty buildings that have been boarded up and they should let homeless people stay

BY KATE WATSON-SMYTH

in them while they decide what to do with it [the building]."

He says he prefers the freedom of being on the streets and talks to passing tourists for company.

At the tube station a few yards further down, Richard, 27, is sitting cross-legged on a dirty blue sleeping bag and asking passers-by for spare change. He has been sleeping rough for 11 years and says he would find it hard to return to a "normal life".

"When I first came to London I found work and lived in squats, but I got into drugs and every time I got a job I made a mess of it and had to leave."

"Now I just sleep in the street. The hostels are dirty; there are three or four people in a room and the staff really look down on you."

"The rules are bad enough, but why should these people

make you feel inferior just because you are homeless?"

"If they force people to stay in hostels it will be like sending them to prison."

But Andy, 33, who is selling The Big Issue on Hungerford Bridge, thinks that the number of hostels should be expanded - if they could be improved. "I stayed in a bail hostel when I came out of prison and I was clean and had dealt with my drug problem. But by the time I left there, I was back on drugs again and they evicted me."

"I have been sleeping on the streets for the last few weeks but it is awful. I have just come out of hospital after being stabbed in the leg and someone tried to slash my wrist before that."

"It is frightening out on the streets, but if they could clean up the hostels and make them safe places then it would be a good idea. The question is, can they do that?"

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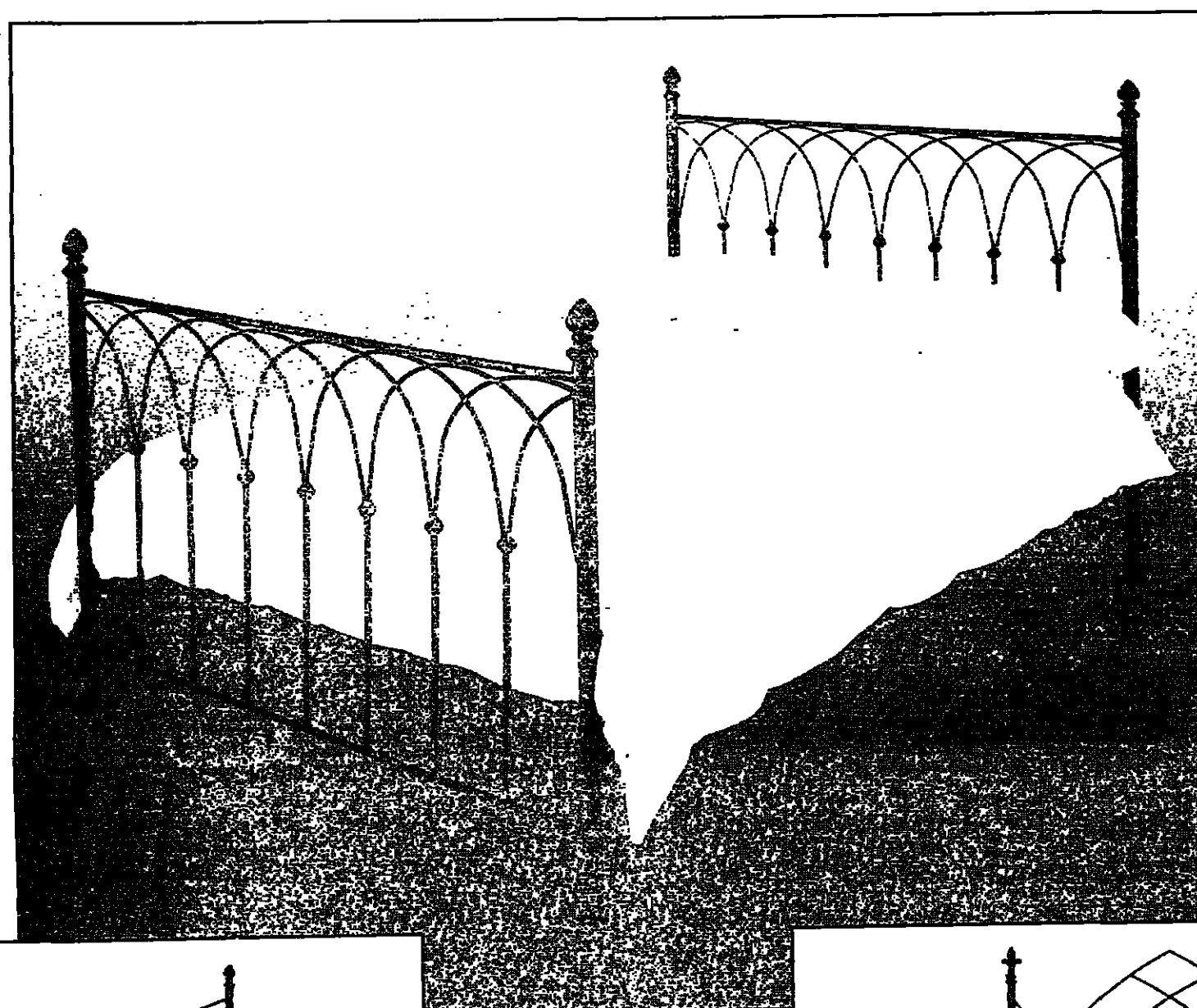
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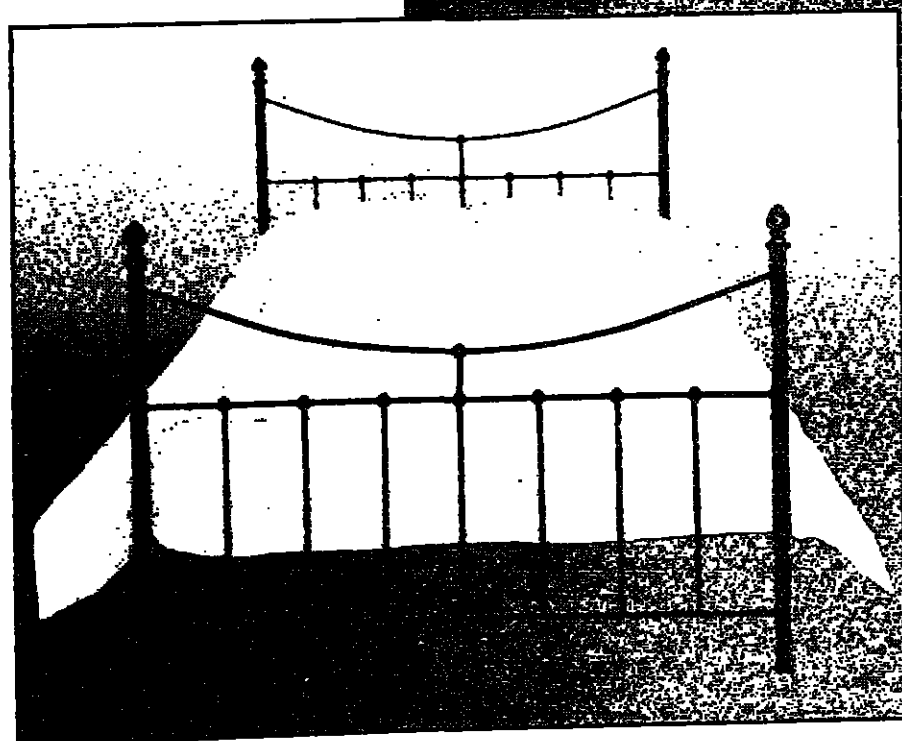
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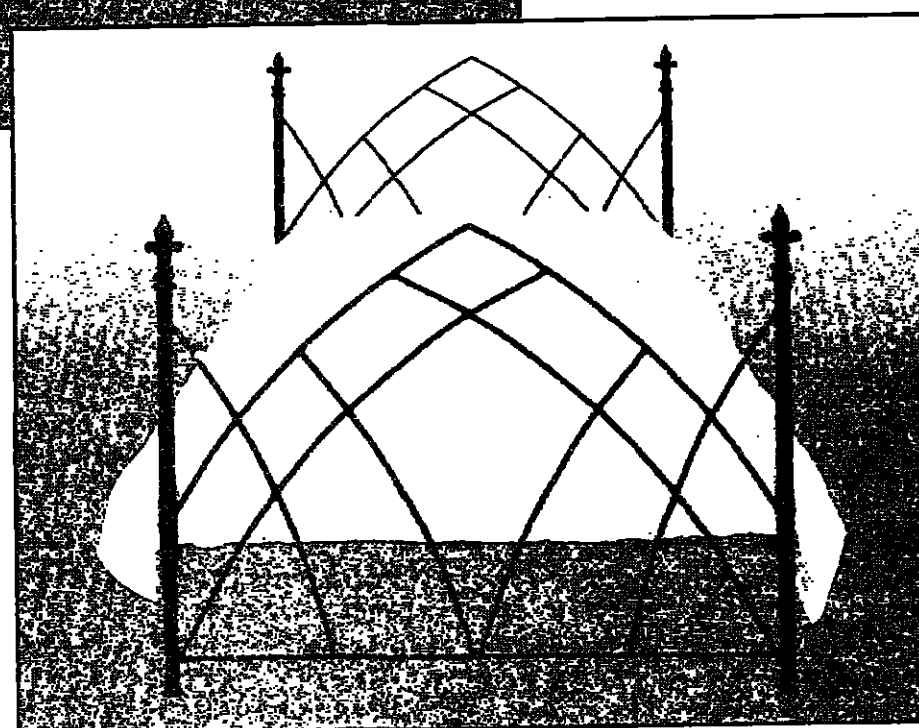
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# The stamp of Stalinism and the stirrings of a Tory revival

IN THE ABSENCE of the Deputy Prime Minister, John Prescott, the focus of attention was the Tory opposition motion on the refusal of the Foreign Secretary, Robin Cook, to allow his department to co-operate with the Foreign Affairs Select Committee investigation into the Sandline/Sierra Leone affair.

The new shadow Leader of the House, Sir George Young, who has had more sackings and re-appointments than most, made an excellent speech in the finest traditions of standing up for the rights of Parliament.

Sir George, tall, languid and unassuming, is one of the great survivors of right-wing purges in

the Conservative Party. He first saw junior ministerial office in 1979 but was dumped by Baroness Thatcher in the mid-1980s. He has street credibility with Labour MPs because he opposed the poll tax in his 1987 election address. Some years later Lady Thatcher re-appointed him to government and he continued onwards and upwards to cabinet office during the Major years.

The Foreign Affairs Select Committee has been stymied by Robin Cook, and his hapless civil servant Sir John Kerr is getting thoroughly fed up with Mr Cook's dirty business. The committee, although having a Labour majority, has a phalanx of decent parliamentarians

from all sides who have reported to Parliament their frustration at being unable to carry out their investigation.

Sir George rightly changed the normal Conservative-versus-Labour battle into a fight between Parliament and the executive and his contribution was the more effective as a result.

The senior parliamentarians on both sides, including most select committee chairmen, attended the debate. It was just a shame that Opposition backbenchers who, in spite of their depleted ranks, still number over 160, could muster only 25 of their number to support Sir George. I gather all Opposition

## THE SKETCH



MICHAEL BROWN

MPs now have pagers. Why on earth did they not all get messages to pile into the chamber? I would also have been inclined to widen the motion to include the

Derek Draper affair and I know that the suggestion was put to William Hague's parliamentary private secretary. Tories have still not learnt that they are now in opposition.

They do not get many opportunities to score boundaries but in any debate which hinges on the over-mighty executive versus Parliament they are always on to a winner. Sir George and his admirable deputy, Sir Patrick Cormack, did not let their troops down. The troops, if they can not attend in the lobbies, should at least turn up for the debates.

Ann Taylor, the Leader of the House, who looks like a commissar left over from 1970s Russia, be-

haved in a thoroughly Stalinist way and got the backs up of three Labour members of the committee. Andrew Mackinlay (Thurrock), Diane Abbott (Hackney North and Stoke Newington) and the old-timer Ted Rowlands (Merthyr Tydfil and Rhymney) looked most uncomfortable and let their displeasure be known.

This Government, which is undoubtedly still popular and competent in so many areas, has a blind spot when it comes to its relationship with Parliament. Mrs Taylor reflected that blind spot in her speech, which was contemptuous of the House.

I used to deride the former For-

eign Secretary Francis Pym, who was sacked by Lady Thatcher for suggesting that big majorities were bad for governments. But he is being proved right.

The lustre of this Government has shown the first serious signs this week of being dulled, with the Derek Draper affair undermining the arrogance at its centre. Readers may rightly say no Tory who served in the last government has any right to talk about arrogance, but at least I recognise it when I see it.

When the history books are written in 20 or 30 years, 7 July 1998 will be remembered as the day the first faltering, imperceptible steps of a Tory recovery were taken.

## Lords set for clash on tuition payments

EDUCATION  
BY DAISY SAMPSON

THE HOUSE OF Lords yesterday inflicted its largest defeat on the Government since it came to power last year and threatened a constitutional clash with the Commons.

Labour rebels joined Opposition peers in the lobbies to help inflict the latest blow on the Government over student fees in the Teaching and Higher Education Bill.

By effectively rejecting the Bill again and sending it back to MPs, it became the first Bill in 30 years that the Lords has sent to the Commons for a third time. It raised the stakes over the Government's plans to remove the right of hereditary peers to sit and vote in the Lords.

Peers voted, by 319 votes to 108 votes, to demand that UK students from outside Scotland should not be charged fourth-year tuition fees at Scottish universities - in line with treatment of Scots students.

Lord Richard, the Leader of the Lords, has made it clear the Government will seek to reverse the defeat in the Commons, challenging the peers to backdown or face a gruelling summer of late sittings to get the Bill on to the statute book.

The Government's policy for tuition fees had been forced through the Commons, in spite of a Labour backbench rebel-

lion. In a passionate speech Lord Shore of Stepney, a cabinet minister in the last Labour government, attacked the Education minister, Baroness Blackstone and her policies.

He described his "feelings of repugnance" about the discrimination against students and said he felt sure that, if they could, more of his colleagues in the Commons would have voted against the policy. In an emotional finale he ordered the minister to "take this back and think again."

Peers who backed a fresh amendment, sponsored by Lord Steel of Aikwood, leader of the Liberal Democrats in the Lords, also stressed the move should not be a precedent for four-year courses outside Scotland.

Lord Mackay of Ardbrecknish (Con) a former Scottish mathematics teacher, moved Lord Steel's amendment, calling the Government's proposed legislation "bogus".

Under the new grants scheme Scottish teenagers or any other European Community teenagers wishing to go to Scottish universities would pay £3,000, whereas English, Welsh or Northern Irish teenagers would have to pay £4,000 to attend the same universities.

Lord Mackay said that the argument that it is only "little rich kids" from England that wish to attend universities north of the border was nonsense.



Brian Jenkins (left), MP for Tamworth in Staffordshire, joining Morris dancers yesterday at Westminster, where they were protesting against construction of the Birmingham northern relief road. Michael Stephens

## Cook agrees to deal over telegrams

FOREIGN AFFAIRS  
BY COLIN BROWN  
Chief Political Correspondent

ROBIN COOK was invited last night to appear before the Commons Foreign Affairs Select Committee next week in a compromise over the arms-to-Sierra Leone affair to head off a Tory attack in the Commons.

The committee, chaired by Labour's Donald Anderson, wrote to the Foreign Secretary accepting a compromise floated by the Foreign Office to allow the MPs to see a summary of some secret telegrams they had demanded. Senior members of the committee will be allowed to see the telegrams to verify the summaries, but the committee is being asked not to publish the originals.

A spokesman for the Foreign Office said: "Our aim has always been to be as helpful and open with Parliament as possible without publishing material prejudicial to the Legg inquiry before it has reported. We are happy to look at ways of achieving that objective."

The move by the committee, which the Tories will see as a climb-down by Mr Cook, came as the Tory leadership used a full-scale Commons debate to attack the Government for arrogance in refusing to hand over the telegrams at the centre of allegations about the supply of arms by a private consultancy, Sandline International, to help overthrow an illegal junta.

Opening the debate, Sir George Young, shadow Leader of the Commons, widened the Tory attack to include the "cash-for-access" affair. Sir George said: "What would be unacceptable is for a select committee to knock on the Government's

front door, ask for information to which it is entitled and be refused, while those with close connections with the Government can, it is alleged, get information to which they are not entitled from the back door."

The Tories attempted to use the Commons debate to raise cross-party support for the party's attack on the Government's treatment of the Commons, and carefully drafted its motion for debate by using the same wording as a report signed by Labour MPs on the foreign affairs committee. Sir George said Tony Blair was moving towards a "more presidential style of government" with unparalleled steps being taken to "muzzle the independence" of Labour MPs.

The Tory motion said it was "wrong in principle for the executive to seek unilaterally to impose prior conditions on the release of information properly sought by a select committee in pursuit of the responsibilities given to it by the House."

The aim was to embarrass Labour MPs who signed the report, and opening the debate, Sir George called for a free vote to allow Labour backbench MPs to express their view.

But Labour called the Tories' bluff, by tabling a counter-motion supporting the Foreign Secretary and making it clear that Mr Cook remained ready to make the telegrams available to the committee - on a confidential basis.

The top civil servant at the Foreign Office, Sir John Kerr, has warned disclosure of the papers could prejudice any disciplinary hearings against officials resulting from Sir Thomas's inquiry. But this has not satisfied the committee.

## THE HOUSE



### Mad cow cost to rise to £3.5bn

The final cost to the taxpayer of the BSE crisis is set to top more than £3.5bn by the year 2000, ministers were told yesterday in a report by the National Audit Office (NAO). This shows that some £2.5bn has already been spent by governments on BSE-related schemes in the two years since the crisis began. The NAO estimates that it will take a further £1bn to see the schemes implemented to deal with the crisis over the next two years.

### Gulf war petition

A group of Gulf war veterans and their families yesterday handed in a petition of more than 4,000 signatures at 10 Downing Street, demanding a public inquiry into the so-called Gulf war syndrome. More than 2,000 British veterans have reported suffering from a variety of debilitating symptoms since serving in the war, which ended in 1991.

### Today in Parliament

Commons: Questions to the Prime Minister. Plaid Cymru debate on economy of disadvantaged areas of Wales. Labour debate on illegal encampments: remaining stages of the Competition Bill. Lords: Committee stage of the Scotland Bill.

## Robinson faces new probe over links with Maxwell

MPs YESTERDAY instructed Sir Gordon Downey, Parliamentary Commissioner for Standards, to conduct further investigations into the affairs of the embattled Paymaster General Geoffrey Robinson.

The Commons Privileges and Standards Committee presented Sir Gordon with additional material about Mr Robinson's relationship with the late Robert Maxwell. The committee adjourned until next Tuesday to give Sir Gordon an opportunity to sift through it.

Some members believe the information will prove that the millionaire Paymaster General-

standards  
BY BARRIE CLEMENT  
Labour Editor

al breached the rules of the House of Commons.

Tories believe he will eventually be forced to resign, but his friends last night said they were "relaxed" about the allegations and argued that the minister would be vindicated. One member of the committee predicted the report would be published next week.

It is alleged that Mr Robinson failed to declare directorships in the register of MPs' interests. Conservatives claim

that he failed to declare a £200,000 payment allegedly received from Hollis Industries.

The company was taken over by Mr Maxwell, former chairman of the Daily Mirror group. It went bankrupt in 1991. Mr Robinson has denied receiving the money and insisted the company's accounts were wrong.

The Paymaster General was also accused of failing to declare £150,000 received from Central & Sherwood, which was owned by Mr Maxwell. He has admitted receiving the money but argued that it was too late to meet the deadline for the annual

publication of MPs' interests.

David Heathcoat-Amory, shadow Treasury minister, said he had provided the information which he believed pointed to potentially serious breaches of the regulations. "It's like peeling an onion. We are finding more all the time."

Mr Robinson's relationship with the late media tycoon was still unfolding. "Every time parts are investigated, other issues come up. This further delay should help the committee get to the bottom of this tangled relationship, none of which has been disclosed to the House as required."

## QUESTIONS AND ANSWERS

### Saving energy

UP TO 30,000 homes may be insulated by New Deal trainees in the current year. Calum MacDonald, a Scottish Office minister, said last night. New Deal workers who choose energy efficiency work are likely to carry out draught-proofing and loft, tank and pipe insulation. Mr MacDonald told Malcolm Chisholm (Lab, Edinburgh North and Leith).

### Ulster costs

PUBLISHING the verbatim records of the proceedings of the new Northern Ireland Assembly is estimated at £800,000 per annum. Paul Murphy, a Northern Ireland Office

minister said. He told Harry Barnes (Lab, North East Derbyshire) that the figure given was based on the assumption of one meeting per week for 40 weeks of the year.

### School rules

THE DEPARTMENT for Education and Employment will issue guidelines this month on the training of teachers in restraining children. Estelle Morris, a minister, told Dr Vincent Cable (Lib Dem, Twickenham) that Section 550A of the Education Act comes into force in September and will teach teachers when physical intervention would be appropriate.



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The Sair Inn, Huddersfield, is a Japanese brewery's idea of a typical British local. A replica will be built on the slopes of Mount Fuji

John Angerson

## Japanese search for ideal pub ends in Huddersfield

WHEN THE Japanese decided they wanted to re-create the quintessential English pub in their homeland they knew just where to go: Huddersfield.

While the flagstone floors and wood-panelled walls of the 250-year-old Sair Inn, perched on a hilltop in West Yorkshire, will probably look rather strange nestling in the foothills of Mount Fuji, representatives of the Japanese brewery Alph Incorporated were adamant that this was just what they wanted.

Ron Crabtree, 60, the landlord, said yesterday after a visit from the Japanese: "They must have taken more than 200 pictures of every detail in the pub."

"They snapped away at the ceilings, walls and floors and all the bottles lined up on the shelves. They even went on their hands and knees taking pictures of the logs of wood we keep under the seats. I'm not sure exactly what they intend to do with all these pictures."

"Not much was said between us because they didn't speak very good

BY ESTHER LEACH

English. I don't think they wanted to build a replica of the Sair but they wanted to include many of the features in their own pub."

The Japanese company found the Sair Inn in a good pub guide and, through an interpreter, asked for permission to photograph everything.

Perhaps the only thing they didn't capture on film was the pub ghost, a former landlord said to wander the rooms. Hilary Cooper, Mr Crabtree's partner, says she has seen it.

Mr Crabtree, the landlord for 16 years, is restoring the former one-room pub which was extended into three rooms by taking over a weaver's cottage next door in about 1820. So far he has revealed the original flagstones on the floor as well as the wood-paneling on the walls and is beginning work on the beamed ceilings.

"I'm going to write to them to find out how they are doing," Mr Crabtree added as he sipped a pint of his own award-winning brew, Linsit.

The BMA annual conference

## Viagra patients will clog hospitals

DEMAND FOR Viagra is likely to be so great when it is licensed later this summer that it could cost the National Health Service over £1bn a year and overwhelm the service, doctors warned yesterday.

Efforts to contain the enormous cost could lead to "sex by postcode" as health authorities ration the drug. Rumours about its beneficial effects on the sexual performance of "normal" men mean it could become a principal drug of abuse.

The British Medical Association called on the Government to set up an urgent review of the way new, expensive drugs are introduced to prevent a disaster. Speakers at the association's annual conference in Cardiff warned that hospital clinics could become clogged with patients, drug budgets would be exhausted and other services would suffer.

Derek Machin, a consultant urologist from Liverpool, said there was no medical test for impotence but previous treatments which relied on injections into the penis were off-putting and there had therefore been no reason to doubt that men claiming to be impotent were telling the truth.

"We are now faced with an entirely new situation. For the first time we have an oral preparation (a pill) which is perceived as enhancing the performance of already potent men. Viagra will become a major drug of abuse."

Mr Machin said Viagra was a "splendid drug" and there was likely to be demand from women as well as men. One in ten men are estimated to suffer from impotence and if only 10 per cent of those were prescribed an average of two

BY JEREMY LAURANCE  
Health Editor

tablets a week at £5 a tablet the cost to the NHS would be £125m per year.

If a higher proportion of men were treated "the cost could go quite easily over £1bn a year", he said. The total NHS drugs budget is about £4bn a year.

Mr Machin told the conference: "The cost will be enormous. I for one believe there are more important priorities for spending these very large sums of money."

Ministers have pledged that Viagra will be available on the NHS but have yet to decide whether it will be prescribed freely by GPs or restricted to consultants. Mr Machin said there were 400 consultant urologists in the UK - specialists in the mechanics of reproduction - and if they were made responsible for prescribing the drug it would "completely overwhelm the urology service".

There was no good clinical reason to restrict prescribing to consultants and to do so would amount to rationing of the drug, he said.

Dr Ian Banks, a GP from Northern Ireland and an expert in men's health said impotence had wide effects, not just on the men involved but on their partners and could lead to alcoholism and suicide.

Dr John Chisholm, chairman of the BMA's GPs committee, said the introduction of other expensive drugs had caused similar problems of rationing by postcode.

"Sex by postcode is just as bad as any other treatment by postcode. If a drug is of benefit to patients we believe extra funding is required."

## Physician-aided suicide on agenda

DOCTORS MUST decide whether to support physician-assisted suicide for terminally ill patients who want to die, the British Medical Association said yesterday.

The BMA voted to hold its first conference on the ethics of helping patients to end their lives, despite fears that even discussing it could undermine trust. Speakers at the conference in Cardiff said it was essential doctors reached consensus on an issue that divides society.

Present BMA policy opposes physician-assisted suicide and euthanasia. John Marks, the former BMA chairman, said he had hastened the deaths of many patients. "I have given ... sometimes huge

doses of drugs to ease their pain, knowing full well it might shorten their lives."

Although he was neither for nor against physician-assisted suicide, he was in favour of a debate.

That view was opposed by doctors who warned that a discussion could be dominated by unrepresentative elements, leading to a "warped" conclusion. Jonathan Fielden, an anaesthetist from Southampton, said the BMA's policy reflected the opinion of most doctors.

"To hold a debate suggests we are promoting physician-assisted suicide."

"Whatever the conclusion of that debate is, patients' trust will be shaken."

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TO TALK  
TO SOMEONE  
YOU  
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# No kids please, we're modern women

THE GROWING numbers of women who remain childless are not stereotypical career-minded women buried in work, or "ultra-feminists" who scorn family life, say researchers from the Joseph Rowntree Foundation.

While no one factor is responsible for a rise in childless women, the most common reasons include fears over economic security and the low status that society gives families.

By GLENDA COOPER  
Social Affairs Correspondent

One in five women now of childbearing age will not have children. The figure is double that for women born in 1945.

In a series of in-depth interviews with voluntarily childless women and some of their partners, women revealed a high degree of caution about assuming the responsibilities of being a parent. Parenthood

was clearly identified with unwanted disruption and change in their lives as well as a heightened risk of financial insecurity.

Around one-third of those interviewed said that they had made a firm decision not to have children, and never wavered. Others said that they had experienced some wavering but felt they had "come out the other side" with a clear decision not to start a family. About 10

per cent - women in their 40s - said that they had once thought they would have children but had since changed their view. A sizeable minority - one in six - still had mixed feelings.

Parental responsibility was variously described as "huge" and "imperative" and its permanence stressed. It was seen as a total commitment. "There isn't room for giving anything less than 100 per cent to parent-

hood," said one woman. For women on their own, single parenthood was something they did not want to contemplate.

The dominant image was of parenthood as sacrifice, having to "give up" social lives, financial independence and in the case of women, jobs. There was not a simple choice between work or family, with many saying that early retirement was what they aimed for. Money was cited as a con-

sideration in remaining childless by more than half of those interviewed. "They see parenthood as taking a big risk," said Fiona McAllister, one of the authors of the report. "They often feel they had struggled quite hard to get a better way of life, they had got to a position where they felt secure as just a couple living together."

The low status of families in modern society was another important factor said Ceridwen

Roberts, director of the Family Policy Studies Centre, which published the report. "The image of parenting in society is not a positive one. You are seen as a nuisance as the parent of a child in a public place or as a problem in work."

She went on: "We also castigate parents about what is a good parent... and at a subliminal level many people just do not feel up to the job... We are not a child-friendly society. Peo-

ple have to be assured that family life is worthwhile."

Root Cartwright, 48, head of the British Organisation of Non-Parents, said he had chosen not to have children when he was 21: "I was appalled at the resentment shown to children by parents who expected them to be angels."

"There is a tendency still to try and explain childlessness away. It is a choice and one that people should have."

## 'I have never been broody'

LIZ DAVIES decided to get sterilised when she was 30. "I just knew that I didn't want children," she says. "I knew from an early age, I've never been broody. I knew if I got involved with another relationship, if I met someone who wanted children, it might become a problem. But by getting sterilised then my future partners would know where I stood."

It wasn't an issue for her husband. Both of them are on their second marriages and he decided to have a vasectomy - he has two adult children from his first marriage. "So it was never a problem. I've never allowed it to be."

Her friends and family did not criticise her. "Long-term friends knew what I felt and my parents have never been the grandparent type," says Liz, manager of the Marie Stopes Fairfield clinic in Essex. "I suppose I did have conversations and arguments with acquaintances who would say things like: 'It's a woman's duty to have children; it's what women are here for.' Well, I just used to dismiss comments like that."

"I can't think of a disadvantage in not having children," she adds. "There's just total freedom. If my husband and I want to go out we don't have to worry about babysitters or we can just take off for the weekend. I can have a lie-in at the weekend if I want. There are no demands on my life."

"We've just come back from Cornwall. We try to book out of school holidays so there aren't hordes of kids around and if we're going abroad we tend to look for a non-child-friendly resort. I see so many women going abroad with children, say on self-catering holidays, and just ending up doing the same job that they do at home but in a different place. That's not my idea of fun."

Financial independence is also important, she says. "What



Liz Davies: 'Everyone has the right of choice and this is my choice' Neville Elder

we have is ours. I have a lot of women friends with children and any spare money has to go on the kids. They never get the chance to pamper themselves."

At bottom, she does not want the responsibility of having children. "That responsibility never goes away if they are 10,

20 or 50. You're responsible for another human being's life. I don't want that sort of headache and worry. I also think that there's a tremendous guilt with motherhood - guilt if you go out to work and leave them, guilt if you stay at home and aren't earning more money

for them. People say it is selfish not to have children but there are just as many selfish reasons for having children. I do plenty of things in my life that are selfish... Basically, I think that everyone has the right of choice and this is my choice."

## 'I want control over my own life'

"I'VE NEVER felt maternal. I can safely say that I've never felt like having children," says Jane Grove, 37, a deputy editor on the *Evening Gazette*.

She says the biggest advantage is freedom: "I can do what I want when I want at the drop of a hat. I can ring up a friend and ask them to go out whenever I can live my life with spontaneity, which I don't see in my friends with children."

"I play golf a lot, I play squash a lot and I socialise. I like going out to the cinema and the theatre. And we like to go out to restaurants - all those things that require careful planning if you have children." Financially it is also an advantage. "It's much more secure economically."

Jane knew from an early age she didn't want children. "It was a bit of an issue at first with my husband. He knew how I felt about it when we got married and I think he was hoping that I'd change my mind. However, now he feels the same way."

"I've never had any hassle from my family, nor really from my friends," she says. "There was some peer pressure without a doubt, although that was when I was younger, at university and after university. Other people were having children and they would say to me: 'Of course, you're going to want children', as if to reassure themselves and their feelings about having children. You know, if their mates have children as well then they know they are doing the right thing."

She feels that with larger numbers of women deciding not to have children that it will become more acceptable for women to make this choice. "I don't get so much hassle any more, because people know what I feel and because of my age, so it has grown less as time goes on. Funny enough, it's usually men who ask me rather than women. Women seem to



Jane Grove: 'I can do what I want when I want' Andrew Buurman

understand why a woman doesn't want children but men can't."

"I feel that not having children I have a greater control over my life - as much control as you will ever have," adds Jane, who will have been married for 10 years in December.

"You don't have children to worry about - just yourself and your husband."

"I believe that people who have children often have them for selfish reasons, just because they want them. I think that they have children for just as selfish reasons as I choose

not to have them. The pressure to have children grows less as time goes by. And if more people choose not to have children then it will become more acceptable for women to choose to do this, I think."

Case studies by Glenda Cooper

# Police braced for mayhem as bikers fall out

POLICE are struggling to contain escalating warfare between rival motorcycle gangs which has led to fatal stabbings, shootings and attempted bombings of gang headquarters.

A feud broken out between the Hell's Angels, the most infamous of the "back-patch" biker gangs and the Outcasts, a younger gang which has expanded rapidly in the past two years to challenge for supremacy.

Detectives fear the violence could reach the levels seen in Scandinavia, where a two-year feud between bikers has led to seven murders and 39 attempted killings.

By IAN BURRELL  
Home Affairs Correspondent

Last week the National Criminal Intelligence Service sent a warning to 37 police forces in England and Wales advising them of the "possibility of armed conflict and the use of automatic weapons and explosives" by biker gangs.

An NCIS source said: "We are concerned that some police forces still have this romantic notion that these are just old rockers with an obsessive interest in bikes."

The feud began in June last year when the Outcasts attempted to absorb a small Hertfordshire-based motor-

cycle club called The Lost Tribe. The Hell's Angels decided that the Outcasts' power base, which has spread across the south-east and East Anglia, had grown too large.

Members of The Lost Tribe were ordered to become "prospects", or probationary members of the Hell's Angels. The stakes in what had been a simmering rivalry were immediately raised.

The Outcasts had grown to a strength of 200, and through their loose alliance with the Midlands-based Outlaws, who are 150-strong and share a dislike for the Hell's Angels, were in a position to challenge the 30-year domination of the Angels,

who have 230 members and prospects, in 14 chapters across Britain.

In November, three members of the Outcasts were arrested in possession of three loaded shotguns as they drove through Earl's Court, west London.

Then on 31 January at the Rockers' Reunion - a usually peaceful gathering of bike enthusiasts which has run without problems for 15 years - two Outcasts were brutally murdered.

Malcolm St Clair and David Armstrong both received fatal stab wounds outside Battersea Arts Centre, south London. Police retrieved knives, hammers,

axes and a cash from near the murder scene.

In the following weeks, property owned by the Hell's Angels was targeted.

According to police intelligence, a crude bomb, made from fertiliser, petrol and a detonator, was found at the clubhouse of the Hell's Angels Lea Valley chapter, in Luton, Bedfordshire, in March.

Then a motorcycle shop in Kent, which is owned by members of the Hell's Angels, was the scene of an attempted arson attack involving petrol and a pipe inserted through the store's letterbox.

A month later, an Outcasts member was stopped by police

driving his Jaguar car in Dorset.

He was carrying a .45 Smith & Wesson revolver in his waistband.

A search of his home uncovered parts of an Uzi 9mm automatic pistol, an AK assault rifle and two sub-machine-guns.

The following week, two Outcasts were gunned down in the street after leaving a pub close to the clubhouse of the Outcast Family chapter in Mile End, east London.

It is understood that at least six shots were fired from an automatic weapon and the gunman escaped on a motorcycle.

Both victims survived but

neither would co-operate with police, in accordance with the strict code of silence enforced by all the back-patch gangs.

In the coming weeks the summer season of public motorcycle shows is due to take place and police believe they could be used to carry out further attacks.

Last weekend the Magna Carta motorcycle rally, between Braintree and Southend in Essex, was cancelled amid fears of violence.

Essex police issued a statement saying: "Police have information which suggests the event was likely to have become the scene of clashes between

visitors from rival motorcycle factions, some of them carrying firearms."

The show season culminates next month with the Bulldog Bash, organised by the Hell's Angels at an airfield near Stratford-upon-Avon.

The event, which includes appearances by bands such as the Stranglers, attracts around 40,000 visitors and generates around £1m for the Hell's Angels, who have registered themselves as a limited company and have a standard response to criticisms of their activities.

The club, they say, cannot be held responsible for the actions of individual members.

## HELL ON WHEELS: THE GRIMY GENEALOGY OF MOTORCYCLE GANGS



HELL'S ANGELS

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**Russian unrest:** The coal industry, a pillar of the Soviet Union, is facing an agonising death under capitalism

## Strikes keep Yeltsin on the wrong track

BY PHIL REEVES  
in Moscow

A MINERS' blockade of the Trans-Siberian railway spread to the Russian Arctic North yesterday, compounding Boris Yeltsin's problems on a day which saw another drop in the stock market, a struggling rouble, and signs of further industrial unrest.

The miners, who have stopped freight trains running on the artery for five days, were joined by colleagues in the Komi region, who began blocking a line in a fresh flurry of what has become known as the "rail war". The move came amid signs that the dispute is, if anything, hardening.

Although miners appeared to agree to meet a government commission, a senior government official said there would be no talks until the miners left the tracks.

Several hundred of them, demanding months of back pay and the ousting of President Yeltsin, have been blocking trains in two Siberian towns, Yurga and Anzhero-Sudzhensk along the northern part of the Trans-Siberian line, although passenger trains have been allowed to pass.

So far, regional and national officials, anxious not to provoke confrontation, have been cautious about intervening. But confrontation could be looming. The authorities are increasingly threatening to prosecute, claiming that the dispute is producing heavy losses.

Elsewhere, Russia's crisis widened still further yesterday. Itar-Tass reported that staff at the nuclear centre Arzamas-16 are planning for their first ever indefinite strike.

Stocks were down by more than seven per cent by lunchtime and the rouble came under more heavy pressure on news that British Petroleum had pulled out of the forthcoming auction of Rosneft, the state oil asset from which the government was hoping to raise at least \$1.6bn. A strike by utility workers caused power cuts in Vladivostok.

And Moody's Investment Services said that Russia may need up to \$20bn from the IMF to avoid a default on its short-term debt - at least \$5bn more than the Russian government is at present asking for.



Miners coming off their shift to a bleak future. Russia is closing 106 out of its 250 pits, and for the one-company mining communities, that spells death

James Hill

# Miners rage against extinction

THEY DO not often laugh in Kizel, a rugged coal town tucked in the foothills of the Ural Mountains. But this, this was really funny. When, we asked, did they last go on holiday to Sochi on the Black Sea - once the seaside playground of the heroes of the Soviet labour force, the summer resort for people like them?

Broad, gold-studded smiles cracked the faces of the dozens of miners who had surrounded us, hoping - in the absence of any credible information from their own government - to find out about their fate from a couple of visiting Western journalists.

"Sochi? We haven't been there since the democrats came along 10 years ago", shouted one. He almost jeered as he said "democrats". And the mine workers - chisel-faced bright-eyed men, angry matronly women - laughed knowingly, all over again.

Holidays belong to a category of Kizel humour as black as the coal-stained walls of the wooden cottages along the low

BY PHIL REEVES  
in Kizel

hills all around. Here, concerns are far more urgent than lounging on beaches. They are about lost jobs, food and clothing, survival. And, above all, what to do next.

We were in a stark, peeling building at the top of the Severnaya mine, where these people worked, many of them for a lifetime. Built under Stalin in 1940 to fuel the war machine, it closed this year, laying off almost all the 2,000 employees. We had expected to talk to one or two of them; in fact, more than 70 turned out, waiting for hours for the chance to articulate their misery and anger. Had anyone found a job, we asked? One hand went up.

Kizel is caught in the jaws of an overhaul of the Russian mining industry that - given the paucity of assistance for its victims - dwarfs the closures of British pits in the mid-Eighties. Russia is closing almost half its pits, 106 out of 250. In the last four

years, nearly 400,000 jobs have gone. Moscow has decided it can no longer afford to go on pouring money into mines that have long become decrepit and lethal. In 1993, every third ton of coal was paid for by state subsidies. Shut-downs have been underway from Siberia to the Arctic.

For Kizel, an untidy sprawl between hills on a filthy river 780 miles east of Moscow, this amounts to a death warrant. Twelve of the 14 pits in the area have ceased work. This tight-knit, one-company community is doomed to fade from the map. Most state-supported social services, from kindergartens to clinics, were run by the mines themselves; when the mine goes, the rest follows.

The Kizel miners have tried to fight back, following the example set by Siberian miners now blocking the Trans-Siberian railway, demanding back wages and the impeachment of President Boris Yeltsin. They have closed roads, sat on tracks, and placed federal officials under house arrest.

The government has flourished promises, mindful perhaps that it was the coal miners who helped dispatch Mikhail Gorbachev from office in 1991. But in Kizel these promises have meant almost nothing. There is a re-training centre, but it is ensnared in a poverty trap of its own. It is funded by a payroll tax from local companies. The mine closures have forced other firms out of business. So, as the unemployment figures shoot up, and the need for the centre grows, its income nosedives.

"It is simply terrible," said Margarita Sashin, one of the centre's officials. "We feel helpless. We have had nothing from the federal government." Sometimes, miners and their families arrive there and collapse in tears, she says.

Only 120 of Kizel's 12,000 redundant miners have found new jobs in the first six months of this year. True, plans are underway for a union-supported pilot scheme in which several thousand miners will get housing certificates enabling them to move elsewhere to work. This would allow them to buy flats at an 80 per cent discount. But a one-room apartment in Perm - the nearest big city, four hours away by road - costs 80,000 roubles (\$28,125), said Ms Sashin. "Twenty per cent of that is ridiculous. No one has that sort of cash here." The average pay for miners is £144 a month.

Chief adviser in the restructuring of Russia's mines is the World Bank. The bank is still recovering ground after a significant chunk of a \$500m (£313m) loan, paid in 1996 in return for promised cuts in the \$1.5bn coal subsidy, went adrift. "The money was misused," said Vadim Voronin, deputy head of its Moscow office. "It passed through intermediaries, and was used by commercial banks for a period."

The Kizel miners are less cautious. "It was stolen", said Vladimir Kopitov, who spent a quarter of a century down the mines. He spoke bitterly. The entity at the root of this corruption was Rosugol, the

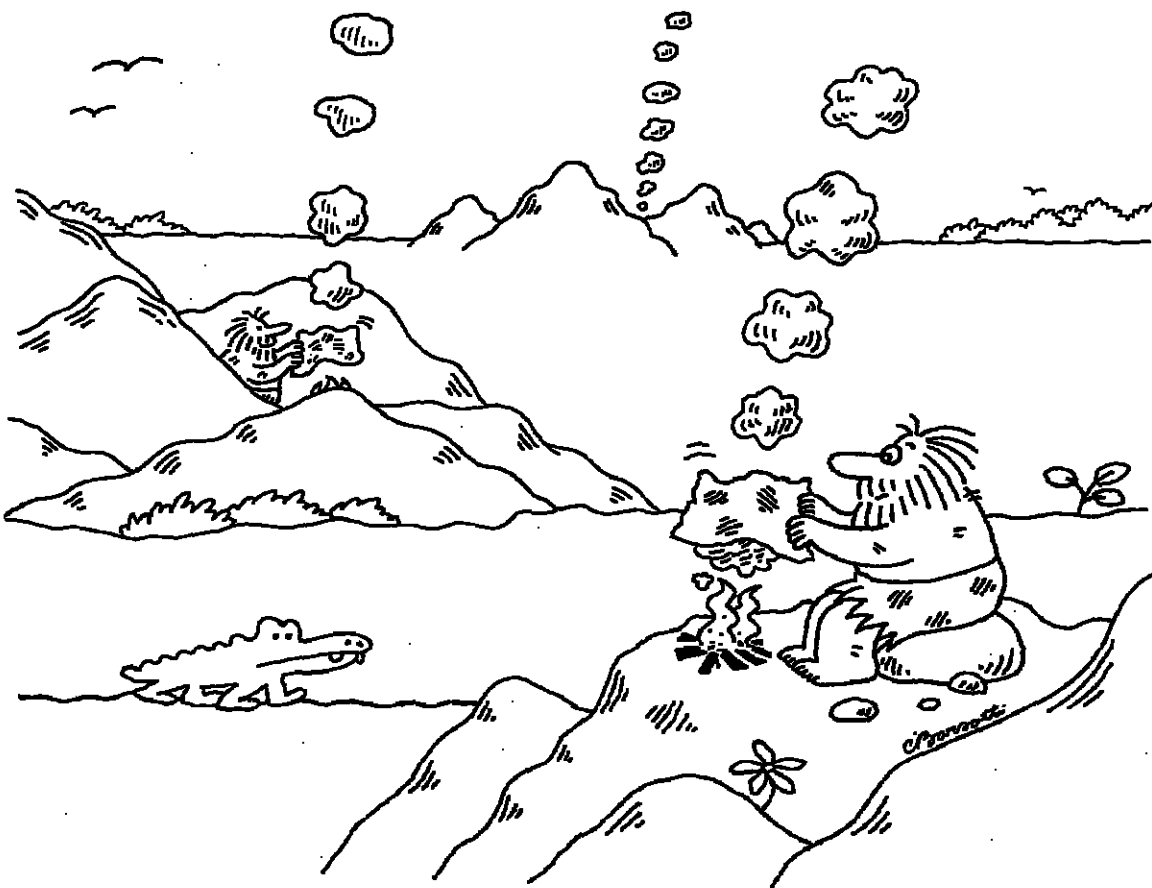
state coal monopoly which Mr Yeltsin finally closed down last December. All federal subsidies to the mines went through it. Although government-controlled, it was a joint stock company, managed as a private structure. It could set up its own commercial spin-offs - for instance, insurance companies - into which government cash meant for the mines was funnelled, and invested long enough to accrue interest payments. Thus, there was a clear incentive to obstruct reform. The less efficient the coal sector was, the more it needed subsidies and the more Rosugol could utilise.

frequently involving mine directors or their relations, which buy coal direct from the pits and sell it on at a profit. The tax police believe middlemen keep as much as one-third of the proceeds from Russia's coal sales, and promise a crack-down.

The future of Russia's unemployed miners could scarcely be more bleak. Their trade unions are weak and often deferential to the government. The public, remembering the miners as the former Soviet Union's molly-coddled elite, is not always supportive. Elsewhere in Russia there have been reports of miners committing suicide.

The Kizel community seems to have little in its arsenal, beyond more protests and threats of unrest. The emphasis is shifting towards the latter. "The Russian people are very patient," said Yuri Gainullin, 41, a miner for 18 years. "After all, we are the children of people who were sent here by Stalin. But when we act, we do it quickly." The others seemed to agree.

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# Hundreds die as China's rivers swell in early rains

By TERESA POOLE  
in Peking

THE RAINS have come early this year, and so have the floods. With grim inevitability, millions of Chinese are already shoring up the dikes along swollen rivers across the country.

Hundreds have died, the first victims of an annual death toll which no one seems able to halt. And, if the deluge continues, this could be a bad year, in recent days, the mighty Yangtze has been flowing at a rate not seen since 1954, the year of China's last catastrophic flood.

It is China's great misfortune to suffer from terrible floods and droughts at the same time. The water is already at record levels at some places along about 600 miles of the middle and lower reaches of the Yangtze, and flash floods have begun along the Huaihe, the country's third longest river.

Yet the Yellow River, to the north, has run completely dry along its lower reaches in Shandong; seen from an aircraft last week, the parched river bed cut through cropland which in a few weeks will be desperate for irrigation.

Water management is one of the biggest challenges facing China, and the annual cycle of floods and drought is a reminder that the problem is getting steadily worse.

Flood damage is usually caused by the collapse of dikes, and in an average year can kill 5,000 people. Water shortages tend to be caused by a combination of wastage and long-term overuse.

Normally, the flooding does not hit with a vengeance until the end of July. But at this early stage of the deadly season, around 500 people have already been drowned in the past few weeks.

Yesterday, the official China Daily newspaper announced



A farmer paddles among collapsed farmhouses in Shijiao in the southern Chinese province of Jiangxi

Reuters

that in Jiangxi, in eastern Jiangxi province near Shanghai, some three million people had already been mobilised on anti-flood duty after water levels reached record heights.

"Many dikes have been breached and farmland flooded, a large number of houses have collapsed, and there has been a huge loss of lives and property," it said.

Reports of serious floods are coming in from across the country, with Jiangxi, Fujian, Guangdong, Hunan and Anhui

provinces the hardest hit, and braced for worse. Even Peking has been suffering over the past few days, with the heaviest rainfall for 42 years.

The Xinhua news agency said that one driver had drowned when he drove into a suburban underpass overflowing with rain water.

This year the early melting of snow in the highlands of north-west Qinghai province and Tibet has exacerbated the rain.

By the end of June, the

Yangtze's water flow had reached 77,600 cubic meters per second, the greatest since 1954, the year that saw the last of the three greatest flood calamities of the river in 1931, 1935 and 1954, which killed a total of at least 317,000 Chinese.

It was to stop such disasters happening again that China in the fifties constructed thousands of miles of dikes and embankments. Since then, the defences have continually been extended and repaired in a never-ending battle against the

elements. It is a very precarious set-up because, after decades of silt deposition, the river-beds often sit many feet above the nearby countryside, with the water held back by the artificial walls. Once a dike is breached, a wall of water floods down on to the lower surrounding farmland or through the cities.

Lack of information about weather patterns, water levels, and burst dikes has been hampering flood control. China only recently started using a com-

puterised network for flood information along the Yangtze, connecting central control offices with local areas along the river.

The annual financial costs of the country's floods is huge. This year they even hit the new Peking to Hong Kong railway track, opened just one year ago, which was suspended for three days at the end of June. Water caused the bed of the railway to sink and bent the tracks, near the city of Nanchang in central China.

## Indonesian break-up threat grows

By STEPHEN VINES  
in Hong Kong

THE DANGERS of Indonesia breaking up, and not just over East Timor, appeared to grow yesterday following reports of violent protests demanding independence in Irian Jaya, the western half of the island of New Guinea.

Reports from the island yesterday claimed one demonstrator was killed by the army, dozens of protesters were injured and some 180 arrested.

The protesters, carrying arrows, spears and daggers, faced troops who used rubber bullets to disperse the crowds. In the highland town of Wamena the protesters hoisted the banned flag of the Free Papua Movement, which has been engaged in a pro-independence insurgency war since the 1960s.

Although the response of the Indonesian army to the protests has been more restrained than in the past, General Wiranto, the defence minister, described the raising of the Free Papua flag as "treachery" and said it would not be tolerated.

Since demonstrations in the capital, Jakarta, in May, which

lead to the resignation of President Suharto, separatist movements in East Timor and to a lesser extent in Aceh and Irian Jaya have redoubled their efforts to win freedom from Indonesian control.

The scale of the protests in dirt-poor Irian Jaya are hard to gauge. The province is closed to journalists and there are few independent observers.

The end of Suharto's three-decade-long rule has revived protests movements throughout Indonesia.

Suharto's successor as president, BJ Habibie, has responded to calls for reform but has set limits on moves he fears will lead to the break-up of the country. Only East Timor has been promised some form of limited autonomy.

Irian Jaya has about 1.5 million inhabitants. They used to be part of the Dutch East Indies and were incorporated into Indonesia in 1963.

General Bambang Yudhoyono, the head of Indonesia's social and political department, warned yesterday that Indonesia must not turn into another Yugoslavia. "The crucial thing is unity", he said.

## Slovak worries Iran with quake vision

By ADAM LE BOR

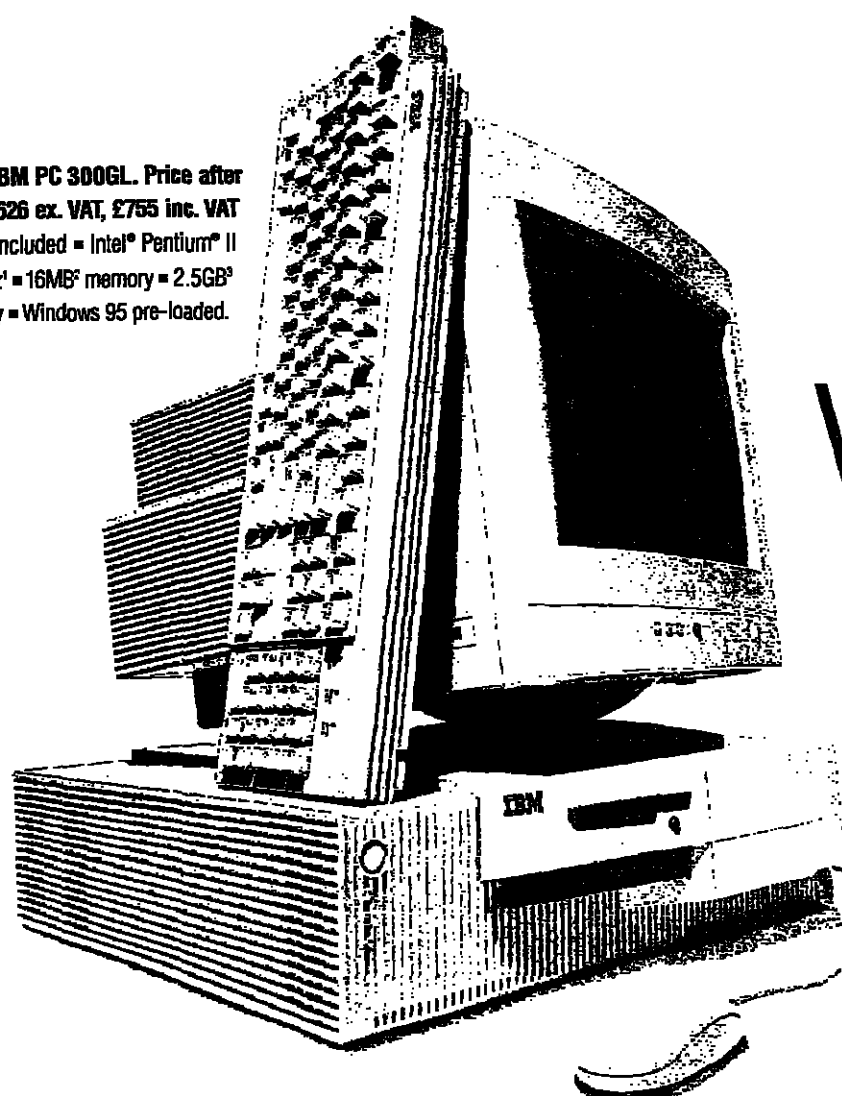
THOUSANDS OF Tehran citizens were reported to be fleeing the city yesterday after Lubomir Minarovjech, a 74-year-old Slovakian with no university education, and no connection to any scientific institution, wrote to the Slovak embassy in the Iranian capital predicting that an earthquake would rock the city this month, probably at the weekend.

The embassy forwarded the letter to the Iranian authorities, but news got out and repeated

statements by seismologists that the prediction is baseless have failed to stem the panic. "Scientifically, the time and place of an earthquake cannot be predicted," said Dr Bahram Akasheh, a seismologist. "This letter is a lie and a hoax."

Like many of its central European neighbours, Slovakia has a tradition of divination and prediction, although these are more usually concerned with helping farmers plan for rain or drought, or advising the lover, than forecasting calamities in faraway countries.

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# Volkswagen finally agrees to pay wartime slave labourers

AFTER DECADES of prevarication, Volkswagen agreed yesterday to pay compensation to Jewish concentration camp victims who were used as slave labour in the German car company's wartime factories.

The move could prove a landmark decision in the fight to win individual compensation for Holocaust victims for the atrocities they suffered in wartime Germany.

Volkswagen made its decision following strong pressure from Gerhard Schröder, the Social Democrat seeking to unseat Chancellor Helmut Kohl in September's federal elec-

BY PETER BILD  
in Bonn

tions. Mr Schröder is premier of Lower Saxony which retains a 20 per cent stake in Volkswagen, Europe's largest car maker, which will soon also own Rolls-Royce.

The company said the VW board had decided to establish what it called a "private fund" to give humanitarian aid to individual victims forced to support the Nazi war machine by building tanks and weapons at VW.

Nearly every big German company, including many of the top names in industry today,

used forced labour from the concentration camps.

The VW action for the first time acknowledges the company's direct responsibility to persecuted individuals it exploited during the Second World War. It marks a sharp reversal of the company's stance.

Earlier, VW and other German companies argued they were not the legal successors of companies operating under the Nazi regime, or insisted compensation must come from the Federal Republic, as the legal successor to Nazi Germany.

The brief VW statement says it is recognising the company's

"historic and moral obligations" to the victims of its wartime activities. Many of those forced to labour for the company in the dying days of the war were Hungarian Jews, many aged only 15 or 16.

They were "selected" to work for VW and the Third Reich from Auschwitz and other concentration camps. One survivor reported that VW officials made the selection.

At Wolfsburg, VW's headquarters, and at other plants Jewish slave labourers were held in concentration camp conditions. VW transports from the camps included Russian

and other Eastern Europeans. Thousand died from their brutal treatment from malnutrition and later from typhoid as they awaited liberation by advancing British troops.

Yesterday's announcement by VW is the result of a 15-year battle for justice conducted by one man. Klaus von Muemchausen was one year old at the end of the war when he was rescued from Auschwitz by the Allied advance.

His Jewish mother died in the gas chambers. He says his battle has been therapeutic for him. Mr Muemchausen's fight for justice for slave labourers started in

1983 when he sought compensation for former slave workers at a factory in the German Sauerland. He is fighting two legal cases seeking compensation from the Federal government for other slave workers in the courts in Cologne and in the city state of Bremen where he is a research fellow at the State University.

Mr Muemchausen says his activities and the lawyers employed to fight the cases through the courts are financed by a wealthy German who insists on remaining anonymous.

The VW move surprised Ignatz Bubis, president of the

Council of German Jews, who said he remained sceptical. "If they make this gesture it is because if VW lost its case in court it could face claims from possibly tens of thousands of former slave workers living in Eastern Europe," he said.

The decisive move to force VW to pay individual slave labourers their wages came during a secret meeting with aides to the Lower Saxony premier in Hanover on 26 June.

Mr Muemchausen gave VW and Mr Schröder, who had promised to help, an ultimatum. If VW refused to start paying out money to victims immedi-

ately - many of them are between 75 and 85 years old - he would pursue VW through the courts.

His hand was strengthened when American lawyers, who are fighting class actions for Holocaust victims against Swiss and German banks, offered to take up the cudgels for slave labourers against VW.

VW has refused to comment on its brief press release. It says details of the fund will be disclosed only in mid-September. But Mr Muemchausen is confident the company will start paying out cash to individual victims by the end of this month.

# French Jews call for extradition of 'dead' SS leader

IN AN ATTEMPT to resurrect the "peace process" in the Middle East, the French government is welcoming President Hafez al-Assad of Syria to Paris next week for a state visit, his first to France in 22 years.

President Jacques Chirac will give an official dinner in his honour on 16 July and the Prime Minister, Lionel Jospin, will host a lunch for the Syrian leader the following day. Syria, according to the French foreign minister, Hubert Vedrine, is a "strategic partner".

But Israel does not smile upon France's initiatives in the Middle East and French Jewish groups are claiming to be "outraged" by President Assad's visit, as it coincides with the 58th anniversary of the mass arrest of French Jews by the Nazis and their French collaborators.

Mr Assad, it should be said, had nothing to do with the Second World War - he was only nine years old and starting his first term at school in the northern Syrian city of Latakia when the Germans invaded France.

The Representative Council of Jewish Institutions in France, however, intend to make a connection between Syria and the Holocaust by demanding the extradition from Damascus of a man who is almost certainly dead: the former SS Obersturmbannführer Alois Brunner, once a senior officer in the Sonderkommando der Sicherheitspolizei für Judenangelegenheiten, second-in-command to Adolf Eichmann and the man who signed the order for the deportation of Salonika's 46,091 Jews to be sent to the gas chambers of Auschwitz.

BY ROBERT FISK  
in Beirut

In 1944, Brunner was transferred to the French transit camp at Drancy outside Paris, whence he deported a further 24,000 Jews to the extermination camps of eastern Europe.

Brunner is - or rather, was - a cruel and evil man. Born in the Austrian village of Rohrburn in 1912, he assisted Eichmann in the arrest of Jews in Vienna in 1938 and while in Salonika was in the habit of whipping those who were reluctant to board the death trains to Poland.

But after commanding Drancy, he disappeared, only to turn up in Cairo to teach Colonel Nasser's security police the techniques of interrogation, Gestapo-style. When Nasser united Egypt and Syria into the doomed "United Arab Republic", Brunner travelled to Damascus.

And when the alliance fell apart, Brunner was still in Syria, helping the security police in 1960 to acquire 2,000 items of bugging equipment from East Germany.

When President Assad staged his bloodless coup in 1971 (in Syria, they call it the "corrective revolution"), Brunner was already in retirement, little more than an embarrassment for the new regime which wanted nothing to do with this sordid reminder of Syria's early dictators.

It was decided that Brunner should become a non-person, allowed to stay in Damascus - provided he kept his mouth shut. He was permitted to live, under the pseudonym George Fischer, in a tiny apartment in



Alois Brunner taught Syrian agents Gestapo torture techniques

George Haddad Street, not far from the British embassy. When I rang his doorbell in 1983, he was keeping pet rabbits on his roof.

He didn't answer the door, but a Swedish neighbour of Brunner agreed to pass a message to him. Would he talk to me? Back came the reply: "I cannot do so. I have signed an agreement with the Syrian government never to give interviews."

Brunner was good at signing documents. But when I asked the Syrian government back in 1983 what they knew of Brunner, I received a call from an official at the Ministry of Information. "I have made enquiries and we have no such man in Syria," I was told. "I think you want to keep good relations with Syria." And so the response has been ever since.

Some months later, Brunner was photographed, a thin, stooped man apparently suffering from cancer, carrying a plastic bag of groceries in the

Damascus souk. Shortly afterwards, word reached Western diplomats in Syria that - much to the relief of the government - the old man had died.

Officially, of course, no one could say this, because officially Brunner was not in Syria. President Chirac's spokeswoman, Catherine Colonna, says she does not know if - after discussing the pressing issues of Syrian-Israeli peace talks and the possibility of an Israeli withdrawal from southern Lebanon - Mr Chirac will again raise the issue of the man whom the French government itself now believes to be dead.

All in all, a very odd situation: Brunner - who would be 86 if alive - was condemned in absentia by a French court; and with the continuing lack of any proof of death, France still demands his extradition. Mr Chirac brought the matter up with Mr Assad when he visited Damascus two years ago, at which time Brunner was almost certainly three years dead.

And the Syrians, of course, still say they know nothing about him. French Jewish groups will certainly try to blight the Syrian leader's state visit with the ghost of Alois Brunner.

Alive or dead, why was he allowed to stay on in Damascus? Most Middle Eastern states protect war criminals, albeit men of lesser wickedness than Brunner. Egypt still pays pensions to the vicious police agents who tortured prisoners, including Jews, during Nasser's reign.

The two pro-Israeli Lebanese militiamen believed to be responsible for murdering two Irish UN soldiers in 1980 were



A former victim of the Nazi concentration camps holds up his prison shirt during a protest in France

allowed to pass through Ben Gurion airport at Tel Aviv after the killings, en route for Detroit - where they lived for several years before safely returning home via Israel. Iraq continues to protect agents who killed for the state before Saddam Hussein came to power.

The truth is that police agents, however brutal, have a

kind of immunity. If they were made to account for their crimes, however terrible, how would intelligence men loyal to a new government be certain they too might not be made to pay for their sins when power peacefully changed hands? Even after death, it seems, they are safe.

Safer, perhaps, than the

"peace process" - whose death is only acknowledged by France. The French government has spoken more loudly than any other European administration about the danger of an imminent "explosion" in the Middle East and largely blamed Benjamin Netanyahu, the Israeli prime minister, for the crisis. By inviting President

Assad to Paris, Mr Chirac is trying to ensure France's central role in the region's politics - as an interlocuteur valable of more use to the Arabs now they no longer trust the United States. By coming to Paris, despite the protests of French Jewish groups, President Assad is helping to give France that role.

# Japan's dark secrets surface in garden

FROM THE surface of the earth, nowhere looks less sinister than Toyama Park. Situated in Shinjuku Ward, in central Tokyo, it is an unremarkable little place of trees and gravel, where workers take their sandwiches and old ladies walk poodles.

But the ground beneath contains a horrible secret. Over the last few months bureaucrats, politicians and local people have been passing it from one to the other: a hot potato no one wishes to grasp.

The story begins more than 60 years ago as the Japanese

BY RICHARD LLOYD PARRY  
in Tokyo

Imperial Army marched through Manchuria. In the city of Harbin, a special division was established, officially called the Prevention of Epidemics and Water Supply Section, but more often known as Unit 731.

Its function was to develop and test biological and chemical weapons, including anthrax and bubonic plague. But the worst thing about Unit 731 was the means which its doctors used to carry out their re-

search: experiments on live prisoners, who were deliberately infected and dissected while they were still alive.

Most of the human experiments took place in Harbin but, according to the accounts of former Unit 731 members, experiments were also carried out in the Imperial Army's medical college and research headquarters - now the site of Toyama Park.

The park is about to be dug up for the construction of a public sports ground. The project will involve excavating the site where

human experiments are believed to have taken place, threatening to bring the whole, horrible episode literally up to the surface. For Toyama Park is a mass grave, from several Asian races, were dug up from a nearby construction site. Former employees claim that on the site of the park, in the brief period after the Japanese surrender and before the US occupation, the bodies of the murdered human guinea pigs were buried.

Estimates of the numbers killed by Unit 731 in Manchuria

range from 3,000 to 30,000. Most were Chinese. They included Koreans, Russians, Americans, French and Britons. The youngest were just babies. The "logs", as they were referred to by their captors, were cut open while conscious and their organs removed. For decades, Japan refused to acknowledge the existence of Unit 731, until the Eighties, when increasing numbers of elderly former members of the unit began speaking out.

"My colleagues said they dug a hole 10 metres deep and

for a month after the surrender they threw bodies into it," said one former nurse, quoted in yesterday's *Asahi* newspaper. Plans to proceed with the sports centre are now on hold since a local citizens' group filed a petition demanding that a full excavation be carried out before any construction goes ahead. "Many local people want this sports centre," says Noboru Watanabe, the protest group's leader. "We're not against the plan, but we want to prevent the historical facts from being concealed."

# UN upgrades Palestine status

TO THE irritation of Israel and the US, the United Nations General Assembly last night upgraded the status of the Palestine Liberation Organisation - "Palestine" as it is known at the UN - granting it some rights thus far enjoyed only by fully fledged member states.

Under the proposals, which were carried by 124 votes to 4 with 10 abstentions, the PLO will be able to take part in debates, co-sponsor resolutions and raise points of order when Middle East affairs were being discussed.

But its basic observer status, which it has enjoyed since 1974, will stay. This means that the Palestinians will still not be entitled to vote or put up candidates for election to UN posts.

BY RUPERT CORNWELL

Although British diplomats are describing the changes as "technical", and deliberately downplay in such a way as not to worsen tensions in the region, they are an unmistakable signal of the impotence of most of the rest of the world at the blocking tactics of the Israeli prime minister, Benjamin Netanyahu, which have brought what passes for the Middle East peace process to a standstill.

But in its attacks on the UN move, Israel based its case on the 1993 Oslo agreements, which call for the future of Palestine's component parts, the Gaza strip and the West Bank, to be determined in so-called "final status" talks.

Upgrading the PLO's status now, says Dore Gold, Israel's UN ambassador, "pre-empt the outcome of the permanent status negotiations" and could drastically change the role of the PLO in the UN's deliberations. But that objection will cut little ice with the vast bulk of UN members who point out that the original target of May 1999 for a "final settlement" is, to all intents and purposes, dead and buried, thanks to Mr Netanyahu.

The upgrading, whereby the PLO delegation would rank ahead of other observers and be granted six seats in the Assembly chamber, is small beer compared to what might happen if Yasser Arafat goes through with his threat to de-

clare an independent Palestine on Gaza and the West Bank next May, assuming the "final settlement" has not been reached.

Israel's certain reaction would be to annex the territories - a step which could detonate a new Middle East war. In Israel itself, pressure is mounting for Mr Netanyahu finally to make up his mind on the latest American plan to break the deadlock.

Two right-wing cabinet ministers have said a decision is necessary "within days" on whether to agree to Washington's proposal of withdrawal from a further 13 per cent of the West Bank in return for solid guarantees on security from Mr Arafat.

## IN BRIEF

### Berlusconi given two years' jail

A COURT in Milan convicted the media mogul and former prime minister Silvio Berlusconi of bribing tax inspectors and sentenced him to two years and nine months' jail. It came after more than two years of trial for Berlusconi, who is leader of Italy's centre-right opposition.

### Serbs claim Kosovo success

SERB POLICE fighting ethnic Albanian insurgents in a village near one of Kosovo's largest cities forced them to retreat. Serb sources said. The pro-government Serb Media Centre said the Kosovo Liberation Army retreated from Lodja, near Pec.

### Sub puts satellite into orbit

A RUSSIAN nuclear submarine successfully launched a German research satellite from the Barents Sea. The *Norovoskotsk*, from the Northern Fleet, launched a booster which put the *Tubsat-N* satellite into orbit.

### Bridge collapse kills 25

AS MANY as 25 people are feared dead after a bridge under construction collapsed in South Africa's eastern Mpumalanga province.

### Christians detained in Riyadh

TEN CHRISTIANS are being held in jail in the Saudi Arabian capital, Riyadh, for possessing bibles and preaching Christian scripture, an independent Vatican news agency, Fides, said yesterday.

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# Fighting spirit of a town so bad they named it twice

AMERICAN TIMES  
LAS VEGAS, NEW MEXICO

"PEOPLE DRIVING down the freeway will often stop and ask where all the casinos are," said Joan Snider, a reporter on the venerable daily newspaper the *Las Vegas Optic* (circulation: 6,500).

No matter that Las Vegas, Nevada, is a long day's drive to the west. "I've kind of quit being surprised how ignorant people can be," she says caustically.

Welcome to the other Las Vegas, a weird time-capsule of old New Mexico where dogs howl at the peeling bells in the Catholic churches, and there's not a casino in sight. Its full name is Nuestra Señora de los Dolores de Las Vegas, Our Lady of Sorrows of the Meadows.

"That is the other Las Vegas," declares Anne Bradford, a native of Sussex and the proprietor of The Carriage House Bed and Breakfast, set in a stately 19th-century home. "This is the original, founded in 1835."

Las Vegas is a loaded phrase in popular culture, says Melanie LaBorwit, the curator of the city mu-

seum. But few people stop to think what the Spanish means - the meadows. It has fed local suspicion that the desert gambling mecca, an eminently 20th-century city, pinched its name from here.

Nevada's Las Vegas was founded at a time when its namesake in New Mexico was a famous - or notorious - frontier boom town. When Melanie LaBorwit's uncle writes to her, he puts the words "New Mexico" in big, red capitals. The mail still goes to Nevada. Las Vegas residents actually struggle under what in American parlance is a "double whammy".

Residents here insist that many Americans, particularly in the East, do not even realise that New Mexico is part of the United States. That comes as some surprise to those of us that assumed every American school child could at least recite the names of the 50 states. When Joan

Snider was wiring money here from California for the downpayment on a house, for example, senior staff at a local bank told her they couldn't locate the overseas banking code.

An encounter with Las Vegas itself is apt to leave an outsider dazed and confused. Off the beaten tourist track, it has largely escaped the flood of wealthy emigrants that has transformed nearby Santa Fe into an artsy and expensive destination for the California crowd, a process the locals call "Californication".

The town sits on the point where the Rockies end and the vast flatness of the great plains begins. The heart sinks as you approach through the usual strip of motels and mini-malls. But a sign to the old town winds through to the plaza where there is a bandstand encircled by trees, and a row of 19th-century brick buildings that look like

## NOTICE!

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ALL THIEVES, TRUFS, FAKES AND -BUNKO-STEERERS, BEWARE! THE CITY OF LAS VEGAS, NEW MEXICO, IS NOW OFFICIALLY A -BUNKO-STEERERS' PARADISE. THE CITY OF LAS VEGAS, NEW MEXICO, IS NOW OFFICIALLY A -BUNKO-STEERERS' PARADISE. THE CITY OF LAS VEGAS, NEW MEXICO, IS NOW OFFICIALLY A -BUNKO-STEERERS' PARADISE.

25 found within the limits of this City after being stolen from a -BUNKO-STEERER. The signs of which will be sent by 100 Substantial Citizens.

A sign of the times in 19th century Las Vegas

the false front of a Western movie set.

After its days as a violent pioneer city on the Santa Fe trail, attracting the likes of Doc Holliday and Wyatt Earp, and then as a bustling rail head, Las Vegas went into a kind of cold storage, bypassed first by the freeways, then by the airlines. The town has 900 listed historic build-



The original settlers here were not the American cowboys, but Spanish colonists, with 29 families given a grant of land by Mexico in 1835. For most of this century, Las Vegas was actually divided into two rival cities - older and Hispanic West Las Vegas, with the newer and Anglo Las Vegas.

Separated by the Galinas river they were not formally joined until 1970. It is the Spanish influence that still shapes much of the local culture.

Appearances apart, the city operates on a profoundly different dynamic from the rest of the West. Independence Day is celebrated here with *caballeros* (horsemen) and *marachi* bands, kicking off with a Catholic mass and presided over by La Reina de la Fiesta, the local beauty queen.

At the local college - the main employer, along with a state mental hospital - nearly three-quarters of the students are Hispanic. Older people speak a Spanish dialect particular to the area. It contains

words like "truje", the past tense of "to bring", instead of "traje", the contemporary word. Linguists say these words are found in Cervantes' *Don Quixote*, signs of an antique Spanish that was largely isolated from outside change.

Other mysteries abound. In the remote rural villages round Las Vegas, people say they still follow Easter walks behind Penitentes, a secretive Catholic brotherhood of men who beat themselves on holy occasions, though the practice is slowly dying out.

Some families in this heavily Catholic community, it is said, have long kept another kind of secret - that their forefathers were actually Jews who fled to the colonies of New Spain and then went underground in the face of Catholic persecution.

Las Vegas, New Mexico, could not be more different from its Nevada cousin. But as a largely undiscovered slice of Americana, it is easily its rival.

TIM CORNWELL



Schoolchildren hold anti-smoking signs at the Great American SmokeScream in Massachusetts, one of many recent demonstrations against the tobacco industry

## Sick smokers in massive lawsuit

THEY COUGHED and they wheezed, some even inhaled deeply from tiny oxygen tanks they had brought into a packed Miami courtroom yesterday. They were among an estimated half a million lung-damaged residents of Florida who hope to squeeze billions of dollars out of the big tobacco companies.

It is the first class-action suit by sick smokers ever to come to trial. It involves the largest number of claimants and potentially the largest-ever payout, in the billions of dollars. And it is the biggest courtroom test for "Big Tobacco" since a proposed pact with the government, aimed at ending America's tobacco war, fell apart earlier this year.

Hundreds of claimants and spectators squeezed into the Miami-Dade district courthouse to follow the selection of a pool of 66 jurors, a process likely to take several weeks as a result of entrenched opinions and widespread publicity over

By PHIL DAVISON  
in Miami

the extent of the tobacco companies' responsibilities for smoking-related illnesses. The trial itself - listed as *Engle et al versus RJ Reynolds et al* - is likely to last many months.

Despite, or perhaps because of, the collapse of the proposed tobacco bill, the big manufacturers are confident of victory this time round. They note that previous cases in which they settled out of court were made in the climate of the pending pact with the government.

"Things were different then. There was a climate of compromise. There'll be no deals this time round," said a tobacco company spokesman, who added he believed the industry had regained the upper hand in the debate over responsibility.

He noted that a Florida appeals court had overturned a \$750,000 (\$450,000) award to a cancer-suffering smoker last

month, citing irregularities in the original finding. The award to Grady Carter in 1996 had been billed as a "milestone" by the anti-tobacco movement because it was only the second time a jury had awarded damages in a smoking liability case.

But after the successful appeal, the cigarette maker involved, Brown and Williamson, described the ruling as "a major victory" and predicted it would affect the outcome of more than 500 individual lawsuits still pending in the US.

In this latest case, the tobacco lawyers argue that the number of claimants is too high for one case to cover. The lawyers arguing for the claimants began their case with one employee-sufferer, Dr Howard Engle, in 1994, but then widened the mandate to include any smoking-related sick resident of Florida. The tobacco lawyers argue that most of these moved to the state after they became sick and should not be included.

## France takes the knife to exploding health budget

FRENCH POLITICS is littered with the fractured careers of those who tried to reform the country's health system. The most recent victim was Alain Juppé, the prime minister defeated last year.

The latest hero - or heroine - to offer to fight the dragon is Martine Aubry, Minister of Solidarity (employment and social security), who wants to cut up to \$300m from an exploding health budget before the end of the year.

As a first round of emergency surgery, she is to impose reductions on the steeply rising payments made to dentists, radiologists and pharmaceutical companies. She is also seeking a longer-term cure.

The draconian approach adopted by Mr Juppé - across-the-board "fines" on doctors in regions which exceeded their budget - proved effective. But it also generated strikes and demonstrations by doctors and

By JOHN LICHFIELD  
in Paris

was declared unconstitutional earlier this year.

The ruling, by the constitutional council, left France without a strategy for controlling a health budget which is now the third largest in the world. France spends 9.8 per cent of its GNP on health - in other words almost one franc of every 10 francs it earns. This compares to 14.2 per cent in the United States, 10.4 per cent in Germany and 6.9 per cent in Britain.

The deficit on the public health budget this year is supposed to be pegged at £1.2bn but the scrapping of the Juppé controls threatens to shatter this figure. Ms Aubry has announced a series of negotiations with all branches of the medical profession and the health industry to try to find other ways of controlling spending before

the end of the year. She has warned that some system of penalties on doctors, more "flexible" than those imposed by Mr Juppé, will be introduced if the negotiations fail.

In particular, Ms Aubry wants to be the first person to stop the French from guzzling so much expensive medicine. A report to the health ministry earlier this year found that the French consume two and a half times more antibiotics than the Germans (the next most heavily dosed European nation) and three times more psychiatric drugs than the European Union average.

More than one-third of French people over 65 take between five and ten different medicines a day. (In France, the newspaper *Libération* observed, old age is now considered a disease.)

As a first step to controlling a prescriptions budget 9 per cent overspent this year, Ms

Aubry wants to give high-street chemists the power to issue cheaper generic medicines, in the place of branded medicines prescribed by doctors.

In the longer term, she wants to educate patients and doctors into demanding and prescribing fewer medicines.

Here, she runs into the fundamental generosity and freedom of the French health system. French people can change doctors as they please and even visit specialists without prior consultation with GPs. Fees are refunded by the state within an approved scale. Doctors who refuse to prescribe a satisfyingly high number of drugs find that their patients migrate to those doctors who do.

The Juppé plan introduced inducements to encourage patients to abandon this so-called "nomadism" and stick with one doctor. This sensible idea was also rejected by the constitutional council.

## US military hit by new sex scandal

WASHINGTON was hit by another highly embarrassing military sex scandal yesterday, with the disclosure that a senior general had been permitted to retire with full honours, even though he was the subject of serious accusations of misconduct. The case appeared to support the widely held suspicion that the military operates a double standard where sexual misconduct is concerned, with indulgence shown to senior officers and court martial for the rest.

In the latest case, a Pentagon inquiry has found that a two-star American general engaged in "in a pattern of inappropriate behaviour" with the wives of four subordinates while serving in a senior Nato position in Turkey.

The inquiry concluded that General David Hale, who was deputy commanding general of Nato land forces in south-

By MARY DEJEVSKY  
in Washington

eastern Europe until a year ago, had also permitted government funds to be used for travel by a mistress, and made "false and misleading statements" to investigators.

The inquiry was instituted earlier this year following accusations by Donna Maria Carpio, wife of one of Gen Hale's subordinates, that he had blackmailed her into a sexual relationship. Ms Carpio, who is now divorced, said the general had promised to protect her husband from, unproven, allegations of adultery if she agreed to "a sexual commitment".

She went public with her accusations in March, after Gen Hale - by then promoted to the US Army's deputy head of personnel - had been permitted to retire with full honours a month into the investigation of his conduct. She and her ex-husband joined forces to protest against the decision, recounting their experience in the right-wing *Washington Times*. In a television interview yesterday Ms Carpio described Gen Hale's conduct as "psychological rape".

The Pentagon's inquiry established that Ms Carpio was one of four women who were the subject of improper attention from Gen Hale during his two-year assignment in Izmir. Carolyn Maloney, a Democrat Congresswoman from New York, who has been active in pursuit of sexual misconduct complaints in the military, said that the findings and the way they had come out confirmed her "worst suspicions".

Gen Hale, she said, "is retired somewhere, fat and happy, while others who are accused of much lesser crimes face court martials [sic], public humiliation and financial ruin."

Earlier this year, the former top enlisted man in the US Army, Sgt Gene McKinney, was forced to retire early after being court-martialled on multiple counts of sexual harassment, only one of which was proved.

Last year, Kelly Flynn, the first female B52 pilot, was given a dishonourable discharge after lying about an affair with the civilian husband of another soldier. Both insisted that senior officers facing similar accusations were permitted to continue their service or retire with honour.

The outcry that followed these cases led the Pentagon to give an undertaking that no officer would be permitted to retire while an investigation was in progress.

Yesterday, the Pentagon said Gen Hale would be punished if the criminal investigation which it has now instigated showed "significant" misconduct.

MEDECINS SANS FRONTIERES

## SUDAN EMERGENCY APPEAL

Over one million people in southern Sudan are facing the real threat of starvation. The war has forced people from their homes and land and two years of drought have devastated crops. Médecins Sans Frontières medical teams are running nutrition centres in the worst-affected areas, feeding the most vulnerable, especially children and their mothers. Malnourished people need special feeding mixes, containing vital nutrients. Our teams care for the most severe cases around the clock. MSF is also providing seeds to help people provide for themselves in future. The only long-term solution to the southern Sudan tragedy is peace. But we can't sit back and wait - people need your help now.



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# BUSINESS

## BRIEFING

### Lloyd's settles over HQ repairs



A LONG-RUNNING row between Lloyd's of London and the builders of its revolutionary "inside out" headquarters building on Lime Street has been settled. The architect, Sir Richard Rogers, engineer Ove Arup and contractor Bovis are understood to have paid an undisclosed sum to Lloyd's covering the costs of refurbishment work. Lloyd's was believed to be looking for

up to £12m after it had to replace outside service pipes. Lloyd's officials refused to give details about the settlement, citing confidentiality. Claims were also settled against Haden Young and Senior Construction Services.

### Shares in housebuilder plunge

HOUSEBUILDER the Berkeley Group yesterday saw its shares fall steeply as investors took fright over possible interest-rate rises and a downturn in the housing market. The shares fell 30.5p to 585p despite chairman Graham Roper predicting a "soft landing" for house prices. Berkeley's profits grew by 34 per cent to £100.3m in the year to 30 April while profits at estate agents Savills rose 49 per cent to £11.3m. Savills' 870 staff shared windfall payments totalling £14.6m.

Savills report, page 19. Berkeley: Investment, page 21

### Victor Kiam takes over at Ronson

THE UPHEAVAL at Ronson, the troubled lighters and sunglasses group, continued yesterday when Victor Kiam, the colourful US entrepreneur, took over as executive chairman. His move follows the resignation of chief executive Richard Furze and his deputy Lars Rydstrom.

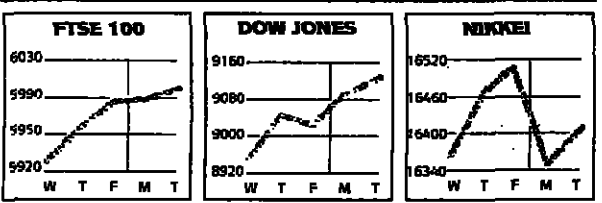
Mr Kiam, who once famously bought Remington, the razor blade maker, because he liked its product so much, was brought in as non-executive chairman earlier this year after he helped to guarantee Ronson's bank overdraft. The company, which warned in May that it expected to make a loss of around £11.5m, is trying to put together a refinancing package. Ronson has been reeling ever since Howard Hodgson, the former funeral parlour king, resigned as chief executive last year.

### P&O faces £200m EU fine

P&O could be heading for a £200m fine from the European Union over allegations of price fixing in the North Atlantic container freight markets. But the shipping company would contest any fine in the courts, said broker Dresdner Kleinwort Benson, which met the company earlier this week.

DKB maintained its full-year 1998 pre-tax profit forecast at £440m despite the possible EU fine and continuing poor freight earnings in Asian markets.

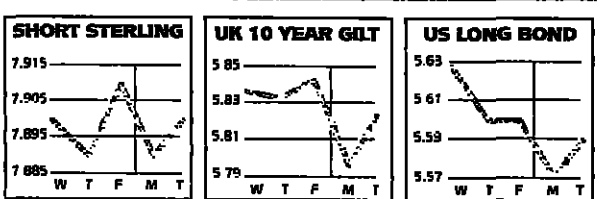
## STOCK MARKETS



Dow Jones index and graph at 5pm

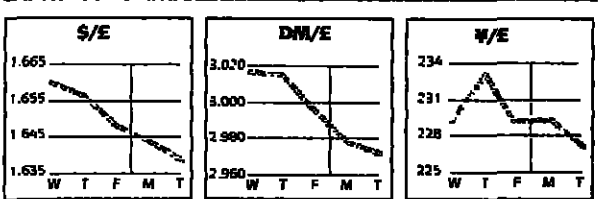
Index	Close	Change	Change (%)	52 wk high	52 wk low	Yield (%)
FTSE 100	5003.40	13.10	0.22	5150.50	4382.80	3.80
FTSE 250	5603.30	14.80	0.27	5970.90	4384.20	3.47
FTSE 350	2888.60	6.60	0.23	2940.10	2141.80	3.74
FTSE All Share	2812.87	5.74	0.20	2872.04	2106.59	3.71
FTSE SmallCap	2594.90	-3.70	-0.14	2793.80	2182.10	3.20
FTSE Fledgling	1420.90	-5.80	-0.39	1517.10	1225.20	3.35
FTSE AIM	1094.30	-0.70	-0.06	1146.90	965.90	1.16
FTSE ERLC 100	1094.02	3.56	0.33			
Dow Jones	9130.12	38.06	0.42	9261.91	8971.32	1.57
Nikkei	15416.28	65.83	0.40	20698.67	14488.21	0.93
Hang Seng	8444.18	-39.94	-0.47	16820.31	7351.68	4.85
Dax	5960.98	42.61	0.72	5986.14	3487.24	2.56

## INTEREST RATES



Index	3 month	6 month	1 year	10 year	30 year	Long bond	Yr Chg
UK	7.88	0.81	0.00	0.55	5.82	-1.19	5.40
US	5.69	-0.06	5.81	-0.22	5.41	-0.85	5.59
Japan	0.62	-0.02	0.64	-0.16	1.61	-0.94	2.14
Germany	3.55	0.43	3.83	0.57	4.72	-0.83	5.30

## CURRENCIES



Index	Close	Change	Yr Ago	at 5pm	Change	Yr Ago
Dollar	1.6380	-0.04c	1.6872	Sterling	0.6105	+0.24p
D-Mark	2.9723	-0.63p	2.9539	D-Mark	1.8143	+0.25p
Yen	227.16	-93.51	190.48	Yen	139.74	-41.59
S Index	105.90	0.00	103.30	S Index	112.80	0.00

## OTHER INDICATORS

Index	Close	Chg	Yr Ago	Index	Close	Chg	Yr Ago
Brent Oil (\$)	11.35	-0.14	18.16	GDP	114.80	3.00	111.06
Gold (\$)	294.60	1.20	318.00	RPI	163.50	4.20	156.91
Silver (\$)	5.35	0.02	4.47	Base Rates	7.50	6.50	

## TOURIST RATES

Country	Rate	Country	Rate
Australia	2.5514	Japan	225.61
Austria	20.22	Malta	0.6226
Belgium	59.43	New Zealand	3.0347
Canada	2.3437	Norway	12.28
Cyprus	0.6377	Portugal	290.96
Denmark	11.04	Saudi Arabia	5.9525
Finland	8.7961	South Africa	9.7881
France	9.6249	Spain	243.52
Germany	2.8857	Sweden	12.91
Greece	477.22	Switzerland	2.4296
Holland	3.2436	Turkey	419262.00
Hong Kong	12.26	USA	1.5961
Ireland	1.1365		
Italy	2845.00		

Source: Emtel

## Home of RAF sold to escape front-line cuts

THE MINISTRY OF Defence yesterday sold part of Farnborough airfield to the property company Slough Estates as part of the Government's drive to raise £1bn a year from asset sales.

Slough is to take over a 180-acre site containing the original headquarters of the Royal Air Force and a number of listed buildings, including one of the UK's first wind tunnels. It is investing £250m to redevelop the land, regarded as the largest available commercial site in the M3 corridor.

BY MICHAEL HARRISON

Aerodrome, home of the airshow, which has been sold to the Swiss company Tag Hauer.

Slough said it planned to develop 1.6 million sq ft of office space at Farnborough. The site is adjacent to the Farnborough

lowlands the publication last November of the National Asset Register, a 546-page Domesday Book of the state's £300bn asset portfolio, listing everything from stud farms and artillery ranges to highland crofts and works of art and motorway service stations.

Nicola Maxted, a partner with Hillier Parker, said: "The MoD has always brought forward land for sale when it was deemed surplus to requirements. Sometimes there are not many buyers around, for instance in the early Nineties. But just now, by a happy coincidence for the Chancellor, the market is more buoyant."

The £1bn worth of Whitehall asset sales, coupled with a further £2.75bn of local authority asset sales a year, are designed to help Mr Brown achieve his target of increasing public spending in real terms by 2.25 per cent a year while balancing

the budget. There have also been suggestions that the Foreign Office's vast overseas property portfolio, including more than 1,000 apartments, 136 offices and 157 residences may be ripe for asset-stripping.

Other government departments with healthy portfolios that could be exploited include Culture, Media and Sport, which owns Trafalgar Square, Marble Arch, 58 statues in London and all its prime museums.

## Rover warns strong pound may force a move overseas

BY MICHAEL HARRISON

ROVER warned yesterday that it may have to move future model production abroad if sterling remains at its present high level.

The car maker, taken over by BMW of Germany in 1994, also said it was conducting an immediate review of its £4bn component spend to see whether it could source more parts from overseas suppliers.

Rover, Britain's biggest car maker, employs 40,000 people directly, but a total of 300,000 UK jobs depend on the company's operations. Any move to scale back component purchases or car production would have a severe impact.

"The high value of the pound is affecting our competitiveness abroad and this is serious because we export about 57 per cent of our cars," said a Rover spokesman. "In the long term you have to consider manufacturing abroad."

Rover stressed there was no intention to shift existing production, adding that the jobs of its 35,000-strong manufacturing workforce, the Longbridge, Cowley and Solihull car plants, and the £600m annual investment programme were all secure.

Nor is the company's immediate model renewal programme about to change. A replacement for the Rover 600-800 series, codenamed the R40, is to go into production later this year after a £400m investment



at Cowley. The successor to the Mini, due out in 2000, will still be built at Longbridge, creating 1,000 jobs.

But one company course said that if the choice of where to make the new Mini were being made today, the UK would not be the automatic favourite because of the strong pound.

An unnamed company executive, quoted in the latest edition of *Auto Express Magazine*, said the strength of sterling had plunged Rover into a "crisis". He added: "The current situation is so serious that we have to consider the possibility of building abroad."

But yesterday the company

sought to temper those remarks. "We are not in a crisis at the moment nor are we looking to see if we can move production in the near or medium term. But the pound is way overvalued and it is hurting us. It is a serious situation."

Dr Walter Haselkuss, the chief executive of Rover, has

cautioned before that the strength of sterling could force a review of component purchasing. Between 80 and 90 per cent of each Rover car is local content, but this figure could come down to 70 to 75 per cent.

The engine for the new Mini is being built at a plant in Brazil jointly owned by BMW and

Rover's plants in the UK employ 40,000 people directly, but about 300,000 jobs depend on the car maker's operations. Sourcing more parts abroad could seriously affect suppliers.

See Features

Chrysler of the US, and Rover is looking for other opportunities to source overseas.

The company has limited overseas production at the moment. It makes Land Rovers from kits in South Africa and a similar operation is to begin in Brazil next year. BMW has a US plant making the Z3 sports car.

The spokesman said Rover would like to see sterling at around DM2.70 compared to its current rate of DM2.97. He added that the strength of the pound was jeopardising Rover's target to move into profit by the end of the decade.

Last year Rover cut its bottom-line loss from £119m to £92m despite sterling's rise. Overall, 56 per cent of the 520,000 cars sold were exported, with Continental sales rising sharply. Sales to Italy were up by more than a third while German sales rose by 41 per cent.

This year exports are likely to be at a similar level of around 290,000 but, at current exchange rates, they will not be profitable.

Outlook, page 17

## 'Collusion' on Nissan raid

BY FRANCESCO GUERRERA

THE Inland Revenue was yesterday accused in the High Court of "colluding" with Nissan Motor Cars (NMC), the Japanese car maker, in a raid on Nissan UK, the company headed by exiled businessman Octav Botnar.

In the latest stage of a legal saga involving now-withdrawn allegations of fraud against Mr Botnar and his company, Alun Jones QC, acting for Mr Botnar, claimed that a raid by 135 Inland Revenue officers on Nissan UK's headquarters in 1991 "indicated collusion" with the Japanese parent company. The claim is denied by NMC and the Inland Revenue.

Mr Jones told the High Court that following the raid, a distribution deal due to be signed between Nissan UK and Fiat, the Italian car maker, came to nothing. The deal was aimed at ensuring the financial survival of Nissan UK after the Japanese parent company had terminated the agreement which al-

lowed Mr Botnar's firm to import Nissan cars into Britain.

"There is evidence of collusion with NMC which had powerful commercial interests to serve," Mr Jones told the court.

The hearing is to decide whether a legal action started by 84-year-old Mr Botnar against the Inland Revenue and two of its senior officers should proceed. The tax authorities have argued the action should not go ahead as it is bound to fail, noting that two of Mr Botnar's fellow directors were convicted over related matters.

In a writ issued in February, Mr Botnar claimed damages for malicious prosecution in relation to two warrants of arrest issued by the Revenue in 1992 and 1995 for alleged tax fraud.

The Revenue had dropped the case at the end of 1997 following evidence that Mr Botnar was too ill to stand trial.

An Inland Revenue spokesman yesterday declined to comment on the hearing.

The case was adjourned until Monday.

## Our Price is sold to Virgin

WH SMITH will announce today that it has completed the sale of its 75 per cent stake in the Virgin-Our Price music chain to Richard Branson's Virgin Group for £145m, writes Nigel Cope.

However, there was some confusion over whether the deal had been completed yesterday after the full acquisition price failed to arrive at WH Smith's bankers in time.

The deal gives Virgin control of 235 Our Price music shops as well as its own 80 megastores. The business will be part of Virgin Entertainment, run by Simon Burke, a former board director of WH Smith.

Virgin Entertainment includes Virgin's 31 cinemas in the UK and Ireland. Part of the group's strategy will be to speed up the introduction of retail outlets in the cinemas.

Virgin is appointing separate managing directors for the megastore and Our Price formats. "We feel the Our Price format has been under-exploited," Mr Burke said.

## Former accountant is heir apparent at RBS

BY JOHN WILLCOCK

DR GEORGE Mathewson, group chief executive of Royal Bank of Scotland, has picked a 39-year-old former accountant, Fred Goodwin, to succeed him when he retires from the top job in May 2000.

Mr Goodwin, currently chief executive of Yorkshire Bank, was appointed deputy group chief executive of RBS yesterday.

He sprang to fame in 1992 as chief executive officer for the worldwide liquidation of Bank of Credit and Commerce International when he was a partner with Touche Ross, the accountancy firm.

Dr Mathewson stressed yesterday that no decision had yet been made on the succession, but observers interpreted Mr Goodwin's appointment as ending a long period of speculation about the future of RBS.

Mr Goodwin graduated in law before joining Touche Ross (now Deloitte & Touche) in 1979. Between 1992 and 1995 he was in charge of the administrative side of running the liquidation

of BCCI, the biggest business collapse in history. This won Mr Goodwin acclaim in accountancy and banking circles.

A Deloitte & Touche spokesman said yesterday: "Mr Goodwin impressed the hell out of every banker he ever met."

National Australia Group (NAG) recruited Mr Goodwin in 1995 to be deputy chief executive of its Scottish subsidiary,

Clydesdale Bank, where he became well acquainted with Dr Mathewson. Mr Goodwin took the top job there and in 1997 was appointed chief executive of another NAG subsidiary, Yorkshire Bank.

Dr Mathewson said Mr Goodwin will take over Bob Speirs' role as finance director of RBS when the latter retires this October. Mr Goodwin will also work closely together with Dr Mathewson on strategic issues, the chief executive said.

Separately, Fred Grauer, co-chair of Barclays Global Investors (BGI), and Richard Reay-Smith, chief executive of UK retail banking, both members of Barclays' executive committee, have decided to leave the group.

Barclays said yesterday that as part of a management shake-up, Pattle Dunn, currently co-chair of BGI, and Elizabeth Wade, director of corporate communications, have been appointed to the executive committee.



Fred Goodwin: Sprang to fame in BCCI liquidation

## AROUND THE WORLD'S MARKETS

### LONDON

FOR THE FIFTH consecutive session blue chips made headway with Footsie ending 13.1 points higher at 6,003.4.

At one time it was 48.3 ahead but nagging fears the Monetary Policy Committee could produce another interest rate surprise took the edge off proceedings. The mid cap index was also firm but the small cap index was again weak as the difficulty of trading in small shares took its toll. BT crossed 800p for the first time, up 14p at 805p.

Derek Pain, page 21

### NEW YORK

WALL STREET stocks turned handily positive in late-morning trading, led by strength in blue-chip issues.

The Dow Jones Industrial Average, down slightly for much of the morning, started climbing by midday. The dollar fell back to 138 against the yen amid new hopes that Tokyo will soon push through new tax cuts. But the dollar gained ground against the German mark as investors worried more about Russia's financial woes.

### TOKYO

STOCKS finished higher after politicians suggested that Japan would work towards permanent tax cuts after Sunday's election.

A modestly stronger yen helped support shares. The Nikkei 225 average rose 65.83 points, or 0.40 per cent, to 16,416.28. Comments by the LDP bolstered optimism that talks on tax reform were in their final stages. Earlier, the Economic Planning Agency said the government would begin considering permanent tax cuts after the 12 July election.

### SINGAPORE

SHARES were pushed back from morning highs after Prime Minister Goh Chok Tong said Singapore was likely to slide into recession in 1999.

This sent the Singapore dollar sliding towards US\$1.70. The Straits Times Industrials Index ended at 1,115.18, down 12.33 points or 1.09 per cent. A week ago, Singapore cut its growth forecast for 1998 to between 0.5 and 1.5 per cent from 2.5 to 4.5 per cent because of the Asian economic crisis.

### GERMANY

AIRLINE Lufthansa led stocks up after Salomon Smith Barney, the US investment bank, raised its target price and earnings forecast.

The benchmark DAX Xetra index of 30 companies rose 33.81 points, or 0.57 per cent, to 5,975.88, after surging to a high of 5,998.92. Lufthansa gained DM3.9, more than 7 per cent, rising to a high of DM54.8. Salomon Smith Barney raised the company's target to DM52 from DM44 and raised its earnings per share forecast for 1999 to DM2.49 from DM2.43.



# London embraces our euro future

FIRST the single European market, then the single European currency, now the single European stock market. It is hard to overstate the significance of yesterday's link between the London Stock Exchange and the Deutsche Börse (Frankfurt) to develop a common exchange for the trading of shares in major European companies. This is the first big league attempt at the creation of integrated capital markets in Europe and as such, it may be as momentous an event for the City as Big Bang or the ending of foreign exchange controls.



## OUTLOOK

True, there have already been a number of alliances between European derivative markets, but these have been small bear by comparison and have tended in any case to be characterised by mutual mistrust. Furthermore, the most important futures market in Europe, Liffe, has doggedly refused to join the party, preferring instead to go it alone and hope against hope that it can run fast enough ahead of the pack to retain its present dominant position.

In the past, we've been a critic in this column of Gavin Casey, chief executive of the London Stock Exchange. The changeover from

quote to order driven trading has not been handled well and the new system is widely seen in the City as a disaster. Nonetheless, the Stock Exchange deserves credit for this latest initiative. Rather than bury his head in the sand, as Liffe seems to have done, Mr Casey has chosen to adopt a radical, forward looking approach to the introduction of the euro, and by doing so, he might long term have saved the London Exchange and perhaps the City too from oblivion.

Moreover, he has done so in a manner which hedges the Exchange's bets. If the single currency is a success, and capital markets integrate in the manner required to

make the euro a strong reserve currency on a par with the dollar, then this plan ensures that the Exchange and London will always be at the centre of that process. But if the currency fails to make that leap, then nothing is lost; London would be the default centre of preference and its present position as the biggest trader of international equities would be retained.

Many will see this announcement as a defensive, an "if you can't beat them join them" approach to the growing competitive threat the European bourses, and particularly the Deutsche Börse, pose to the London market. Undoubtedly there is an element of that in what the LSE is doing. That competition between London and Frankfurt for major listings should cease is in some respects a bad thing. But it is also probably inevitable. There are 39 stock exchanges in Europe and still their combined capitalisation adds up to a good deal less than that of the three big exchanges in the US - the Big Board, Nasdaq, and the American Stock Exchange. The latter two of these are merging, reducing the number of serious exchanges in the US to just two. Already some European high

tech companies are choosing to list on Nasdaq, where valuations are higher and access to capital easier, in preference to its European counterparts. Nasdaq's saturation bombing of the airwaves adds to the sense of siege being felt by European markets. Quite apart from the need to adapt for the introduction of the Euro, then, some degree of consolidation would plainly be necessary in any case. The to the death battle developing between Frankfurt and London was never likely to do either side, or the companies and investors who use these markets, much good.

What's happening is all very well for big, international investors; what of small, nationally based, retail investors? As always, not much thought has been given to what becomes of them. Even so, it is hard to see how what's proposed can disadvantage them any more than they are already, provided adequate arrangements remain in place for trading of smaller company shares.

It was always tempting to think the City could survive and prosper in its present role as an entrepot between nations, an offshore financial centre where everyone likes to do business. Unfortunately, that was

never likely to remain the case once the euro had become properly bedded in. It is therefore good to see the stock exchange, for so long the repository of backward looking vested interest, grasping the future with such enthusiasm.

## Rover a case for the euro

TRADES from exporters about the overvalued pound have become about as commonplace as sendings off in the World Cup. But when a manufacturer as high-profile as Rover warns it may start producing cars abroad unless sterling weakens, then it is clear the high exchange rate has the capacity to hurt more than just whingeing exporters.

Cars equal jobs, equal votes, equal parliamentary majorities. Rover, now owned by Germany's BMW, may be over-egging the case to suggest that it provides 300,000 jobs in the UK. But it is reasonable to assume the number is well into six figures, many of them in marginal Midlands constituencies.

It ought to be self-evident that the

high pound would be hurting Rover badly since it now exports twice the number of cars it did a decade ago. Overseas markets account for well over half all sales, most of them presumably unprofitable with the pound nudging DM3.

Oddly enough, however, the bare facts do not support Rover's argument. Last year sterling appreciated by about 20 per cent against the German mark. At the same time Rover increased its overseas sales by 13,000 to 290,000 (including a 40 per cent rise in exports to the Fatherland) and still managed to cut its losses from £119m to £92m. Ignoring those alien German accounting conventions which allow companies to write off 100 per cent of investment against profits in a single year, Rover actually made a profit of £31m.

Dr Walter Hasselkus, the German who is now in the driving seat at Longbridge, says Rover's plucky performance in the face of a hostile exchange rate is testament to the efficiency improvements achieved since BMW arrived on the scene in 1994. His point is, however, that it cannot last. Rover's target is to achieve profitability by the end of the decade. Sterling's apprecia-

tion is knocking Dr Hasselkus badly off course. BMW has already invested north of £2bn in Rover and has yet to see a return. Munich's patience will only last so long.

Dr Hasselkus and Rover have been to Downing Street once before to lobby the Government for a lower exchange rate. Unfortunately, the answer remains the same. There is little the Prime Minister or his Chancellor can do to talk down the pound - short, that is, of committing sterling to enter the single European currency, preferably this side of the next election. Certainly that would make Rover happy, and would suit BMW even more, not to mention the German political establishment. It is in this context that Rover's threat to sacrifice British jobs needs to be seen.

For every business establishment old timer coming out against the euro, there's now an inward investor warning of dire consequences if we don't take the plunge. It is by no means clear where the balance of business power now lies - pro or anti the euro. But logically all those who complain loudly about the strength of the power ought to find themselves in the former category.

# SE signs up for single European bourse

News Analysis: London and Frankfurt bury differences in historic agreement to trade top stocks

THE LONDON and German stock exchanges are to join forces, a historic agreement which will pave the way for a single European stock market.

The two exchanges yesterday signed a memorandum of understanding and outlined details of a strategic alliance. The two are to create a 50/50 joint venture, and will work together to develop a pan-European stock market for the largest 300 European companies. Smaller European companies will not be affected by the move, at least not in the short to medium term.

In a press conference at London's Savoy Hotel, John Kemp-Welch, chairman of the London Stock Exchange (LSE), said: "There is much work to be done, but I believe that today is a very important day for both our exchanges, marking, as it does, the first step along the road to a single European stock market."

The London Stock Exchange and the Deutsche Börse said they hoped to form a "core nucleus" around which a pan-European stock market would be based.

The two intend to invite other exchanges to join them, and Mr Kemp-Welch said that he had yesterday spoken to a number of chairmen and chief executives of other European bourses. The LSE chairman said: "They were all very interested in the concept. We all see the ultimate destination clearly, it's just a question of the route."

Jeremy Seddon, head of British Invisibles, called the news "the most important development since Big Bang."

The announcement marks a watershed in relations between London and Frankfurt. Dr Werner Seifert, chief executive of the Deutsche Börse, said he wanted to "end all speculation about a battle between London

and Frankfurt, which was never intended on either side."

Dr Seifert said the Deutsche Börse was still exploring possibilities for co-operation with Nasdaq, the US exchange, but emphasised that the LSE link-up was his top priority.

The first task for the two exchanges, which have been in meaningful negotiations since the spring, will be to establish an administrative structure for their joint venture.

The LSE and the Deutsche Börse have already chosen a "project board", which will steer the work. The six-strong board will consist of the two exchange chief executives - Dr Seifert and Gavin Casey, two Deutsche Börse executive board members and two members of the LSE's management committee. Over the next few weeks, the project board will be picking staff and determining the structure of the "project group", which will be responsible for carrying out the bulk of the development work.

Once the administrative niceties are sorted out, the project group - the exchanges have yet to settle on a proper name for their joint initiative - will get down to business. One of their first tasks will be to begin work on harmonising the market rules and codes of practice which currently apply to the exchanges' largest stocks. Mr Casey said he expected to make significant progress on this front over the next 12 months.

Market participants will notice the first concrete changes on 4 January 1999. From that point on, the London and Frankfurt exchanges will no longer compete for listings of the 300 or so largest European companies. The few top Euro-



At the announcement are (left to right) John Kemp-Welch, LSE chairman; Werner Seifert, Deutsche Börse; and the LSE's Gavin Casey

pean companies which are currently quoted in both London and Frankfurt will be quoted on just one exchange.

After this preliminary stage, much of the project group's time and energy is expected to be devoted to thinking about the mechanics of the new pan-European exchange. Mr Casey said yesterday that the two intended to develop a "common electronic platform". The question of the most appropriate electronic system will be a thorny one - in recent years, the exchanges have spent substantial amounts of time and money developing proprietary electronic platforms.

Although Economic and Monetary Union (EMU) was a factor behind the link-up, it was not the only factor of rele-

vance, the exchanges said. In a speech in London, Dr Seifert highlighted a number of driving forces, including the presence of large global institutional investors and the pace of technological change. He called the exchanges' strategic alliance "a logical answer to the marginalisation of national and local financial centres."

Mr Casey, like Dr Seifert, talked about the impact of EMU, but also stressed the importance of adapting to the changing needs of customers. He said: "Investors want to invest in Europe by sector, they

want access to pan-European liquidity, and pension fund managers will increasingly look to equities as demand for private pensions drives ever upwards."

Market reaction to the news was, on the whole, positive. Fund managers, dealers and investors alike spoke of the increased liquidity that the link-up would bring, and speculated that a single European exchange would attract a greater flow of funds from powerful US institutional investors.

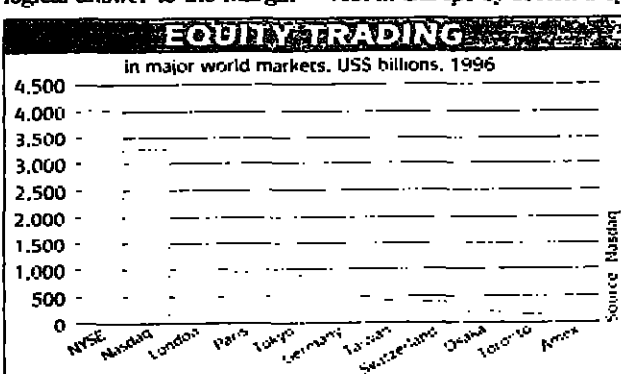
The London Investment Banking Association (LIBA) summed up the feelings of the securities industry, saying it "warmly welcomed the creation of a unified, liquid and low-cost European equity market."

The few dissenting voices highlighted concerns over the

potential anti-competitive implications of the link-up. One analyst commented: "It rather looks like the two exchanges are simply trying to protect their own national monopolies."

The exchanges are thought unlikely to face substantial regulatory hurdles, either in London or in Brussels. "The political appeal of all this is just too great," commented one City source.

The other European exchanges now have to act. If they decide to go it alone, they face marginalisation from the global stage. But any European exchange that does join the strategic alliance will inevitably be a very junior partner in a venture that will be spearheaded by the two powerhouses of London and Frankfurt.



# From coffee-house deals to electronic trading



1553: The world's first joint-stock company, the Muscovy Company, founded in London.  
1600s: Steady increase in the number of joint-stock companies and the number of associated brokers. Investors wishing to buy and sell shares meet their brokers in City coffee houses.

1760: A group of 150 brokers are thrown out of the Royal Exchange for being too rowdy. They form a club at Jonathan's Coffee House where they meet to buy and sell shares.  
1773: Brokers vote to change the name of Jonathan's Coffee House to the Stock Exchange.  
1800s: Stock Exchange flour-

ishes and plays an important role in financing UK companies.  
1872: The Exchange Telegraph Company's ticker-tape is introduced, running at six words a minute.  
1914: First World War forces the Exchange to close for six months.  
1960s: Exchange grows rapidly

and brokers removed. Exchange becomes private limited company.  
1995: ADM Market launched.  
1997: Launch of SETS, the Exchange's electronic order-driven trading system.  
1998: London Stock Exchange and Deutsche Börse announce strategic alliance.

**Bond unit closes**  
TRAVELERS UNIT Salomon has disbanded its US bond-arbitrage operations due to reluctance to absorb the risks of the division's bond bets, according to a Travelers spokesman. Travelers plans to reassign the unit's 30 traders to other divisions.

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**Wednesday 8 July 1998**

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# Now BP quits Russian oil sell-off

RUSSIAN PLANS to raise desperately-needed cash by selling off 75 per cent of the state-owned oil group Rosneft received another blow yesterday when BP pulled out of the running.

The decision by the favourite bidder, following Shell's withdrawal last week, threatens to scupper a sale already hit by low oil prices and financial

BY TERRY MACALISTER

market turmoil. Other foreign companies, or even Russian ones like Surgutneftegaz, could still come up with the \$1.6bn (£1bn) asking price for Rosneft, but most analysts believe this is unlikely.

Russian government officials were quoted by the local news agency ITAR-Tass as say-

ing the sale might have to be put off until later in the year when the economic environment might have improved.

The BP decision could not only postpone the sale of Rosneft, but could also put back Russian hopes of selling stakes in other oil and gas companies, such as Gazprom.

The British oil major said: "We will commit ourselves to our

existing Russian assets." These chiefly consist of its 10 per cent holding in another Russian oil company, Sidanko, where it has seats on the board.

BP paid what was thought a high price of \$571m to buy into Sidanko in November. The British company needs to reverse declining oil production before developing exciting gas prospects in eastern Siberia.

Alan Marshall, energy analyst with Robert Fleming, says the decision has no negative implications for BP. "This is a sensible decision by BP. In theory it leaves the way open for someone to come in and scoop the pool with Rosneft, but it seems highly unlikely."

The decision to pull back from Rosneft was not unexpected. Sidanko revealed on

Friday that it would not partner BP in any Rosneft purchase because it did not have the funds.

Shell pulled out of the bidding after its Russian partner, Gazprom, made it clear that it could not afford to contribute funds to any proposed buyout of Rosneft.

But the likely exit of significant foreign participation is a severe setback for the government

and its financial adviser, Dresdner Kleinwort Benson.

Rosneft attracted no sealed bids when it was put up for sale with an initial price tag of \$2.3bn earlier this year. But the government attracted praise for dealing quickly with that setback.

It accepted Dresdner's advice and lowered the price to \$1.6bn. But even this could be

too high: Rosneft has two subsidiaries with interesting acreage on Sakhalin island in the Pacific and in eastern Siberia, but the rest of its assets are deemed of little worth.

So far US oil majors such as Exxon have shown no interest in Rosneft. Arco is one of the few American groups to take a serious interest in the oil industry in Russia.

## Tesco cuts the cost of travel insurance

TESCO'S personal finance business yesterday launched into the travel insurance market with a new policy which it claimed was less than half the price of some of its rivals, writes Andrew Verity.

The supermarket group said Tesco Travel Insurance, which is now on sale at 550 stores in the UK, was up to 50 per cent cheaper than travel insurance offered by travel companies.

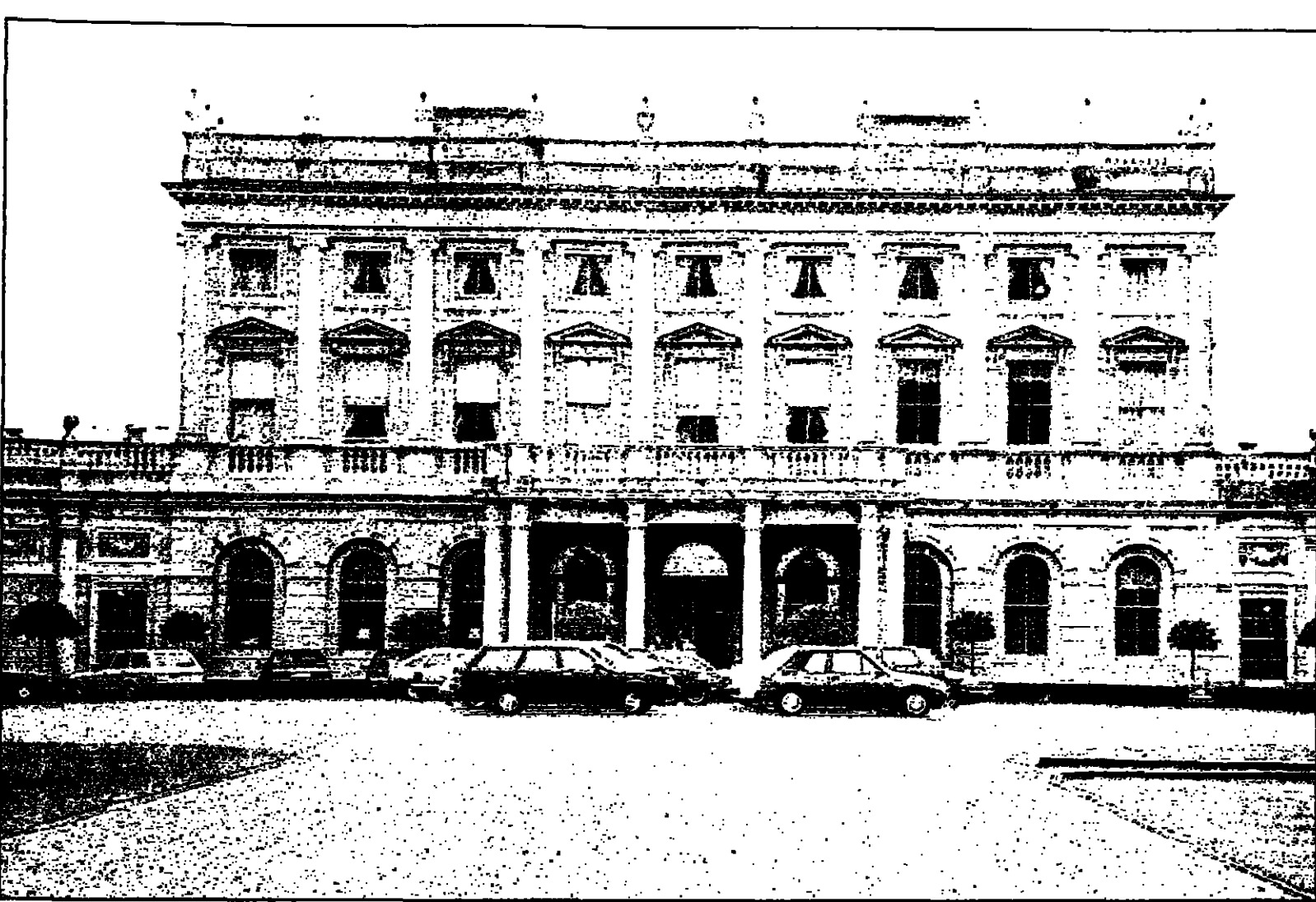
Andy Dewhurst, the marketing director, said: "We believe customers should think twice about their insurance cover and shop around for competitive quotes before signing on the dotted line."

Some travel companies and tour operators, which between them take more than 70 per cent of the travel insurance market, have been accused by rival insurers of offering consumers a poor deal.

A family of four insuring itself with Tesco for 15 days would pay £64.53 for a policy which also covers personal possessions. That compares with £146 from Sunworld or £129.50 for Thomson, according to figures compiled by Tesco.

However, other direct insurers - such as Columbus, Worldwide Travel or Bradford & Bingley - offer prices closer to Tesco's levels.

Tesco claims its travel policy has been tailored to allow customers to be charged by the day rather than suffer a hefty increase in premiums when holidays extend beyond two weeks.



Cliveden, the setting for many of the misdemeanours of the Profumo scandal in the early 1960s, is today a luxurious health spa and hotel

## Gates poised to share in Cliveden



BILL GATES (left) looks set to grab a slice of English history after Cliveden, owner of the country house hotel of that name, recommended its sale to a group of investors which includes the Microsoft chairman.

Cliveden is famed for its part in the Profumo scandal of

the 1960s. The company urged shareholders to accept a £42.8m bid from Destination Europe after it said it had ended talks with rival bidder Goldman Sachs.

Mr Gates, who is worth over \$51bn (£31bn), has a 10 per cent holding in Destination Europe.

The takeover will give him and his partners a share in a high-profile property portfolio including the vast Cliveden house and 375-acre estate on the Thames west of London. The estate, in Berkshire, gained notoriety in the 1960s as the house where the Minister

for War, John Profumo, met Christine Keeler and sparked the Cold War scandal.

Cliveden also owns the Royal Crescent Hotel in Bath, Somerset, and the Cliveden Town House in London.

Cliveden shares dipped 3.5p to 93.5p yesterday.

## Bonanza for estate agent's high-fliers

STAFF AT Savills, the upmarket estate agent, shared a bumper £14.6m bonus last year, with two high-fliers enjoying a reward of £500,000 each, as a buoyant housing market led to a leap in the company's profits, writes Francesco Guerrera.

However, the company warned yesterday that the times of soaring house prices may be coming to an end, with house inflation expected to moderate over the next few years as the economy slows down.

Profits at Savills, which specialises in luxury properties, grew 49 per cent to £11.9m in the year to April, with turnover up 32 per cent to £72.1m.

The jump in profits led to a 15 per cent increase in the

annual bonus for Savills' 870 employees, who are expected to pocket an average of £17,000 each on top of their basic salary.

The bonus is loosely based on profits, but it is also calculated on the amount of business estate agents bring in. Two of Savills' best-performing agents are set to get around £500,000.

Aubrey Adams, managing director, refused to name the two high-earners but said: "There are clearly one or two people who are going to get a bigger bonus, but there are quite a number of staff with bonuses in the six figure area."

He said a profit-related bonus was an effective way of keeping wage costs down in the event of a downturn in business.

## Bespak turnover and profits rise

DELAYS IN implementing the switch from ozone-eating CFC to new environmentally friendly HFA and increased competition, especially in the US, is hurting Bespak, the UK business best known for making inhalers for asthma sufferers, writes Clifford German.

But it will come good in the next two years, according to Peter Chamber, chief executive. Meanwhile, the US business which makes throwaway kits for keyhole surgery, is emerging leaner and fitter from extensive restructuring, and US profits were up two-thirds to £2m.

In the UK, sales of dispensers rose 25 per cent to

£49m, including a 42 per cent leap in sales of dry powder inhalers. Group turnover was up 11 per cent to £86m and profits rose 25 per cent to £13.8m in the year to 1 May, while earnings per share rose 35 per cent thanks to a reduced tax charge.

Most of Bespak's sales are long-term contracts to produce pumps and dispensers to the specification of the pharmaceutical companies that make the medication, but the company is beefing up the development of its own delivery systems. Capital investment topped £19m and a further £25m will be spent over the next two years. The shares rose 5p to 1,022.5p.

## Crisis for home insurers will push up premiums

BY ANDREW VERITY

SOME OWNERS will be hit by a substantial rise in the cost of home insurance because insurers are facing their worst year since the beginning of the decade, according to a new report on the troubled sector.

Over £500m in claims for damages from January storms and Easter floods will make 1998 the least profitable year for insurers since 1991, according to the report on the sector by the actuaries Bacon & Woodrow.

B&W predicts premiums will have to rise by around 6 per cent just to allow insurers to go on making a profit, adding over 10 to the cost of the average buildings and contents policy.

Nigel Munn, one of the report's authors, said: "What we are seeing is that the small profits that we saw in 1996 and 1997

have been more than wiped out by the losses in 1998.

"1998 will be a bad year. Recent years have seen the illusion of profitability in the absence of major weather events, but premiums have fallen to inadequate levels. Premiums are going up and the effect of the losses will result in more price movements."

The report said estimates of damage from the Easter floods had ranged between £200m and £1.2bn. However, the most likely figure was close to £400m. This was in addition to the £200m of damage caused by the January storms.

The scale of the claims will fuel speculation that further consolidation of the insurance market is inevitable as small

players find it increasingly tough to compete.

Insurers are being squeezed by big claims in the midst of an overcrowded market. This year, they will spend 16 per cent more on claims and expenses than they receive in premiums.

Surprisingly, home insurance has proved relatively immune to price competition because customers usually buy it from a mortgage lender and stay with the same company. This allows insurers to raise their premiums without the danger that customers might abandon them for another insurer.

New entrants, notwithstanding their record of shaking up the car insurance market, have failed to lure customers away. Direct Line and Churchill, two direct providers

of home insurance, have made little impact on the market.

The report's authors attacked some companies for failing to make a realistic assessment of the risks they underwrite.

Ed Plowman, co-author of the report, said customers in parts of the Midlands affected by the flood had been unfairly made to pay big increases in premiums. While losses amounted to £400m, floods on this scale occurred only once every 150 years.

At the same time there was a danger that insurers were overlooking big risks such as the possibility of a coastal flood.

"We are building up a picture of what is potentially a huge event which is certainly underestimated in the insurance market," Mr Plowman said.

## Harveys weathers slowdown in sales

BY NIGEL COPE  
Associate City Editor

HARVEYS, the furnishings chain that has bought the Carrons and Kingsbury stores, said it had experienced a slowdown in sales but has shrugged off the woes that have ravaged rivals such as MFI, Carpetright and DFS Furniture.

Harveys' same-store sales, including new openings, were 1 per cent higher on current trading, compared with an 8.4 per cent rise in the year to April. Mr Harry Solomon, chairman, said the retail market was "challenging", but he remained confident. Harveys is seeking shareholder approval to buy back 10 per cent of its shares. It had cash balances of £33.6m at the end of the year to April, for which it reported a sharp rise in pre-tax profits from £205,000 to £12.6m. The fig-

ures were boosted by inclusion of a six-month contribution from the Kingsbury chain bought for £52m in October.

The sales fall at Kingsbury has been reversed, the company said, and the integration of the business is at an advanced stage. Textiles have been introduced into 46 stores. Group market share has risen from 4.4 per cent to 6.2 per cent.

Rob Templeman, managing director of Harveys, said that in director of April textiles accounted for around 25 per cent of Harveys' total of around £1.2bn in sales. "I intend to push that up to about 35 per cent as we inject textiles into the Kingsbury stores."

Group sales rose by 61 per cent to £244.9m. The dividend was increased by 50 per cent to 9p per share. The shares, which hit 343.5p in February, closed at 231.5p, up 0.5p on the day.

## Card Clear forced to justify sackings

BY ANDREW VERITY

CARD CLEAR, the AIM-listed credit-card fraud prevention company, yesterday confirmed it would call an extraordinary general meeting to explain the sudden departure last month of its two founding directors.

The company was forced to do so after more than 10 per cent of shareholders formed an action group to press for a fuller explanation. Brian Raven, the chief executive, and Oliver Cooke, the finance director, were forced to resign on 9 June. Card Clear's board said they had "misrepresented to the board the nature of a payment".

The departures prompted a rush to sell Card Clear shares and wiped 20 per cent off the company's market capitalisation of more than £100m.

Nigel Whitaker, a former director of Kingfisher, stepped up

to become caretaker chairman. He has been a non-executive chairman since September.

Some shareholders want an explanation of the departures before the annual meeting next May. The EGM is likely to take place in mid-August.

The group, led by former business development director Clive Bradley, will call for Mr Raven to be reinstated to the board. Mr Bradley claimed that his departure "devalued the company". Mr Raven and Mr Cooke had been with Card Clear since it was formed in 1991.

In a statement, Card Clear said: "The board wishes shareholders to understand that the decision to accept the resignations of Brian Raven and Oliver Cooke was only taken after the most careful consideration of the facts and the best interests of the company."

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# Footsie defies the gathering gloom

FOOTsie CONTINUES to defy the bears who forecast a summer of stock market discontent. For the first time for a month the index was above 6,000 points, scoring its fifth consecutive gain.

Telecoms and computers were again prominent. BT, for the first time, charged through 800p, gaining 14p to 805p.

Against a background of economic slowdown and a possible interest rate increase this week, the market is surprisingly buoyant.

However, some market men believe shares are merely reflecting progress made in other western markets. "It's quite a curmudgeonly market - it does not really want to go higher," said one broker. Supporting this view is Footsie's tendency to close well below its best level of the day. Yesterday it was at one time 46.3 higher. It ended 13.1 up at 6,003.4. The index is now just over 100 points below its peak.

The Stock Exchange's link with Deutsche Börse could also have helped sentiment, it indicates an attempt to end Nasdaq's European ambitions by creating Europe's central market.

## MARKET REPORT



DEREK PAIN

The mid cap index also made headway but the bottom seems to have dropped out of the shares of smaller companies. The small cap index once again gave ground, falling 3.7 to 2,594.9. In May it was riding at a 2,792.73 peak.

ScottishPower led Footsie, scoring a 66p gain to 620p as the market continued to throw off its blinkered view that it was merely an electricity group with a telecoms sideline. Excited talk that the generator's telecoms operation could be another Energis (floated from

National Grid) is powering the shares.

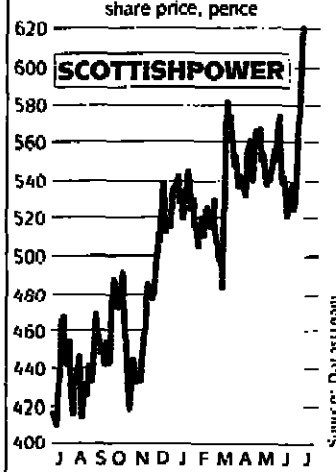
Orange, up 31p to 738p, and Vodafone, 11.5p to 834.5p, were other telephone groups in demand. Racal Electronics, following its deal with Colt Telecom, dialled a further 21.5p gain to 421.5p on talk it is in the running to win a London Underground telephone deal. Securicor, with a minority stake in Cellnet, was another to attract attention, up 35p to 560p. The cable duo, Telewest, up 8p to 186p, and General Cable, 12p to 293.5p, were others on the highway.

Among the computer high risers were Mipsy, 125p to 3,325p, and Sema, 41p to 789p.

But as hi-tech shares blossomed some of those in more traditional industries, such as brewing, wilted. Scottish & Newcastle, the nation's biggest brewer, fell 25p to 782p. Bass was flat at 1,044p, off 16p, and Whitbread lost 30p to 930p.

Worries about today's S&N trading statement appeared to be responsible for the unease. The figures are expected to be good enough, say, £430m against £374m. England's relatively early dismissal

## SHARE SPOTLIGHT



from the World Cup is another inhibiting influence.

The market seemed to wake up to pub chain JD Wetherspoon's failure, because of its ban on TV sets, to enjoy any of the World Cup activity, lowering the shares 15p to 277.5p.

Marks & Spencer, down 9.5p to 527.5p, was ruffled by a modest CSF downgrading. The invest-

ment house has trimmed from £1.09bn to £1.06bn. Debenhams, the department store chain, fell 8p to 301.5p. Worries that it will issue a profits warning have dragged the shares from around 400p in the past month. A trading statement due soon should be reasonably upbeat and not, as some suggest, disappointing.

BT Alex Brown lifted a construction industry forecast. It raised its expectations for AMEC for this year from £50m to £53m and next from £70m to £73m.

Railtrack's decision to sell some London offices kept the shares on the express line, up 53p to a 1,517p peak. British Airways, drawing comfort from the feeling that its deal with American Airlines will eventually go through, rose a further 14p to 703p.

United Assurance was briskly traded, up 29p to 386.5p, and the commodities group ED&F Man rose 21p to 342p.

Coats Viteva, the struggling textile group, held at 75p as Bausp, a US investment group, declared a 3.6 per cent stake.

Two newcomers made firm

debut. Sporting & Outdoor Media moved from a 76p placing to 92.5p (after 97.5p). Policy Master, an insurance technology group, went from a 130p placing to 204.5p.

Cliveden, the hotel group, fell 3.5p to 93.5p as Goldman Sachs abandoned takeover plans, leaving the way clear for a consortium involving computer tycoon Bill Gates. Tinsley Robor, the packaging group, collected its long-awaited bid, 218p a share, after the market closed. The shares were 194p.

Ahead of figures, Shield Diagnostics rose 60p to 582.5p but British Biotech, the struggling drugs group, again suffered a wounding session, falling 3p to 30p; trading was brisk, with Seag putting volume at 6.3 million shares.

IMS, with interim results due soon, held at 106.5p. The telephone services group seems to have been ignored in the telecoms upsurge. It offers such services as automated call handling, voicemail and find-me-anywhere personal numbers.

SEAQ VOLUME: 893.1m

SEAQ TRADES: 67,734

GILTS INDEX: n/a

FIRESTONE DIAMONDS, a South African explorer and miner, is on its way to AIM. It is planning to raise £5m, selling shares at 11p through the stockbrokers IA Pritchard and Burroughs Johnstone.

The AIM success of Petra Diamonds, floated at 30p and now 132.5p (after 153.5p), prompted Firestone to raise cash through the junior market. It has already made two private placings in this country. After the share sale directors will control around 60 per cent of the capital. The company already has a profitable diamond mining operation as well as exploration projects.

DUE TO arrive on the fringe of the market today is Coranation International Mining, with diamond and zinc interests in West Africa. Shares have been sold at 20p, providing a 25m market capitalisation. A property company called Coranation Trading has 37 per cent.

# No need to run for cover this time

WITH THE economy apparently slipping into recession and the Monetary Policy Committee considering another interest rate hike later this week, should investors be running for cover?

Although the FTSE 100 index shrugged off those worries to edge above 6,000 again yesterday, some observers think investors should be seeking out defensive stocks. These are the steady cash-rich, worthy-but-dull companies which will continue to perform when more cyclical businesses take a dive. Classic examples are supermarkets and utilities, because people still buy food and use electricity even in hard times.

There is a historical precedent for buying these shares. During the last recession, they held their value while manufacturers, leisure companies and highly geared glamour stocks such as advertising groups came a cropper.

This time, however, conditions are different. To begin with, there is not much of a consumer boom, as any investor in retail stocks will have realised. And levels of personal borrowing are much lower now than at the peak of the 1980s boom, so higher interest rates will have less effect on spending.

The other factor is that the stock market has already prepared for the worst. The leisure, general retailers and pubs sectors all now trade on p/e ratios lower than the market as a whole. But sectors with growth prospects independent of the economy, such as telecoms and support services - home to Britain's booming information technology companies - have soared to new peaks this year.

So, provided consumer spending does not fall off a cliff, some of the leisure, retailing and brewing stocks are beginning to look quite attractive. As always, investors should be selective and concentrate on companies with strong brands and proven management. But don't be tempted out to the defensive. You could be missing out on a few bargains.

## London liability for Berkeley

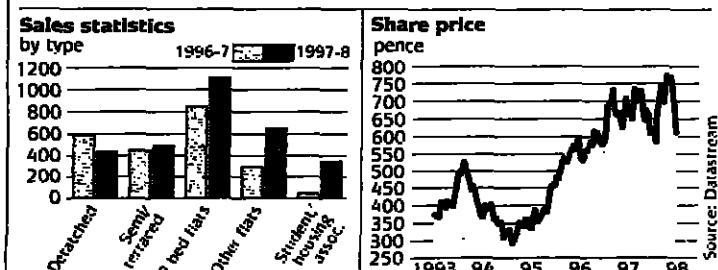
BERKELEY used to be something of a favourite for many investors otherwise frightened by the house-building sector even during good times. The company benefited from having three-quarters of its activi-

## INVESTMENT

EDITED BY PETER THAL LARSEN

### BERKELEY GROUP: AT A GLANCE

Trading record	1994	1995	1996	1997	1998
Turnover (£m)	228.1	283.4	334.3	485.3	600.0
Pre-tax profits (£m)	39.5	37.6	43.4	75.1	110.3
Earnings per share (p)	31.4	30.2	33.3	49.3	60.6
Dividends per share (p)	6.5	7.2	8.1	9.1	10.3



ties focused on the South and South-east of the country when house prices were soaring.

But Berkeley's premium rating has been eroded of late and the shares plunged a further 30.5p to 585p yesterday. The group's London focus is now seen as a liability, with house prices falling faster in the capital than anywhere else.

The company remains optimistic, insisting it has interesting projects from Cardiff to Liverpool. An economic downturn might round the corner but there will be a "soft landing" for the new homes market, says Graham Roper, chairman.

He was unveiling results for the year to March which comfortably beat City expectations. Pre-tax profits rose 34 per cent to £100m, well ahead of the £90m predicted at the time of last October's £125m rights issue.

Turnover rose from £485m to £600m and the dividend has been raised 12.6 per cent to 10.25p. Completions increased from 2,222 to 3,056 units but average selling prices were down from £218,000 to £193,000.

Berkeley has moved away from its upmarket niche of detached houses on green-field sites. It now prides itself on city-centre conversions and developing contaminated or used land.

Merrill Lynch, the stockbroker, predicts that Berkeley will make pre-tax profits of £120m this year, putting the shares on a forward multiple of nine times. That is a fairly dismal rating but, given the sector and the London factor, it's fair. Hold.

## Re-inventing John Menzies

AFTER 18 months as chief executive of John Menzies, the news and logistics business, no one can accuse David Mackay of inaction. Having signalled his intention to pull out of retailing, he has off-loaded the Menzies retail chain to WH Smith for £88m and put a rocket under the woefully performing Early Learning Centre with a view to demerging or selling it.

His plan is to re-invent Menzies as a logistics and services business that undertakes prosaic functions like baggage handling in airports. This may be dull but, according to the City, it is worthy. After several years of dramatic under-performance which saw the shares hit a low of 351.5p in February, Menzies shares have risen steadily, improving by another 6p yesterday to close at 545p.

Mr Mackay is hoping Menzies' logistics business will match the size of its wholesale distribution division within seven years.

The slump to losses of £28.6m last year was due to heavy exceptional charges and the losses at ELC, which is now improving.

On Dresner Kleinwort Benson's current-year profit forecasts of £38m, Menzies is trading on a forward rating of 12. That is a premium rating in a sector out of favour. But the shares are a decent hold as Menzies looks a good management story and a steady business in a difficult economic environment.

## IN BRIEF

### Blacks ends talks on Lillywhites

BLACKS LEISURE, the sports retailer, has ended talks that could have led to it taking a majority stake in Lillywhites, the sports group best known for its flagship store on London's Piccadilly Circus. The talks had been taking place with Jeronimo Martins, the Portuguese group which bought Lillywhites from Forte in 1995. Blacks Leisure shares closed 3p lower at 300.5p.

### Budgens expansion

BUDGENS, the supermarket operator, is to open 20-40 more stores on petrol forecourts this year as part of its expansion programme. It will also open six new supermarkets and convert its eight Budgens Freshsaves stores, which operated on a discount basis, to its standard Budgens format. Like-for-like sales in current trading are 2.3 per cent of the same period last year.

### Oriental openings

ORIENTAL Restaurant Group, which runs city eateries such as Sri Thai and Imperial City, is to move into the £15-a-head market as it seeks to open two or three new restaurants a year. The company currently has seven restaurants and will open the Pacific Oriental at 1 Bishopsgate in September. The news came as Oriental reported a 30 per cent rise in pre-tax profits to £1.8m. Sri Lanka was the only black spot making a loss.

### Disposable deal

THE PLASTIC container maker RPC yesterday paid £16m in cash for Gizeh, maker of disposable plastic cutlery with plants in France, Poland and Germany. Last year the three businesses made an operating profit of just over £2m.

### Tinsley Robor bid

THE BOARD of Tinsley Robor, specialist supplier of CD packaging to Europe's music and video industries, yesterday recommended a cash bid of 218p a share (19 times last year's earnings) from IMPAC, a US-based maker of specialty packaging. TR's chairman, Shaun Lawson, and chief executive, Lee Newton, will stay on and also join the IMPAC board. The bid values Tinsley Robor at £3.6m, an increase of 47 per cent on the value on 29 May, when TR announced it had received an approach from a different source, which alerted IMPAC's interest.

# From burying BCCI to Scotland's bonny banks

## PEOPLE AND BUSINESS

BY JOHN WILLCOCK



FROM CORPORATE undertaker to boss of a bank seems quite a leap, but to do it at the tender age of 39 seems positively undevin.

Not that Fred Goodwin has actually been given the top job at Royal Bank of Scotland - yet. When I asked the present incumbent, Dr George Mathewson, yesterday whether young Fred could be regarded as his heir apparent, the Doctor replied sternly: "These appointments are made when they are made." Er, quite.

Fred made his name running the admin side of the liquidation of BCCI when he worked for Touche Ross (now Deloitte & Touche).

A spokesman for Deloitte & Touche was unstinting in his praise for Mr Goodwin yesterday, who he described as "a hell of a loss for us - because he was such a good partner in the firm."

BCCI was the biggest liquidation in history. The job was being led by high-profile insolvency specialists like Brian Smouha - now working in Washington as the auditor of the World Bank - and Chris Morris, the eminence grise of the accountancy profession, as even his friends describe him.

So Touche needed someone to run the "back office" of the crashed bank, says the spokesman. Even though BCCI was no longer taking in and lending money, the worldwide bureaucracy still needed to be wound down in an orderly fashion. Step forward, Mr Goodwin.

His good fortune continued in 1995 when Clydesdale Bank made him their boss. It gave the Glasgow-raised accountant a chance to get to know his fellow Scot, Dr Mathewson. Apparently the two Scottish bank bosses "speak to each other all the time," according to a source north

That's nothing compared to Jack Grubman, Salomon's top telecoms analyst in New York, who pocketed a cool \$10m for his performance in 1997. Keep buying those telecom stocks.

IF YOU were less than impressed by the performance of the man in black supervising England's World Cup defeat at the hands of Argentina last week, or would simply like to discuss the finer points of Kim Milton-Neelson's decision to send off David Beckham, now your chance: the referee's e-mail address, so I am told, is: kimm@datalog.dk. Good luck. And remember - keep it clean...

ALASTAIR ROSS GOOBEY, chief executive of Hermes, the pension fund manager, enjoyed a reunion recently with his pals from Cambridge Footlights - 30 years on.

His fellow thespians in those salad days included Julie Covington, the actress and singer, according to this month's *Estates Gazette*. The mag asked Mr Ross Goobey, who had just finished a video presentation to property boards, whatever had happened to his theatrical aspirations?

"I knew entertaining was not what I would be best at, so I went into the City. When I saw the rerun of the video, it confirmed it," he replied.

WILLIAMS, the former conglomerate which is now focused on fire protection and security systems, has promoted David Fielding to its board as group finance director.

Mr Fielding has been the chief financial officer of the company since 1 April this year; the position meant that he became the company's first ever finance director.

## FOREIGN EXCHANGE RATES

Country	Sterling Spot	1 month	3 month	Dollar Spot	1 month	3 month	D-Mark Spot
UK	1.0000			0.6109	0.6120	0.6141	0.3367
Australia	1.5382	2.6349	2.6264	1.6123	1.6125	1.6130	0.8886
Austria	20.897	20.857	20.778	12.767	12.765	12.760	0.7069
Belgium	61.285	61.053	60.638	37.430	37.385	37.240	20.631
Canada	2.4098	2.4038	2.3939	1.788.4	1.787.5	1.786.1	0.8114
Denmark	11.318	11.284	11.216	6.3150	6.3060	6.2880	3.8114
ECU	1.5020	1.4975	1.4885	1.0897	1.0912	1.0939	0.8417
Finland	9.0286	8.9957	8.9364	5.5180	5.5061	5.4882	3.0403
France	9.9556	9.9589	9.9584	6.0874	6.0709	6.0497	3.3524
Germany	2.9698	2.9588	2.9584	3.0548	3.0529	3.0464	167.28
Greece	496.75	498.84	507.56	7.7476	7.7609	7.7746	4.2703
Hong Kong	1.1793	1.1781	1.1749	1.3870	1.3870	1.3859	0.7650
Italy	2925.8	2919.0	2902.0	1788.4	1788.1	1787.4	985.23
Japan	227.07	227.05	227.00	138.73	138.09	136.89	76.465
Malaysia	4.6876	4.6876	4.6876	4.1710	4.2067	4.2800	4.5341
Mexico	14.653			2.0415	2.0343	1.1774	
Netherlands	3.3479	3.3358	3.3120	0.5211	1.9179	1.9162	0.2812
Norway	12.621	12.681	12.659	1.7105	1.7085	1.7068	7.0295
Portugal	304.08	303.22	301.44	185.78	185.37	185.13	102.40
Saudi Arabia	6.1393	6.1351	6.1168	3.7536	3.7536	3.7536	2.0674
Singapore	1.1669	1.1669	1.1669	1.6920	1.6945	1.7005	0.9326
South Africa	10.1076	10.2373	10.4958	6.1753	153.86	153.52	84.898
Spain	252.12	251.40	249.88	0.8050	0.8075	0.8063	4.4563
Sweden	13.244	13.159	13.118	1.2571	1.2522	1.5135	0.8411
Switzerland	2.4586	2.4872	2.4644	1.0000			0.5512
US	1.6388						

## OTHER SPOT RATES

Country	Sterling	Dollar	Country	Sterling	Dollar
Argentina	1.8368	1.0000	Oman	0.6301	0.3850
Brazil	1.8964	1.1586	Pakistan	75.820	48.208
China	13.552	8.796	Philippines	67.272	41.100
Czech Rep	93.753	32.840	Poland	5.6887	3.4755
Egypt	1.5649	3.4017	Russia	5.9588	3.6405
Ghana	382.19	2335.0	South Korea	1015.6	1844.00
Hungary	358.62	218.10	Taiwan	56.060	34.250
India	69.499	15150.0	Thailand	67.936	41.200
Indonesia	2.47975	0.3070	Turkey	4.90219	268.841
Kuwait	0.5025	85.500	UAE	6.0111	3.6725
Nigeria	139.95				

## INTEREST RATES

UK		Germany		US		Japan	
Base	7.50%	Discount	2.50%	Prime	8.50%	Discount	0.50%
France		Lombard	4.50%	Discount	5.00%	Belgium	2.75%
Intervention	3.30%	Canada		Fed Funds	5.44%	Discount	2.30%
Italy		Prime	6.50%	Spain		Central	3.75%
Discount	5.00%	Discount	5.00%	10-d Repo	4.25%	Switzerland	1.00%
Netherlands		Denmark		Sweden		Discount	1.00%
Advance	3.30%	Discount	3.75%	Repo/Aust	4.10%	Lombard	4.00%

BOND YIELDS										
Country	3 month	chg	1 yr	chg	2 yr	chg	5 yr	chg	10 yr	chg
Australia	4.93	-0.01	5.00	-0.04	5.13	-0.04	5.32	-0.02	5.45	-0.03
Belgium	3.62	0.00	3.86	0.00	4.03	-0.01	4.24	-0.01	4.48	-0.01
Canada	4.77	-0.01	5.15	0.00	5.16	0.01	5.21	0.01	5.27	-0.01
ECU	4.19	0.00	4.18	0.00	4.07	0.00	4.41	-0.01	4.83	0.01
France	0.00	0.00	3.65	-0.01	4.01	0.01	4.38	0.02	4.80	0.02
Germany	3.56	0.00	3.85	-0.02	3.93	0.02	4.34	0.02	4.72	0.01
Italy	4.67	-0.04	4.37	0.05	4.36	0.00	4.63	0.01	5.00	0.01
Japan	0.41	0.01	0.43	0.00	0.51	0.00	0.88	0.00	1.61	0.01
Netherlands	3.93	-0.02	3.81	-0.04	4.00	0.00	4.33	0.01	4.79	0.01
Portugal	4.20	-0.01	4.07	0.03	4.16	0.02	4.53	0.01	4.96	0.02
Spain	4.16	0.00	4.18	0.01	4.27	0.01	4.56	0.01	4.91	0.02
Sweden	2.06	-0.06	2.22	-0.03	2.13	-0.01	2.50	0.00	3.15	0.02
Switzerland	1.01	0.00	1.00	0.00	1.00	0.00	1.00	0.00	1.00	0.00
UK	7.35	0.00	8.00	0.00	6.90	0.00	5.42	0.02	5.41	0.00
	4.95	0.04	5.06	0.01	5.43	0.02	5.42	0.02	5.41	0.00

FUND MARKET DATA										
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## SPORT

## Australia desperate for on-pitch direction

THE STATISTICS aren't pretty. Played seven, lost seven; 88 points for, 328 points against. Right from when the "thick heads" (no doubt coach Clive Woodward will be asked by the Rugby Football Union to explain his interesting choice of words on his return) decided that England were going to undertake their tour to the southern hemisphere, it was always going to be a disaster. Even with a full strength side it was going to be tough.

Let's leave the poor, old, battered English line-up for the moment and have a look at the teams that they played against as they prepare to face one another in the Tri-Nations series.

Australia are at an interesting stage of development. They have for a few seasons now promised so much, but delivered relatively little.

MICHAEL  
LYNAGH

That may sound surprising after a 76-0 victory over the Pomsies, but although Australia have won matches, they have not put in the performance on the pitch which matches the calibre of players in the team.

The stand-off problem seems to have been solved. Stephen Larkam is a wonderful rugby player and he orchestrated things beautifully in the games against the Scots and the English. It will be interesting to see how he copes with the pressure that the All Blacks and South Africa are bound to apply.

The reason for the Wallabies' lacklustre performances over the past few seasons, is the lack of direction on the paddock. The individual players, particularly in the backs, are capable of the most extraordinary things on the field, the most intricate of set moves, but what the team lacks is someone on the pitch who can call the right moves at the right time. The right time being determined by position, the score, the time left and what the opposition are doing in terms of defence.

Additionally, and most importantly, they have to be able to adjust all this on the run during the game. The easy part about rugby is winning the ball; what you do with it when you have got it is the hard part. I'm sure the forwards among us will disagree with this.

It may sound like I am criticising John Eales, the Wallaby captain. But this is not the case. It is not his role on the field. After all, his counterpart, Sean Fitzpatrick, did not call the back-row or back-line moves for the All Blacks. He had other people in key positions doing that for him.

This is not just the Wallabies' problem. The All Blacks are suffering from the same syndrome.

There has been a lot of discussion as to the demise of the All Blacks. Has the loss of influential players,

namely Fitzpatrick, Bunce, and Brooke, brought back New Zealand to the level of other mere mortal teams? The All Blacks have more individual talent at their disposal than any other rugby playing country. The problem lies in being able to point this talent in the right direction on the field.

This is where John Hart comes into play. He is the one opposing coach I genuinely feared and respected greatly. You knew when you played a Hart-coached team that they were well versed in all aspects. I feel, with his man-management skills, that he will find that on-field leader. I hope, however, that Australia find one first.

South Africa, meanwhile, would have been better off sitting in the sun than playing Wales in a warm-up for the Tri-Nations series. The

Welsh conceded 15 tries in a 96-13 defeat in Pretoria that was the worst in their history. What a waste of time the game was from whatever angle you look at it.

The England game (18-0 to the Springboks) really didn't give us any further clues as to the development of either side, due to Woodward's rain dance to keep the score down working wonders prior to last Saturday's muddy meeting in Cape Town.

The South Africans probably don't have the scintillating, individual brilliance of the All Blacks, or even the Wallabies for that matter. What they do have is a determination to succeed. They simply refuse to be beaten. "Losing is not an option", is a phrase that our coach at Saracens, the former Springbok captain, Francois Pien-

aar, used at least in every second sentence during our campaign last season. It seems to be the battle cry with this team also.

This is not to say that the Springboks are a team of determined "no-hopers". They are a very polished outfit, very physical, with no apparent weakness. They will be hard to beat.

Predictions? This will be the closest Tri-Nations series in its short history. Whoever wins - and being Australian I reckon it will be Australia's year - we will see some brilliant rugby.

Unlike the four games involving under-strength England, when the outcome was known before the teams took the field, the result of all the matches will go right down to the wire.

Test inquest: First-class emphasis is on endgame rather than establishing first-innings superiority

## Why England do not command

BY DEREK PRINGLE

THE GREAT escape at Old Trafford, engineered by Alec Stewart and his men, displayed a tenacity that will have touched even the most indifferent of bystanders. To sneak a draw after staring defeat in the face for nearly two days will have undoubtedly given the England team a much-needed fillip, though whether that will help them win either of the two remaining Tests must still be in doubt.

Test matches, the most thorough and prolonged of sporting examinations, are usually won by posting a commanding first-innings score and then taking 20 wickets. Rarely, unless the pitch is poor at the start and calms as the game goes on, does the second innings offer anything but sanctuary and the opportunity to deny an opponent, something England have just done against South Africa at Old Trafford.

To give yourself the best chance of winning you have to score heavily in the first innings. Both players and the game's administrators know this and yet we still persist with a structure at both club and first-class level that places the emphasis on the end game, however contrived.

That is not the case abroad, particularly in Australia, where most cricket - unless an outright victory is managed - is won or lost on the first-innings score. That is principally why England's batsmen appear to be ill-equipped to shape the game, saving their best for reaction to a situation once the match has developed, often beyond their grasp, rather than setting the agenda.

Since the Edgbaston Test against Australia last year, which England won handsomely after posting 478 in their first innings, they have failed to top 200 in nine out of 13 Tests. In the same period two Tests were won and seven lost. With symptoms of first-innings bad health so pronounced, is it any wonder that England are rarely in a position to actually win a Test match?

Then there is the bowling, which failed to pose South Africa the slightest problem at Old Trafford. Before that Test much had been written about the return of the so-called "dream trio" of Darren Gough, Dominic Cork and Angus Fraser. On their day all are fine bowlers. On a benign surface - the like of which they rarely encounter - they were both predictable and similar, all bowling according to the Yellow Pages speedster between 80-85 mph.

Unlike South Africa, whose attack offered collective variety as well as individual unpredictability - the faster bowlers operating between 84 and 89 mph - England's offered an amorphous front. At times it looked like a case of the bland leading the bland, a situation not exactly leavened by two finger spinners unable



Angus Fraser (left), Dominic Cork and Darren Gough (right) toil in the field as South Africa run up their massive first innings score at Old Trafford

Peter Jay

to extract anything like the turn managed by Paul Adams, a wrist spinner.

Although found wanting, it is difficult to be too hard on the bowlers, who are essentially the products of a flawed system, one whose prolonged season and bowler-friendly pitches has long tended to reward consistency over risk and variety.

Angus Fraser is just such an example, his unstinting accuracy helping to keep him at the forefront of selection for England. Unfortunately, on shirt fronts like the pitch at Old Trafford, his lack of guile means he

hopes rather than expects to take wickets, a philosophy not shared by the likes of Allan Donald or even Jacques Kallis, whose respective pace and swing helps keep their team in the hunt.

The problem, acknowledged by the England coach David Lloyd, is one that is being addressed, and the England and Wales Cricket Board have set up wrist spinning clinics as well as fast bowling courses around the country.

"The speedster machine has really put things into perspective," said Lloyd after England had saved the third Test. "All around the world we

are hit with big pace and wrist spin. Our bowlers have admirable qualities, but nothing like the quality and variety of other countries."

"We have several good young fast bowlers around. Alex Tudor of Surrey, Melvyn Betts and Stephen Harrison of Durham, as well as Paul Franks and Ryan Sidebottom. It's up to them to take up the challenge and they should start by watching a video of Allan Donald in this last Test. He was hurting and knackered but he still kept coming and coming. That's what helps make him the great fast bowler he is."

If the quality is there, and the success of our youth teams tends to suggest it is, the county system tends to diffuse it. In 1995, the South African Under-19 side toured England and were simply outclassed by the likes of Marcus Trescothick and Tony McGrath. Since then, two of the visiting side, Mark Boucher and Makhaya Ntini, are in the Test team, while both Trescothick and McGrath languish in county cricket, seemingly content to be among the also-rans.

If a system's efficiency is measured by output in relation to input, County cricket is clearly inefficient. The ECB has long admitted as

much and Lord MacLaurin, according to a tabloid newspaper, has called a September meeting of the county chairmen and chief executives in a bid to move the game into the 21st century.

With television de-listing set to bring more money into the game, the move to a two divisional County Championship will no doubt be aided once more. If it is, it must be rejected. Cricket in this country needs a stepping stone between county and Test level, a combative finishing school that only regional cricket and not the bogus drama of two divisions, can provide.

## Croft returns to add grit to Glamorgan's attack

ROBERT CROFT, England's stalwart at the crease at Old Trafford against South Africa on Tuesday, travels back across the border to turn out for Glamorgan in today's NatWest Trophy second-round tie against Leicestershire at Sophia Gardens.

His team-mate Steve James, discarded by England after making his Test debut at Lord's last month, is expected to play alongside Croft despite suffering from an injured right index finger picked up when dropping a catch against Nottinghamshire last week and aggravated during the next match against Surrey. James was forced to withdraw from Sunday's AXA League match and X-rays indicate there is

a slight crack in the bone but he is still determined to play. Waqar Younis, who has a damaged elbow, is out.

Leicestershire have omitted the fast bowler David Mills. Mills has only just returned following a long lay-off because of an ear infection. Also missing will be the fast bowler James Ormond, who is still recovering from a back problem. Medium pacer Dominic Williamson is included, with the all-rounder Jon Dakin and off-spinner Tim Mason also in the squad.

Nick Knight and Ashley Giles scuttle back to Warwickshire to provide last year's beaten finalists with a near full-strength squad for their

tie against Kent at Edgbaston. Omnibus for Kent, Warwickshire have won all the previous four encounters between the two.

Darren Gough returns to Old Trafford to spearhead Yorkshire's attack. Gough joins Chris Silverwood with the left-arm seamer Ryan Sidebottom the bowler likely to drop out. Yorkshire, still without Craig White, who has a back injury, make a late check on Anthony McGrath, who has been suffering from flu since the weekend.

Their roses opponents should include Warren Hegg and Neil Fairbrother, who are both expected to pass late fitness tests. With Mike Atherton available again and Wassin

Akram also fully fit after shoulder and groin troubles, Lancashire can select from a full-strength squad for a match that is expected to attract a crowd of almost 10,000.

Darren Robinson's broken finger will keep him out of Essex's tie against Hampshire at Southampton. The 25-year-old will also miss their Benson and Hedges Cup final against Leicestershire at Lord's on Saturday. However, Nasser Hussain is expected to play. Robin Smith and Peter Hartley are both doubtful. Smith has a broken right-index finger while Hartley is still being troubled by a shoulder injury. Matthew Keech is also ruled out but Jason Laney is named in a party of 13.

Nottinghamshire are boosted by Tim Robinson's return against Somerset at Trent Bridge. He replaces Noel Gie as the only change to the side that lost to Middlesex at the weekend. Somerset will be without wicketkeeper Rob Turner, who has an elbow injury. Mike Burns takes over the gloves, while the experienced Richard Harden is recalled.

Derbyshire's Phillip DeFreitas misses the confrontation against Scotland at Edinburgh. The seam bowler has tonsillitis while a back injury has ruled out opening batsman Adrian Rollins. Robin Weston comes into a 13-man squad that includes wicketkeeper Karl Kricken, who has recovered from a cracked

cheekbone. Dominic Cork is back as captain.

The Scots are without all-rounder Mike Allingham and opener Bryn Lockie. The Scots have also preferred Steve Crawley to Drew Parsons. The selectors, however, have dropped wicketkeeper Alec Davies whose place goes to Oxford University's Douglas Lockhart.

Gloucestershire's young blade Dominic Hewson returns to the side for the encounter with Surrey at Bristol. Hewson missed Sunday's AXA League victory over Hampshire with a slight ankle injury, after steering Gloucestershire to success in the Championship match the previous day.

## All Blacks leave Lomu on bench as Viridi advances

BY WYN GRIFFITHS

JONAH LOMU, England's juggernaut-sized nemesis, may have left a number of the red rose fraternity seeking counselling but he is clearly not considered a formidable enough winger for the stampeding All Blacks. For the second time in his 22-Test career, the giant back was dropped yesterday as the New Zealand selectors turned in his stead to another behemoth straight off the silver fern production line by the name of Joel Viridi.

Having missed most of last season with a rare kidney disorder, Lomu returned for the tour of Britain and recently played the opening two Tests against England before Saturday's first Tri-Nations Test against Australia in Melbourne. Lomu was below his best in the 40-10 drubbing of England's beleaguered tourists in the second Test and was replaced late in the game by Viridi, who scored a try.

"Joel deserves his opportunity and in the way he plays the game this is an opportunity for him," John Hart, the All Blacks coach, said. "It is an important decision to leave out Jonah but [he] had a very poor game [against England] by his own admission and I think if he was to come off the bench he would be very effective."

Hart said if Lomu was to be picked as a replacement for the Melbourne match there was a chance that he would provide back-up for both the loose forwards as well as the backs.

While Viridi's inclusion adds further inexperience to an All Blacks bereft of the stalwart talents of Sean Fitzpatrick, Zinzan Brooke and Frank Bunce, the scrum-half Justin Marshall will return after playing one match since tearing his Achilles tendon in March. However, the centre Mark Mayerhofer suffered a hamstring injury during a training session on Monday and will not play. The veteran Walter Little is still in doubt with a foot injury and Carlos Spencer has been selected on standby if Little fails to improve.

Another giant of the game, the 7ft 11in Newcastle lock Richard Metcalfe, is to leave the Premiership champions. The 24-year-old Scotland forward is frustrated at the lack of first-team opportunities at the Falcons, where he has established international Garath Archer and Dottie Weir in front of him for the second row positions.

"I want to stay at Newcastle but I also want to further my rugby career and play for Scotland," he said. "To do that I need to be playing first-team rugby regularly, which I am not doing at Newcastle."

Metcalfe, who will be placed on the transfer list, has gained international representative honours at A level for both England and Scotland and was included in the full Scotland squad last season without making his debut. He is set to become the second player to leave Newcastle since they clinched the title, the full-back Tim Stimpson having joined Leicester.

There is also speculation over the future of Newcastle's Western Samoa international Pat Lam. The 29-year-old player of the year has been linked with a move to Northampton. Lam's position could become clearer today when Newcastle reveal their squad for the new season.

South Africa plan midweek matches in Scotland and Ireland on their four-Test tour of Britain and Ireland later this year.



Fifty years of the British Grand Prix: How a disused Northamptonshire airfield became one of motor racing's greatest venues

# Silverstone stands the test of time

BY DERICK ALLSOP

IT IS a scene that would have defied the wildest fantasies of its pioneers: a four-day festival, attracting a crowd of 225,000, the feature event watched by a live television audience of 350 million people in 130 countries around the world, generating £30m annually for the local economy.

And so much more besides. The British Grand Prix at Silverstone is one of the nation's great social happenings as well as a blue riband occasion on the sporting calendar, a place to be at and be seen at. And this weekend it celebrates its golden jubilee.

Across the landscape of that half-century this exposed, windswept plain on the Northamptonshire-Buckinghamshire border has played host to some of the most spectacular encounters in motor racing. Its beginnings, however humble, were no less dramatic.

Britain was ravenous for recreation in the aftermath of the Second World War. Football grounds were bursting at the seams and motoring enthusiasts were scouring the land for their own playing fields.

Brooklands and Donington, venues for the British Grand Prix in the 1920s and 1930s, were occupied by the Vickers aircraft company and military vehicles respectively while the Crystal Palace circuit had fallen into disrepair.

An abandoned airfield at Silverstone came to light as a potential track after a local man called Maurice Geoghegan and his chums, intent on some motorised fun in September 1947, engaged in what has gone down in racing lore as the "Mutton Grand Prix". Geoghegan's Frazer Nash was put out of action when he ran into an unwary sheep.

News of Silverstone spread through the motoring fraternity and although the local constabulary resisted subsequent attempts at organised racing, the RAC was alerted to the possibility of a suitable site for its planned 1948 grand prix and a lease was granted.

For that event the organisers laid out a track which utilised not only the perimeter road but also the runways. Since the cars would be hurtling in opposite directions before turning sharp left at the intersections, canvas screens were erected to put any fears out of the drivers' minds.

Unsurprisingly, this section of the circuit was changed the following year, when the race formally took on the title of the British Grand Prix. That revised shape remained intact for 25 years, until a chicane was introduced at Woodcote.

Silverstone was never the most loved circuit in the world. It lacked the atmosphere of Monza, the splendour of Spa and the natural amphitheatre of Brands Hatch for instance. But it was fast. Blindingly fast. Keke Rosberg qualified his Williams-Honda for the 1985 race at a record 160.725mph.

Radical alterations had to be made for safety reasons in 1992, and they have since been fine-tuned to the wider satisfaction of drivers and spectators alike.

Equally significant improvements have been made off track since the days of straw bales, oil drums and roped-off public enclosures. For this



1948: A push start for the inaugural British Grand Prix. The race was won by Luigi Villorelli in a Maserati

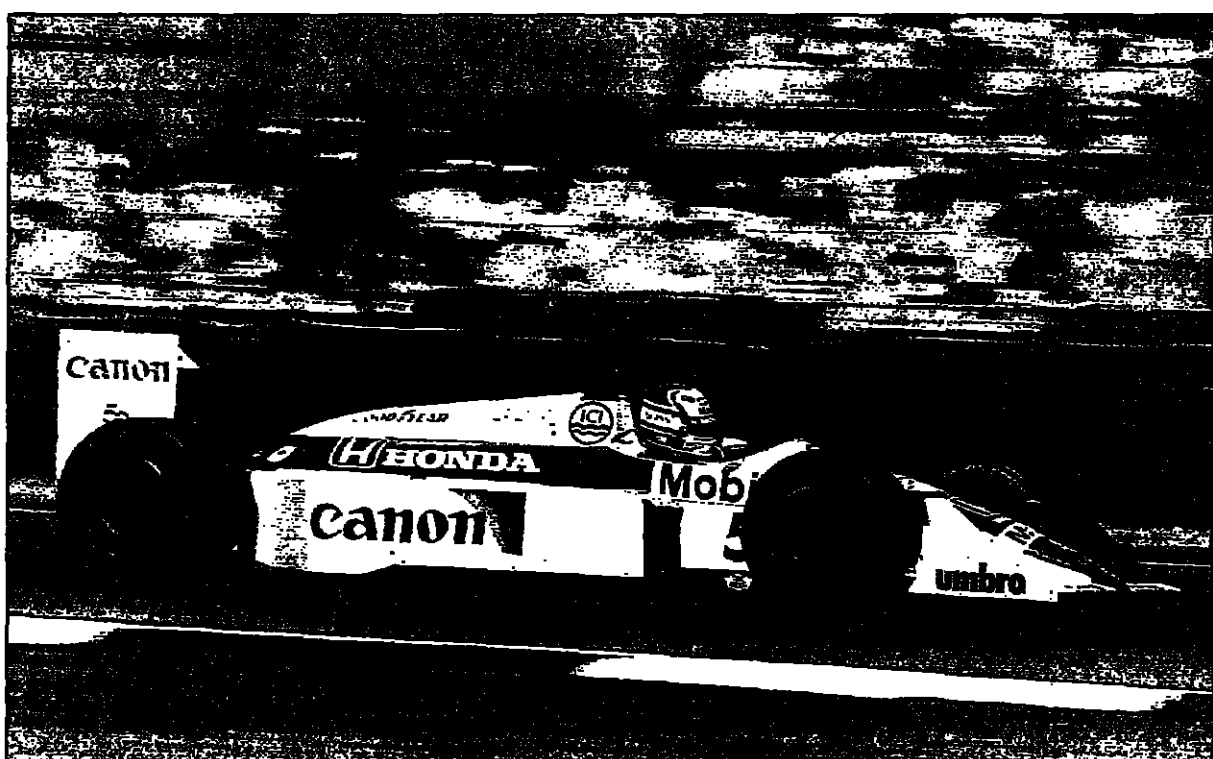


Hulton Getty 1956: Juan Manuel Fangio rests on his laurels

Hulton Getty



1960: Jack Brabham completes a pole to flag victory in a Cooper Climax



Hulton Getty 1987: Britain's Nigel Mansell on his way to victory in one of Silverstone's most memorable races

Allsport

year's grand prix, 53,000 grandstand seats are in place. Hospitality and catering facilities extend by the year. On Sunday Silverstone will become the world's busiest airport, with nearly 4,000 helicopter movements.

From the mid-1950s until 1986 Silverstone shared the honour of staging the British Grand Prix, initially with Aintree and then with Brands Hatch. When the FIA, the governing body, decided on a policy of one country one circuit, Silverstone, with its greater scope for development, was chosen.

Despite the changes over the years, original names of corners and straights have stood the test of time. The first man to negotiate Becketts, Chapel, Stowe, Club,

Abbey and Hangar Straight en route to victory was Luigi Villorelli, an Italian driving a Maserati.

Giuseppe Farina, his fellow countryman, driving an Alfa Romeo, claimed the distinction of winning the 1950 race, which was the first round of the inaugural World Championship, and given the additional accolade of Grand Prix of Europe.

Home drivers have a good record at Silverstone, although one of the most celebrated performances resulted in glorious failure. Graham Hill stalled at the start in 1960 but carved his way through the field to take the lead, only to spin under pressure from Jack Brabham.

Hill's son, Damon, won a famously controversial British Grand

Prix in 1994 after Michael Schumacher ignored the black flag. The villain of 1973 was Jody Scheckter, who spun and caused a massive pile-up at the start and had to be locked away by his team. Almost forgotten is the winner that day, Peter Revson.

Perhaps most memorable of all was the 1987 race at Silverstone, when Nigel Mansell, who brought a new fervour to motor racing in this country, pulled back a 28-second deficit to beat his Williams teammate and nemesis, Nelson Piquet. Mansell completed the classic by outwitting the Brazilian with a double feint along Hangar Straight at 200 mph.

Drivers of the next half-century have a hard act to follow:

## FIFTY YEARS OF SILVERSTONE

1948 Converted RAF World War II bomber training base hosts first grand prix on a 3.67-mile circuit. Lap record set at 77mph by Luigi Villorelli in a Maserati

1949 Club chicane removed and circuit assumes the 2.9-mile shape that lasts 25 years unaltered

1950 Silverstone is first circuit to host a race for the new world championship for drivers

1951 RAC gives up running the circuit. The British Racing Drivers' Club takes on the lease

1971 BRDC purchases freehold of entire 720-acre estate. Lap record tops 130mph, set by Jackie Stewart in a Tyrrell-Ford

1973 Jody Scheckter spins his McLaren exiting Woodcote on lap one of grand prix and triggers mass pile-up

1975 44 modern pits constructed and Woodcote slowed by inserting a right-left-right chicane. Lap length now 2.932 miles

1979 Entire circuit resurfaced in "Delugrip" high-grip material. Lap record now over 140mph, set by Clay Regazzoni in a Williams-Ford

1985 Keke Rosberg becomes fastest man ever around Silverstone with a qualifying lap of 160.925mph in a Williams. Alain Prost sets new lap record of 150mph in a McLaren-TAG Turbo

1987 New left-right corner insert-

ed before Woodcote to trim speeds over start-finish line. Lap 2.969 miles

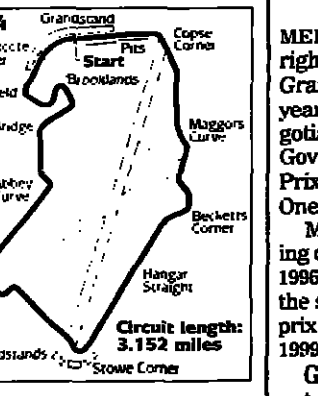
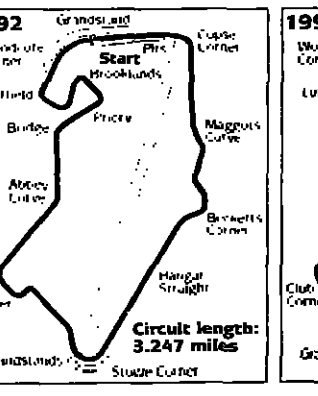
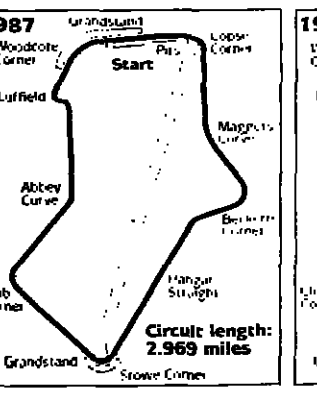
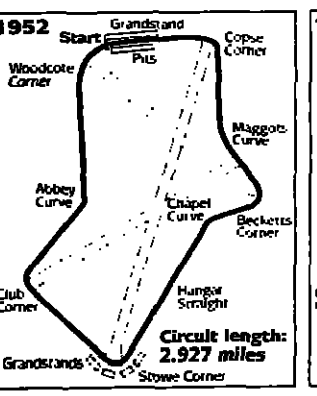
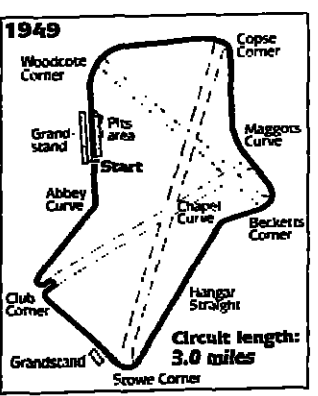
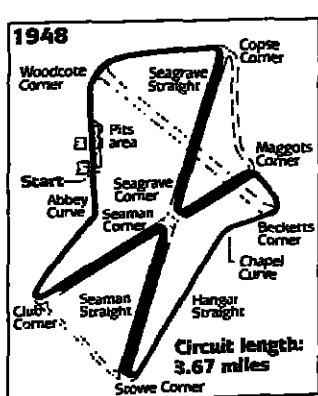
1992 Major revisions to track see new Becketts sequence. Vale link between Stowe and Club. Bridge bend and Priory infield loop

1994 Driver safety increased with new gravel traps at Copse, Stowe, Vale, Abbey and Priory, using 1,000 lorry-loads of materials

1996 Stowe corner revised to run quicker. New lap length is 3.152 miles and lap record is established by Jacques Villeneuve at 127.096

1997 Copse, Priory, Brooklands and Luffield altered and track resurfaced. Circuit now 3.194 miles long. Michael Schumacher sets lap record of 136.115mph

## HOW THE SILVERSTONE CIRCUIT HAS CHANGED OVER THE YEARS



## Melbourne extension

MELBOURNE HAS won the right to host the Australian Grand Prix for a further five years until 2006 following negotiations with the Victorian Government, Australian Grand Prix Corporation and Formula One administration.

Melbourne took over the staging of the race from Adelaide in 1996 and is expected to again be the scene of the opening grand prix of the season when the 1999 calendar is released.

Gerhard Berger has been put in charge of preparing

BMW's return to Formula One racing with Williams in 2000. The Austrian won 10 grands prix in a 210-race career that spanned stints with Benetton, McLaren and Ferrari.

The Spanish 500cc motorcycle star Carlos Checa is "improving steadily" after crashing during practice for last Sunday's British Grand Prix at Donington Park.

Checa had his spleen removed and after strong initial progress, he suffered a stroke which left him with problems with his vision and movement.



## The second offensive begins.

Once more unto the breach, dear friends. The battle resumes in the Second Round of the NatWest Trophy.

**NatWest**  
More than just a bank





Spectators sit and enjoy the initial dressage phase of the Horse and Hound Eventing Grand Prix at the Royal International Horse Show at Hickstead yesterday

David Ashdown

# Bartle's dynamic dressage display

## EQUESTRIANISM

By GENEVIEVE MURPHY  
at Hickstead

CHRIS BARTLE held the lead half-way through yesterday's dressage phase of the Horse and Hound Eventing Grand Prix at the Royal International

Horse Show, raising hopes that he might be able to claim a £30,000 jackpot by adding success in this contest to his victory at Badminton in May. Bartle, who was sixth in the 1994 Olympic dressage, produced a lovely test from his Badminton victor, World Perfect II, for a score of 68.27 per cent

ahead of Ireland's Lucy Thompson on Welton Molecule (66) and Pippa Funnell on The Tourmaline Rose (65.6).

The compelling part of this completely new contest (the brainchild of Paul Schockemuhle who came in to save the Hickstead course from possible closure last year) will come

today when riders face a track of 28 fences in and around the international arena. It is an unusual course, to say the least.

Designed by Robert Lemieux, who retired from three-day eventing after breaking his leg last year, it will be a serious test of boldness and accuracy. After jumping eight

fences in the arena, competitors (among them five show-jumping riders) will face a yawning ditch and hedge into an area of Douglas Bunn's back garden.

The nine fences there include three parts of the Badminton Bounce, where the distance looks extremely tight, and a huge spread fence called the

Seahorse Helicopter Oxer. Back in the arena if they get that far riders have 11 permanent obstacles to jump before going through the finish.

"It's a great concept and I hope it goes well," Bartle said, before he had seen the fences. "It would be great for the horses to have something like this

to do mid-season that isn't as taxing as a three-day event."

Today's jumping will be judged on time, with a five-second penalty for each fence knocked down. Lemieux said: "It remains to be seen whether that's the right penalty, it's such a completely new concept that we can't expect things to

be spot-on from day one." If the eventing grand prix is a success, Schockemuhle has plans to introduce similar contests on the Continent. "It's new and fresh, we need this for our sport," said Rodrigo Pessoa, the Brazilian winner of this year's Volvo World Cup for show-jumping and a competitor here.

## RACING RESULTS

### NEWMARKET

2.05: (10yo maiden stakes) 1. T. Quinn 8-1  
2. Nimmell 10-1  
3. D. Duff 8-1  
4. D. Duff 8-1  
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9. D. Duff 8-1  
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2.35: (10yo maiden stakes) 1. D. Duff 8-1  
2. Nimmell 10-1  
3. D. Duff 8-1  
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3.05: (10yo maiden stakes) 1. D. Duff 8-1  
2. Nimmell 10-1  
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3.40: (10yo maiden stakes) 1. D. Duff 8-1  
2. Nimmell 10-1  
3. D. Duff 8-1  
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4.10: (10yo maiden stakes) 1. D. Duff 8-1  
2. Nimmell 10-1  
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4.40: (10yo maiden stakes) 1. D. Duff 8-1  
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5.10: (10yo maiden stakes) 1. D. Duff 8-1  
2. Nimmell 10-1  
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5.40: (10yo maiden stakes) 1. D. Duff 8-1  
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## KEMPTON

### HYPERION

6.35 Montreux 7.05 Penryn 7.35 Samara  
Song 8.05 Sprint Spring 8.35 Murgum 9.05  
Smarter Charter

GOING: Good (Good to Firm in places); penryn - 31  
STALLS: Strong course - for sale, penryn - made.  
DRAW ADVANTAGE: High for 1st and 2nd.  
Right-handed. Separate straight for 1st and 2nd.  
Course is on 1st and 2nd. (Bidding Day only: See list from Richmond Underpass station) Kempton Park railway station. ADMITTANCE: Club £5, Juniors 10p to 25-year-olds £12; Grandstand £10; Silver Ring £5. Accompanied children under-16 free. Parking: Members car park £2 (limited) and must be pre-booked. Centre car park free. CAR PARK: Members £2, remainder free.

LEADING TRAINERS: R. Hannan 30-25 (32%), S. M. 21-20 (33%), J. Duff 15-17 (22%), H. Cecil 14-15 (22%).  
LEADING JOCKEYS: P. Eddery 4-10 (22%), R. Duff 4-10 (22%).  
FAVOURITES: 1. Duff 8-1, 2. Nimmell 10-1, 3. Duff 8-1, 4. Duff 8-1, 5. Duff 8-1, 6. Duff 8-1, 7. Duff 8-1, 8. Duff 8-1, 9. Duff 8-1, 10. Duff 8-1.

6.35: (10yo maiden stakes) 1. D. Duff 8-1  
2. Nimmell 10-1  
3. D. Duff 8-1  
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## WORCESTER

### HYPERION

6.50 Merciless Cup 7.20 Look In The Mirror 7.50  
Zaitoon 8.20 Sylvan Sabre 8.50 Daraydan 9.20  
Did You Know

GOING: Good (Good to Firm in places).  
Left-handed course. Level with long straight, easy turns and a few humps.  
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## FOLKESTONE

### HYPERION

2.20 Lightning Blade 2.50 Dim Ofan 3.25 Glow-  
ing 4.00 Frankie Fair 4.30 Siraf 5.05 Arzan 5.35  
Rapid Reliance

GOING: Good (Good to Firm in places).  
STALLS: Strong course - stands add; round course - outside  
DRAW ADVANTAGE: High best 31, 31 1/2, 31 1/2.  
Right-hand, undulating course with a run-in of one furlong.  
Course is 5m W of town off A22. Westernhanger station (service from London, Charing Cross) adds course. ADMITTANCE: Club £5, Terraces £10; Picnic Park £4 per car plus £4 per occupant. Accompanied under-16 free. CAR PARK: Free.

LEADING TRAINERS: R. Hannan 30-25 (32%), J. P. 21-20 (33%), J. Duff 15-17 (22%), H. Cecil 14-15 (22%).  
LEADING JOCKEYS: P. Eddery 4-10 (22%), R. Duff 4-10 (22%).  
FAVOURITES: 1. Duff 8-1, 2. Nimmell 10-1, 3. Duff 8-1, 4. Duff 8-1, 5. Duff 8-1, 6. Duff 8-1, 7. Duff 8-1, 8. Duff 8-1, 9. Duff 8-1, 10. Duff 8-1.

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## BROCKHAMPTON

### HYPERION

6.50 Merciless Cup 7.20 Look In The Mirror 7.50  
Zaitoon 8.20 Sylvan Sabre 8.50 Daraydan 9.20  
Did You Know

GOING: Good (Good to Firm in places).  
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## BROCKHAMPTON

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# Ferguson seeks £7m Ortega

**Pak Se-ri, South Korea's golden girl, on the way to winning the US Open** *Reuters*

West Ham have signed a £3m, three-year shirt sponsorship deal with Dr Martens.

**DAVID PLATT**, the former England captain, retired from playing yesterday with a year of his Arsenal contract still to run after admitting that he could no longer perform at the top level, and prepared to embark on a round-the-world voyage of discovery to prepare for a career in management.

At the age of 32, most former internationals - Platt won 62 England caps scoring 27 goals - would have stayed on at a top club with a Champions' League campaign ahead of them. But Platt, whose transfer fees to Aston Villa, Bari, Juventus,

Sampdoria and Arsenal totalled £22m intends to learn the ropes from leading coaches around the world to be able to "hit the ground running" when he starts his managerial career.

He said: "I felt 12 or 15 months ago that my physical condition was declining and I couldn't see myself improving as a player. I intend to spend an intensive period learning as much about management as I possibly can in Europe and South America. I have worked with some of the game's greatest coaches and hope to be able to call on them for advice."

Leaders in our field since 1825

**1930** - Advances in materials and regularity in the construction of the ball meant that people could rely on consistent performance whatever the conditions.

**Sponsors of the Loch Lomond  
golf tournament  
8-11 July 1998**

The Standard Life Assurance Company is a mutual concern registered in Scotland (no. 524). Head Office: Standard Life House, 10 Leithian Road, Edinburgh. Tel. 01 1 235 1551. Incorporated for the Federal Republic of Germany by International Fusion.



# Pekerman made Argentina coach

ARGENTINA HAVE appointed their former international junior coach, Jose Pekerman, as their interim coach following the departure of Daniel Passarella.

Passarella stepped down as promised following his country's World Cup elimination by the Netherlands on Saturday, and Pekerman is the favourite to be his permanent successor.

Pekerman is a popular choice because of his success as coach of Argentina's Under-20 side which has won two World Championships playing exciting, attacking football.

A number of other qualified candidates are interested in the job, and they reportedly include Argentina's 1986 World Cup-winning coach, Carlos Bilardo.

Although Diego Maradona is not on the list, he does have a message for the new national coach - abandon the European style introduced by Passarella. Analysing the defeat by the Netherlands, Maradona said: "What annoyed me most was that our players did not play their own game, but played like Europeans."

"I would have been happy if we had gone down playing our own style. But Argentina came out playing like Germany while at the same time Holland played like Argentina and led us a merry dance."

Argentina's World Cup squad was welcomed home yesterday by more than 500 cheering fans. "We are always with you", "The champion is not always the best" and "Thanks for everything" were just

some of the signs waved by supporters to their heroes.

All 240 drug tests in the first 60 matches of the World Cup have been negative, the governing body of world football, Fifa, said yesterday.

Dr Michel D'Hooge, the Belgian chairman of Fifa's sports medical committee, said: "It gives me great satisfaction, but we are not claiming a 100 per cent victory yet as there are still four matches to play."

"However, the majority of players who are still to play have already been tested and we are hopeful that by the end of the tournament there will be perfect compliance of the Fifa regulations." Under Fifa rules two players from each team are tested after every match following a draw made at half-time.

Only three players have ever been sanctioned by Fifa for contravening doping controls at the World Cup: Ernst Jean-Joseph of Haiti in 1974, Willie Johnston of Scotland in 1978 and Diego Maradona of Argentina in 1994.

While the spotless reputation of France 98 has been maintained as far as drugs are concerned, the world's greatest-ever player has found several things to complain about.

Pele thinks Brazil are not playing their best football and England's David Beckham did not deserve the red card, while he considers the best teams so far to be France and the Netherlands. "Brazil can do a better job and are not working well together," Pele was quoted as saying in an interview in the French

sports newspaper *L'Equipe* yesterday. "We've had some little problems with co-ordination. Luckily we qualified, but Brazil can play better."

He was critical of the World Cup's tough stance on tackling from behind, saying Fifa "creates difficulty for the defenders who are now afraid of getting a yellow or red card."

"We also see strikers dramatise things after a tackle to provoke a card. The confusion in these circumstances creates different attitudes in referees and inevitably mistakes."

Such as the expulsion of David Beckham in the Argentina v England second-round match? "Oh yes, I didn't see it very well the first time. But now I think that Simeone is... a good actor," Pele was quoted as saying. "Unfortunately England was

eliminated and with it Michael Owen, who was the great surprise for me."

Sir Bobby Charlton believes France will win the trophy. England's record goalscorer says France's defensive strength will take them past Croatia in the semi-finals and they will be roared on by their home crowd to the ultimate prize.

Sir Bobby also has "a sneaking feeling" that the Netherlands will get past Brazil to take their place in the Stade de France on Sunday. "There are a lot of ifs and buts. However, I think France are the only ones who look as though they are definitely going to get there. I also have a sneaking feeling that Holland will beat Brazil, especially if Brazil make the same mistakes that they made

against Denmark. Everybody tells me that Brazil can step up a gear - but they may be at full throttle already," Sir Bobby added. "France have their defensive strength and they have Zinedine Zidane. He makes it all happen and defences are frightened of him."

Charlton believes Brazilian star Ronaldo has yet to live up to his pre-tournament billing. "Before the World Cup, I would have said he was potentially the only one who was going to push himself into superstardom," said Sir Bobby.

"He's got the history that he can play - but unless you do it at World Cup level then you've not proved it. He's got the opportunity over the next one or maybe two games but he has to do it then."

Second semi-final: The burden of securing victory in Paris tonight falls on two players who have points to prove

## Djorkaeff's free spirit can decide French fate

John Lichfield talks to the creative force of the France team, a rover while on the pitch but very direct when off it

YOURI DJORKAEFF will score a goal for France against Croatia in the World Cup semi-final at the Stade de France tonight. Who says so? Youri does. Youri Djorkaeff's name is permanently printed on the France team-sheet. Who says so? Youri does. Youri Djorkaeff invented the France style of play for France 98. Who says so? Youri did.

For a man who has yet to set the World Cup alight - one goal from the penalty spot, a series of unconvincing performances - the international striker-cum-midfielder has a high opinion of his own abilities. On the field he can be moody, frustrating, yet he is the first to tick off his colleagues, especially the younger ones. Off the field, he is more likeable - passionate, thoughtful, sometimes funny.

Djorkaeff is one of the rare footballers who thinks carefully before replying to questions. He tries to avoid stating the obvious. Is he pleased to have avoided the Germans in the semi-final? "No, I would have preferred the Germans. I think they were the weaker team. The Croats have the wind on their backs. They have the confidence to attempt, and to pull off, the unexpected."

Rumours from within the France camp suggest that some of his senior team-mates - Marcel Desailly, Didier Deschamps - wanted him dropped for the quarter-final game against Italy. Djorkaeff played and missed two good chances. He refused to take a penalty in the shoot-out ("I was too tired"), even though he is the team's penalty-taker and, at 30, one of the most experienced members of the squad. And yet there can be no doubt that Djorkaeff will play tonight.

"Youri didn't disappoint me [against the Italians]," the French coach, Aimé Jacquet, said. "His finishing was not what it might be but his technique and his cheek are indispensable." Jacquet added that he "quite understood" Djorkaeff's decision to refuse to take a penalty, allowing two 20-year-olds, Thierry Henry and David Trézéguet, to assume the responsibility instead.

Why is Jacquet so smitten by Djorkaeff? What, exactly, is his role in the France team? What did Djorkaeff mean when he said, before the World Cup, that he had "invented the Jacquet system"? (This is, perhaps, what the manager was thinking of when he referred to Djorkaeff's "check".) The fact is that Djorkaeff's role has changed during France 98.

The Jacquet system, from an original idea by Youri Djorkaeff, was to leave him as a "free spirit". Before the World Cup, he had scored 17 goals for France in 38 matches from this position. During France 98, Djorkaeff's flashes of speed and brilliance have been rarely seen. When Zinedine Zidane was suspended for two games, Djorkaeff seemed unsure whether he should fill the great man's boots by playing mostly in midfield or in his usual position further forward.

After the last-16 game against Paraguay, other senior players campaigned for Youri's replacement by a third midfield work-horse. Jacquet half-complied. Against Italy, he put Christian Karembeu into the midfield with Deschamps and Emmanuel Petit, but he started without his top scorer, Thierry Henry. He put the "indispensable" Djorkaeff alongside Zidane in a 4-3-2-1 formation, with only Stéphane Guivarch up front. Deschamps hinted after the game that Djorkaeff had been told



Youri Djorkaeff, France's midfielder-cum-striker, adds another position to his repertoire during a training session at Clairefontaine near Paris

AFP

that he must work harder. If so, he obeyed, harrying the Italians tirelessly. But he also fluffed the best two France chances of the match.

Djorkaeff was born into a football family. His father, Jean, of Russian-Ukrainian origin, was captain of the France team which performed miserably in England's World Cup year, 1966. The younger Djorkaeff

had a steady, rather than meteoric, career, making his first international appearance at the age of 25. He played for Grenoble, Strasbourg and Monaco before blossoming with Paris St-Germain and making an impressive debut with Inter in 1996-7.

Last season, he faded, losing his regular place in Inter's line-up of global all-stars - Ronaldo, Ivan

Zamorano, Diego Simeone etc. The loss of form has persisted into the World Cup. He appears to have become torn between playing his usual, free, selfish role and developing into a team player and has done neither particularly well. Has he, himself, been disappointed in his performances? "That's for others to judge. I'm playing the World Cup I

expected to play. What is more important, that Youri Djorkaeff should score a lot of goals or that France should be in the semi-finals? Anyone who thinks that I could be disappointed or sad or bitter with that outcome does not understand anything about sport."

The frustrations and criticisms do not appear to have dented Djorkaeff's self-confidence, off-the-pitch in any case. On the pitch Jacquet has instructed him to be more arrogant and shoot on sight. "I know I'm going to score [against Croatia]," Djorkaeff said. "I know it. I feel it. I can't explain why. It's a kind of premonition... this time it's going to go in. I may only have a couple of chances but I'm going to score."

## Suker's heart beats for a nation

Cute, cunning and deadly in front of goal, the Croat hit-man is the player the host nation fear most. By Andrew Longmore

THE PRESS box at the Stade Gerland in Lyons is, unlike the crowd's nests at other World Cup stadiums, at pitch level. What it loses in perspective, it gains in atmosphere. And, on Saturday evening, it afforded the world's press an unrivalled view of the skill of Davor Suker.

Midway through the second half of the 3-0 victory over Germany, the Croatian striker received the ball with his back to goal close to the touchline. Behind him was Michael Tarnat. Quite how Suker judged the distance remains a mystery, but with a turn, a roll of his right foot across the ball and skip to the right, he drew the German wing-back into a challenge and, threading the ball through a gap of perhaps a foot between German studs and white line, sped away from his marker towards the byline.

Suker will want the video stopped right there, but what happens next is as much part of the story. In his eagerness to capitalise, Suker stumbled, tried to recover his balance, like a drunk tripping over the kerb, and plunged head first into the ground. From the sublime to the ridiculous in the twinkling of an eye.

For all his 34 goals in 40 internationals, his wealth and status, there

is still a sense that Suker has not made the most of what he has. Suker at least had the good grace to emerge with a rueful smile flicking his lips. At 30, he is too old to be taught new tricks.

"Dangerous" is how Aimé Jacquet, the France coach, has described his unlikely semi-final opponents in the Stade de Denis this evening. "Mentality has often been a weakness in Yugoslav and former Yugoslav players," Jean François Jodar, one of Jacquet's spies, said. "But I don't think we can count on that this time." Their chessboard shirts might have been voted the ugliest in the tournament, but Jürgen Klinsmann and Lothar Matthäus would vouch for their strange forces unleashed by their distinctive pattern.

Yet, if national intensity was a passport to success, Croatia would have won the European Championship in a patriotic canter two years ago. Instead, Germany administered a painful lesson in the art of emotional control. Just how thor-

oughly the theory had been absorbed became apparent in Lyons when Suker, who had dropped deep partly to drag Köhler and Matthäus out of position, partly to keep within lobbying distance of the Norwegian referee, lured Christian Worns into a rash challenge and turned an admittedly crude foul into a French banquet. "Suker est malin" said the headline the following morning. Malin can mean wicked, but here it meant cute, cunning.

Orchestrated by Suker, the Croats pushed the Germans way over the line laid down at the finals, a fact symbolically acknowledged by Suker, who wielded a Croatian flag like a matador's cape during the chaotic celebration of Germany's heaviest World Cup defeat for 40 years.

"The big guns don't always win," Suker said later, a reference to the dismissive comments of Berti Vogts, the Germany coach. The war-torn spirit of Euro 96 has been transformed into a chippy little complex in France 98. When Jacquet referred to their victory as a "semi-sur-

prise", the propaganda battle had started again. The Croats took that as a slight, though they refer to themselves as "Little Croatia". Suker, along with Zvonimir Boban, has represented the emerging sense of national identity which followed Croatia's independence in 1991. Both were members of the Yugoslav junior side which won the World Championship in 1987, but neither had any doubts where their loyalties truly lay.

Suker was born and brought up in Osijek, a town 150 miles east of Zagreb. His father was an Olympic shot-putter. Tomislav Suker, but football was always Davor's game. From Osijek he moved to Dynamo Zagreb, now Croatia Zagreb, where his instinct for goalscoring - 167 in five seasons - attracted a lucrative move to Seville.

Suker was there when the civil war began in July 1991 and the guilt still lingers along with relief. International footballers were regarded as too important to be sacrificed on the battlefield, but

team-mates of Suker's at Osijek and Zagreb stayed at home and paid the journeyman's price.

Suker, though, has never had any difficulty adjusting to the high life. His first season at Real Madrid brought 24 goals and a Spanish championship; his second, a much publicised romance with a television presenter and a season ticket to the substitutes' bench, from which he watched his former compatriot, the Yugoslav Predrag Mijatovic, win the European Cup for Real.

The Croat Suker became the playboy Suker and even his countrymen began to wonder if their "Sukerman" had lost his cape until a vital goal in Greece ensured Croatia of qualification for their first World Cup.

Throughout, he has remained that rarely, a calm, almost serene, Croat. In the chaos of a twice-taken penalty against Romania, one of his four goals in five games, Suker was shown with his right hand to his chin in a philosopher's pose. Just checking his pulse rate, he said later. "When it was 120, I knew I could control my nerves." The sight of Suker within range of goal tonight will induce a collective twitch in the French pulse.



Davor Suker celebrates one of his four goals in France 98 which have helped to see Croatia through to tonight's semi-final

AP



# Blatter bemoans 'textile testers'

BY TOMMY STANFORTH

THE NETHERLANDS' Dennis Bergkamp would not even have started last night's World Cup semi-final against Brazil if FIFA's disciplinary committee had done their job, the new president Sepp Blatter has claimed. Instead, Bergkamp would be serving the second of a two-match ban for stamping on Yugoslavia's Sinisa Mihajlovic in the Netherlands' second round 2-1 victory.

Television replays showed the Arsenal striker stamping on the Yugoslav but neither the referee nor his assistant intervened. Days earlier France's Zinedine Zidane committed a similar offence in his country's group match against Saudi Arabia. Zidane was sent off and banned for two matches. The disciplinary committee has refused to study videos in France 98 to discern which players are breaking the rules. The decision has enraged Blatter.

"There were two cases of them using videos in 1994," Blatter said. "One to prevent a player getting a second yellow card and in the other to punish an Italian player for a foul on a Spanish player. The disciplinary committee have the opportunity to use videos here in France but they will not do it. I will have a word with them after the tournament, a very serious word."

However, Blatter's "word" may not be enough. The committee only intervenes if an act is committed behind the referee's back, which was not the case with Bergkamp. Blatter also criticised players he described as "textile testers".

"It is incredible how many players are using their hands, grabbing an opponent's shirt. It is as if they have been signed up by several companies as textile testers," he complained.

The length of the tournament and kick-off time of the final also came in for criticism. "The next World Cup should be shortened by four or five days," Blatter said.

"Thirty-two days is really a long period. It is not easy. In the opening phase, teams had six days between matches," Blatter told a Swiss newspaper yesterday. "That's too many. It

shouldn't be longer than four days."

He conceded there was a danger of viewers being saturated if matches were played closer together, but that the danger "also exists if the World Cup lasts for 33 days". In an effort to solve the problem Blatter suggested increasing the number of matches a day during the first round but admitted that any changes would need to be discussed with television companies.

Sunday's final kicks off at 9pm local time, and Blatter said he was unhappy with that too. "It means we cannot have a party on the same day of the final. It will have to be held in the early hours on Monday morning. The kick-off should have been at 6pm," he said. Asked why the 9pm kick-off had not been changed he replied, with a smile: "I wasn't president then."

Although he is in charge now, Blatter said that he had no plans to change some of France 98's more controversial arrangements. "There's no question that changes must be made in the sale of tickets," Blatter continued, but he did not specify what changes might be considered. Ticket scandals have dogged the finals.

Blatter, 62, hinted that he will step down from the committee bidding for the 2006 Winter Olympics to come to Switzerland. He is one of the most prominent campaigners for the bid to host the games in Sion, in his native state of Valais.

"A double function in FIFA and Sion 1996 doesn't seem possible any more," he was quoted as saying. "But I will continue to support the application in some form." The new FIFA president denied he has promised the 2006 World Cup finals to Africa, but said a rotation system among America, Europe, Asia and Africa is "logical".

"[Africa] needs to be able to offer the necessary structures if it is to be awarded the tournament," Blatter said. He also promised unity on the world body's ruling executive committee and said the Uefa president, Lennart Johansson, whom Blatter defeated last month for the FIFA presidency, would become one of his "closest contacts".



A giant replica of Tricolore, the France 98 World Cup football, hangs from the ceiling of a Parisian department store. Sepp Blatter, the new FIFA president, has promised changes will be made in the sale of tickets, a source of controversy throughout these finals

## 'Kaiser' predicts rise of clubs

FRANZ BECKENBAUER yesterday criticised the standard of football at the World Cup finals and predicted the European club game would one day eclipse international football.

Beckenbauer, who won the World Cup with Germany both as a captain in 1974 and a coach in 1990 and known as the "Kaiser", said that the probable creation of a European league could lead to a major shift in the game's power base.

"The European league will come and the top clubs will gain in power," Beckenbauer predicted. "One day there won't be a national team anymore. Europe is growing together. At the moment the national team has a high value. But the influence of the clubs is getting bigger."

"The World Cup has been okay. But it has been without big moments," he said. "Some of the games in the first round should not have taken place in a stadium but on an all-weather practice pitch."

The Croatia coach, Miroslav Blazevic, said yesterday that he was considering other offers and did not know if he would remain as national coach after the World Cup. "I have had a number of offers, most notably from within France," said Blazevic, whose side face France in the second semi-final today.

Blazevic said he was not involved in negotiations with any clubs. "At the moment I am not dealing with my future. I have a big game to prepare for. We will see after the World Cup."

A Croatian football federation spokesman, Darko Troni, said that the 63-year-old has two years remaining on his contract with the national side. But Blazevic might be swayed by the opportunity to coach in France again, having done so at the first division club Nantes in 1988. He has also been in charge at the Swiss club Grasshopper Zurich and Greek side PAOK Salonika.

Moreno Torricelli, the Italy defender, has moved from Juventus to Fiorentina. Torricelli, 28, has spent the past six seasons in Turin, winning three Serie A titles and one European Cup. Also on the move is the Austria striker Toni Polster, who has joined the German club Borussia Mönchengladbach from Cologne.



## DIARY

WHY DO referees want to go the World Cup and risk being vilified? The wages could offer a pointer. Each referee is paid £15,000 for the tournament, given free board and lodging, and £125-per-day "pocket money", making a total of around £20,000 for the five weeks. The Independent telephoned the FA to ask how the money compares to that paid to Premiership referees, but the line was engaged all day. One can only assume Lancaster Gate was being deluged by enquiries from people who want application forms to be the next Paul Durkin.

FIFA IS sponsoring a study of 700 football players in three European nations to pinpoint the chief causes and ways to prevent injuries. Dr Jiri Dvorak, a member of FIFA's medical commission, said the study encompasses all levels, from amateurs to professionals, ages 14 and above. In France, Germany and Czechoslovakia. Similar research in the past helped lead to the banning of the tackle altogether. Who knows, future research might even lead to a ban on kicking the ball. Perhaps Maradona, with his hands-on approach, was not cheating, but simply way ahead of his time.

ILUKA TRIPKOVIC, the patron of Paris's only Croatian bar, had to lock 300 people outside for the quarter-final game. "I need a room six times bigger than this bar for the France game," he said.

## Star billing in Zidane territory

LA CASTELLANE. I wanted to go to La Castellane. Everyone thought I was crazy.

"You want to go where? Are you crazy?" This was a friendly guy at the station. "But that is le Quartier Nord. It's hot there! Well, OK, but don't go on your own. With that white hair! Take two or three friends with you, you'll be fine. And yet, look what happened a couple of weeks ago..."

There is a widespread theory that all the trouble in Marseilles started when several thousand malcontents descended on the town from the outer suburbs to the north, specifically to mix it with the English. And now I wanted to go precisely to one of these cities. I had a good reason though: I was looking for Zinedine Zidane's place. Zidane, the star of the French team, was born in La Castellane.

The taxi driver did not care who was born there: he wasn't driving to La Castellane. "It's not worth it. I will get my car smashed up; they break everything there. If you're going, don't take any money with you. They are strong, and there are lots of them." The "them" being



ANDY MARTIN  
AT LARGE IN FRANCE



the multifarious citizens the Marseillais refer to as "arabs", "moslems" or "North Africans". So - with the sense that I was venturing into a no-go area, a warzone, and coward enough to identify myself as Australian if anyone asked - I took the metro to Bougainville and the 25 bus (it takes an hour) instead. When I got off the bus the cicadas were blasting away and I could see far out over the harbour and Mediterranean. I had the sense that this was as far south as it was possible to go and still be in France, if indeed I was in France.

For most Marseillais, La Castellane is another country. But it is definitely not a colourful Casbah, more an archipelago of grey and cream tower blocks with empty expanses of concrete between them. There

was a bunch of teenage kids - of North African ancestry, I guessed, kicking a football about. "What are you looking for?" one of them said to me. I gulped. "I'm looking for the club."

"It's over there. I'll take you." About 10 of them took me to the club. "Are you supporting Brazil or Holland?" the kid asked me. "Brazil and Holland," I said, playing it safe.

"We're supporting Holland," he said. "If we win tomorrow, we'd rather meet Holland than Brazil in the final."

He accompanied me to the Association des jeunes de la nouvelle vague, which is the seat of La Castellane football club. It was like a shop-front, not much more (their ground is further off). A giant poster of Zi-

dane, honorary president of the club, took pride of place.

There were three or four guys lounging in the sun outside. "We're third in the division d'honneur", one of them told me, over Olympic Marseilles (one of their B teams) and someone else. Zidane's apartment was at the end of the square, with a purple parasol sticking out of the window.

"He lives in Italy now," one of a bunch of little kids told me. "But if you want to meet some Zidane, there are two of them." He introduced me to Driss and Mehdi, his nephews, who were six and three years old. They were putting on in-line skates, but they assured me that they were going to play for France one day and that France would certainly win the World Cup and that, yes, Zidane himself would score the winning goal.

Saida was the name of the stunningly beautiful young girl (around 15) who was keeping an eye on them and who had some complicated relationship to Zidane. I didn't really understand. "What do the girls do here if all the boys play football?" I asked her. "We play football, too," she said. "We are all Zidanees here."

Her friend told me, without me asking, that the Zidanees had a Kabyl background.

Then still more kids rolled up and asked me to speak some English to them and they spoke English back to me. Then we had to speak Spanish. "You don't know any Chinese do you?" one of them asked.

"That's half of yours," said another (in French now). "It's not real, is it? It's dyed, right?"

"Have you got a ticket for the match?"

I was Mr Popular, the star attraction, sitting on the steps outside the club, for an hour or so, shooting the breeze with about a hundred kids. I did not give anyone anything and no one asked me for anything, let alone mug me and leave me for dead. Maybe I was lucky. Then, as I was being escorted back to the bus, I came across someone who really was giving something away. Well, a party of American evangelists, to be exact, who were on a mission and had been doling out Bibles in Arabic, Kabyl, French and Spanish. Their entire stock had gone.

"I have a gift for you and it's free," one of them said. "It's the only French I know."

## THE GLOBAL GAME

THE WORLD CUP AROUND THE WORLD

"DANIEL PASSARELLA'S luck finally ran out in the dying moments of Saturday's World Cup quarter-final but his fear of losing sowed the seeds of defeat long before. He was picking sides to counter the opposition rather than exploit their own merits, a fact that irritated critics like his former mentor Cesar Luis Menotti

and team-mate Diego Maradona." The Buenos Aires Herald gives its verdict on the returning losers' coach. "WE NEED to evaluate the cost-benefit of this whole Reggae Boyz promotional exercise. This analysis will help us determine whether the whole exercise was cost-beneficial or if there needs to be changes in

## QUOTES OF THE DAY

What Marcel [Desailly] and I are today has a lot to do with [Miroslav] Blazevic. Didier Deschamps, the French midfielder, pays tribute to his ex-Nantes coach and mentor, now the Croatia coach. I'm not worried about it all blowing up in my face. I'm hungry for success - and I've got big teeth! France's Emmanuel Petit goes slightly dental on his prospects.

We were under Yugoslavia for 45 years and we couldn't say we were Croats. Now we can. That's very important for us. Croatia and Derby's defender, Igor Stimac, on the importance of national pride.

The one you haven't seen.

Emmanuel in Paris.

(Petit scores first, and France win 2-1, £20 pays £1520.)

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8/11 France 4/1 Croatia 15/8 Draw

First player to score	1-0	2-0	2-1	3-0	3-1
Djorkaeff	£520	£580	£580	£1020	£920
Zidane	£520	£580	£580	£1020	£920
Petit	£1220	£1340	£1520	£2520	£2020
Blanc	£1340	£1620	£2020	£3020	£2520
Deschamps	£2020	£2520	£3020	£4520	£4020

First player to score	1-0	2-0	2-1	3-0	3-1
Suker	£720	£1620	£1340	£5520	£4520
Vlasic	£1220	£2520	£2020	£7520	£6520
Stanic	£1620	£3520	£3020	£10,020	£9020
Boban	£2020	£4520	£3520	£11,020	£10,020
Jarni	£2520	£5020	£4520	£13,020	£11,020

Choose the player who'll score first. Choose the final score. See what you'll win for your £20 stake. Good luck!

\*Chances shown are the £20 you bet with deduction paid. Other prices on request. Own goals do not count for 1st player to score. Normal time only. In event of extra time, correct goals and penalty shoot-outs do not count.

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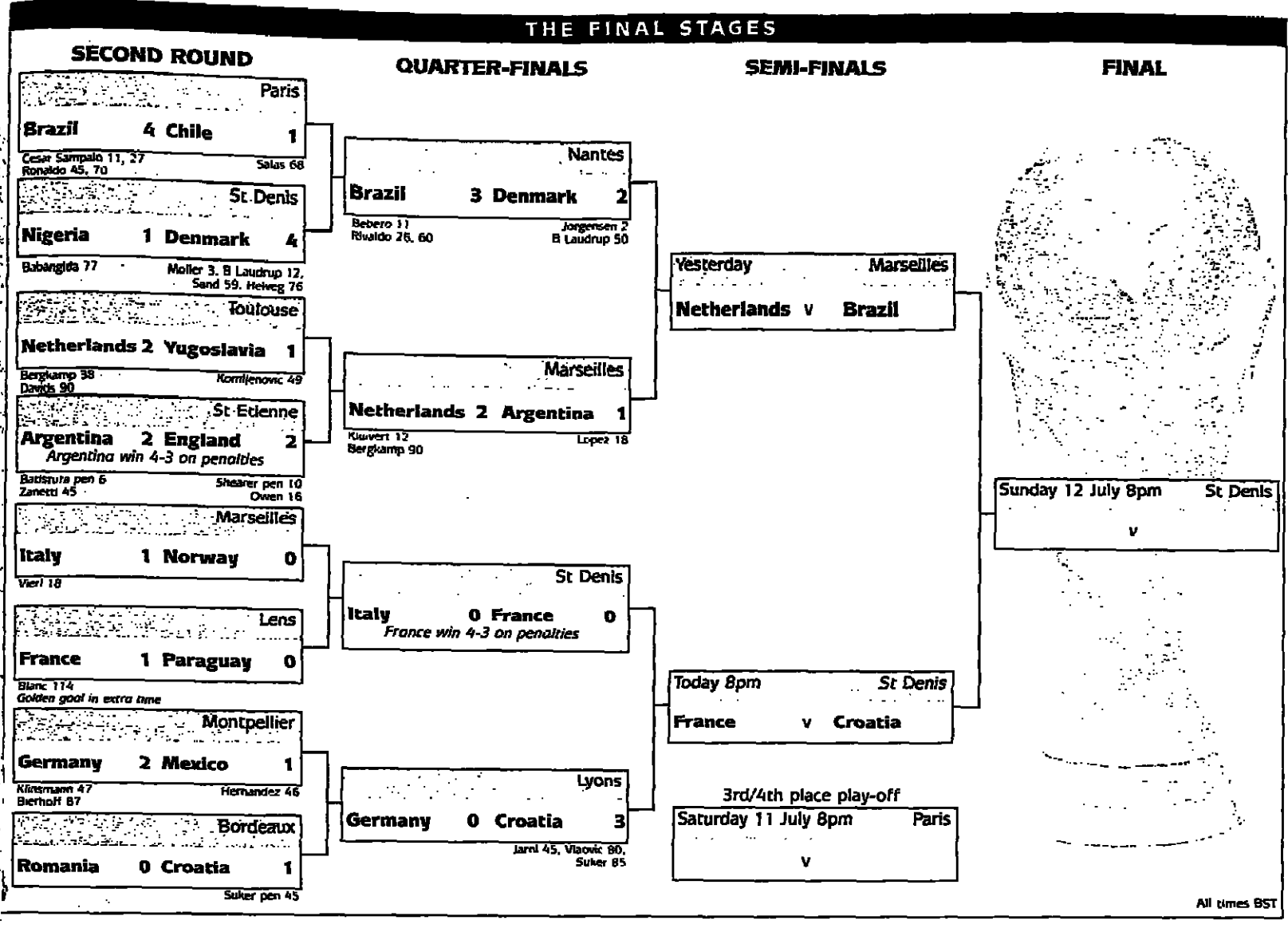
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predict  
rise of  
clubs

# THE COMPLETE GUIDE TO FRANCE 98



## Croatia v France

SEMI-FINAL: STADE DE FRANCE, ST DENIS, PARIS. KICK-OFF: 20.00 BST

**WEATHER:** Overcast. Temperature: 16C. **REFEREE:** J. M. Garcia Aranda (Spain). **TV LIVE:** BBC1 7.35; EUROSPORT 7.50

**CROATIA**

1 Drazen Ladic, 2 Petar Krpan, 3 Anthony Seric, 4 Igor Simic, 5 Goran Jurc, 6 Slaven Bilic, 7 Aljosa Asanovic, 8 Robert Prosinecki, 9 Davor Suker, 10 Zvonimir Boban, 11 Silvio Maric, 12 Marjan Mirkic, 13 Mario Stanic, 14 Zvonimir Soldo, 15 Igor Tudor, 16 Ardan Kozniku, 17 Robert Jarni, 18 Zoran Mamic, 19 Goran Vlastovic, 20 Dario Simic, 21 Krunoslav Juric, 22 Vladimir Vasilj.

**FRANCE**

1 Bernard Lama, 2 Vincent Candela, 3 Bientze Lizarazu, 4 Patrick Vieira, 5 Laurent Blanc, 6 Youri Djorkaeff, 7 Didier Deschamps, 8 Marcel Desailly, 9 Stephane Guivarc'h, 10 Zinedine Zidane, 11 Robert Pires, 12 Thierry Henry, 13 Bernard Diomede, 14 Alain Boghossian, 15 Lilian Thuram, 16 Fabien Barthez, 17 Emmanuel Petit, 18 Franck Lebour, 19 Christian Karembeu, 20 David Trezeguet, 21 Christophe Dugarry, 22 Lionel Charbonnier.

**THE MICE THAT ROARED**

**URUGUAY 1930**  
In 1930, the semi-finals were played in a minnow when the Uruguayans reached the last four, beating Belgium and Paraguay 3-0 along the way. The semi was as far as they progressed however, where they were knocked out, 6-1, by the eventual winners, Uruguay.

**FRANCE 1938**  
In 1938, the debutants Ceiba made their way to the quarter-finals after they drew with Romania 2-2, and then managed to overcome them 2-1 in the replay. Their luck then deserted them, however, and they lost to Sweden - 6-0.

**BRAZIL 1950**  
The USA again provided a shock when they embarrassed England 1-0 in the first round. They were unable to match that kind of form or luck in their other group games, and they lost 3-1 to Spain and 5-2 to Chile on their way to being eliminated.

**SWEDEN 1958**  
Northern Ireland and Wales both performed well in Sweden in 1958. The Northern Irish drew 2-2 with West Ger-

**WORLD CUP BETTING**

**CROATIA V FRANCE**

Team	C	H	I	S	T
Croatia	4.6	4.6	8.1	4.6	8.1
France	1.1	1.5	1.5	1.5	1.5
Draw	4.1	4.1	4.1	4.1	4.1

**CORRECT SCORE**

Score	C	H	I	S	T
France 1-0	5.1	5.1	5.1	5.1	5.1
France 2-0	6.1	6.1	6.1	6.1	6.1
France 3-0	7.1	7.1	7.1	7.1	7.1
France 4-0	8.1	8.1	8.1	8.1	8.1
France 5-0	9.1	9.1	9.1	9.1	9.1
France 1-1	10.1	10.1	10.1	10.1	10.1
France 2-1	11.1	11.1	11.1	11.1	11.1
France 3-1	12.1	12.1	12.1	12.1	12.1
France 4-1	13.1	13.1	13.1	13.1	13.1
France 5-1	14.1	14.1	14.1	14.1	14.1
France 1-2	15.1	15.1	15.1	15.1	15.1
France 2-2	16.1	16.1	16.1	16.1	16.1
France 3-2	17.1	17.1	17.1	17.1	17.1
France 4-2	18.1	18.1	18.1	18.1	18.1
France 5-2	19.1	19.1	19.1	19.1	19.1
France 1-3	20.1	20.1	20.1	20.1	20.1
France 2-3	21.1	21.1	21.1	21.1	21.1
France 3-3	22.1	22.1	22.1	22.1	22.1
France 4-3	23.1	23.1	23.1	23.1	23.1
France 5-3	24.1	24.1	24.1	24.1	24.1
France 1-4	25.1	25.1	25.1	25.1	25.1
France 2-4	26.1	26.1	26.1	26.1	26.1
France 3-4	27.1	27.1	27.1	27.1	27.1
France 4-4	28.1	28.1	28.1	28.1	28.1
France 5-4	29.1	29.1	29.1	29.1	29.1
France 1-5	30.1	30.1	30.1	30.1	30.1
France 2-5	31.1	31.1	31.1	31.1	31.1
France 3-5	32.1	32.1	32.1	32.1	32.1
France 4-5	33.1	33.1	33.1	33.1	33.1
France 5-5	34.1	34.1	34.1	34.1	34.1

**GROUP STAGES**

**Group A**

Team	P	W	D	L	F	A	Pts	GD
1 Brazil	3	2	0	1	6	3	6	+3
2 Norway	3	1	2	0	5	4	5	+1
3 Morocco	3	1	1	1	5	4	4	0
4 Scotland	3	0	1	2	2	6	1	-4

**Group B**

Team	P	W	D	L	F	A	Pts	GD
1 Italy	3	2	1	0	7	3	7	+4
2 Chile	3	0	3	0	4	3	0	0
3 Austria	3	0	2	1	3	4	2	-1
4 Cameroon	3	0	2	1	2	5	2	-3

**Group C**

Team	P	W	D	L	F	A	Pts	GD
1 France	3	3	0	0	9	1	9	+8
2 Denmark	3	1	1	1	3	4	4	0
3 S Africa	3	0	2	1	3	6	2	-3
4 S Arabia	3	0	1	2	2	7	1	-5

**Group D**

Team	P	W	D	L	F	A	Pts	GD
1 Nigeria	3	2	0	1	5	6	6	0
2 Paraguay	3	1	2	0	3	1	5	+2
3 Spain	3	1	1	1	8	4	4	+4
4 Bulgaria	3	0	1	2	1	7	1	-6

**Group E**

Team	P	W	D	L	F	A	Pts	GD
1 Netherlands	3	1	2	0	7	2	5	+5
2 Mexico	3	1	2	0	7	5	5	+2
3 Belgium	3	0	3	0	3	3	0	0
4 S Korea	3	0	1	2	2	9	1	-7

**Group F**

Team	P	W	D	L	F	A	Pts	GD
1 Germany	3	2	1	0	6	2	7	+4
2 Yugoslavia	3	2	1	0	4	2	7	+2
3 Iran	3	1	0	2	2	4	3	-2
4 USA	3	0	0	3	1	5	0	-4

**Group G**

Team	P	W	D	L	F	A	Pts	GD
1 Romania	3	2	1	0	4	2	7	+2
2 England	3	2	0	1	5	2	6	+3
3 Colombia	3	1	0	2	1	3	3	-2
4 Tunisia	3	0	1	2	1	4	1	-3

**Group H**

Team	P	W	D	L	F	A	Pts	GD
1 Argentina	3	3	0	0	7	0	9	+7
2 Croatia	3	2	0	1	4	2	6	+2
3 Jamaica	3	1	0	2	3	9	3	-6
4 Japan	3	0	0	3	1	4	0	-3

**THERE'S NO PLACE LIKE HOME**

**SWEDEN 1958**  
Some crowds have inspired insipid sides to greater things on more than one occasion. Sweden, the great World Cup under-achievers, epitomised the phenomenon when they reached the final in 1958. There, despite taking an early lead, they lost 5-2 Brazil, the 17-year-old Pelé scoring two.

**CHILE 1962**  
Chile reached the semi-finals at home in 1962. In their fourth World Cup appearance, they succumbed 4-2 to the eventual winners, Brazil, but did find some consolation, beating Yugoslavia 1-0 in the third-place play-off.

**ENGLAND 1966**  
Arguably the most famous host triumph of them all (if you're English). England beat West Germany 4-2 in the final, with that controversial Geoff Hurst third goal and the 'they think it's all over fourth. The hosts played their six games at Wembley, which probably helped somewhat.

**WEST GERMANY 1974**  
The last time that European hosts won the tournament was when West Germany beat the Netherlands 2-1. The Germans came back from an early Johan Neeskens penalty with goals from Grottel and Gerd Müller. An earlier match saw East Germany beat West, 2-0.

**ARGENTINA 1978**  
The hosts triumphed again as the Argentinians beat the Netherlands 3-1. Mario Kempes and Daniel Berroni scored in extra time. The hosts were later reduced to 10 men after Leonardo Elberth was sent off. The hosts were later reduced to 10 men after Leonardo Elberth was sent off. The hosts were later reduced to 10 men after Leonardo Elberth was sent off.

**USA 1994**  
The United States have the joint worst record as hosts, getting only as far as the second round. They lost 1-0 to Brazil, who were reduced to 10 men after Leonardo Elberth was sent off. The hosts were later reduced to 10 men after Leonardo Elberth was sent off. The hosts were later reduced to 10 men after Leonardo Elberth was sent off.

**RED AND YELLOW CARDS**

**YELLOW CARDS**

Players involved in the semi-finals on one yellow card:

- Leonardo (Brazil); Aldair (Brazil); Roberto Carlos (Brazil); Jaap Stam (Netherlands); Stéphane Guivarc'h (France); Didier Deschamps (France); Slaven Bilic (Croatia); Zvonimir Boban (Croatia); Davor Suker (Croatia); Dario Simic (Croatia).

Does not include Netherlands v Brazil

**TEAM OF THE DAY**

**OVER THE HILL XI**

A team of thirty-something players who have appeared in France 98 but may well not play in another World Cup:

- Jim Leighton (39, Scotland); Filip de Wilde (34, Belgium); Lothar Matthäus (37, Germany); Giuseppe Bergomi (34, Italy); Vital Borkelmans (35, Belgium); Dunga (34, Brazil); Carlos Valderrama (36, Colombia); George Hagi (34, Romania); Anton Polster (34, Austria); Aashory De Airla (35, Colombia); Bebeto (34, Brazil).

**SPREAD BETTING**

FOR ORIGINALITY it wins no prizes but the top tip for tonight's semi-final is to sell the total goals, widely available at 2.2-2.5. The pre-tournament knock about France - good defence, excellent midfield but, crucially, no strikers - has proved true. Their lack of firepower has seen them forced into extra time despite having the better of their games against Paraguay and Italy.

With a record like that, it is hard to see them scoring many against Croatia who have not conceded a goal in either of their knock-out games. Given that the Croatians have Slaven Bilic and Igor Simic, two of the Premiership's less trumpeted centre-backs, at the heart of their defence that could hardly have been predicted, but they work hard, and defend in depth and in numbers.

France's defence has been much praised without having to do much. They sauntered through the easiest group in the competition conceding just a penalty to Denmark and have since faced two sides with their own problems up front.

The Croatian attack revolves around Davor Suker with the rest joining in on the counter-attack. They have made an excellent habit of scoring right on half-time - as shown by Suker's twice-taken, match-winning penalty against Romania and Jarni's low drive against the Germans.

So, the French nation could easily be doomed once more to watch its side huff and puff its way to extra time. If a goal does come it is more likely to be later rather than sooner so a buy with Sporting at 37-40 minutes takes the eye.

There is another way at looking at this possible impasse and IG are the only company to quote the time of the last goal - 60-63 minutes.

William Hill and City offer a market on the time of first booking - both go 21-24 minutes - and despite the Croatia's rugged reputation and steely-eyed fighting spirit this could be a sneaky profit-maker as the referee, Jose-Manuel Garcia Aranda of Spain, has shown only six yellow cards in his two matches.

Sporting's 54-58 for total bookings also has some appeal with six players, including Suker and Zvonimir Boban, who are vital to Croatia's chances, a caution away from missing the final (or, far less tear-making, Saturday's third-round place play-off).

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## SPORT

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Miroslav Blazevic, the Croatia coach (left), holds court for the world's media, while Didier Deschamps, the France captain (right), hones his volleying skills on court with team-mate Franck Leboeuf

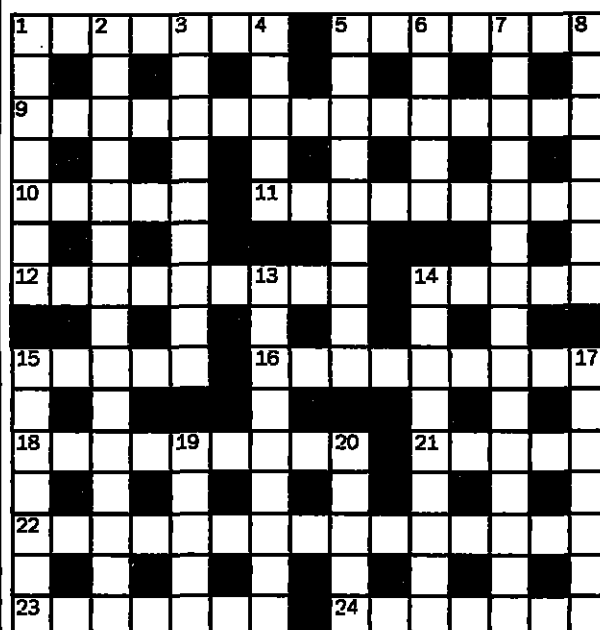
AP/APP

## THE WEDNESDAY CROSSWORD

No. 3657, Wednesday 8 July

By Aquila

Tuesday's Solution



DEPOSITORY IBIS  
E E H E I S E I  
FORGO SOFTPEDAL  
I T C U T L L O V  
ABACK PLENTITUDE  
N I T I O N I R  
CENTRALHEATING  
E O V E N  
ENFANTTERIBLE  
S O T S G A E  
TESTMATCH ROUND  
U Y E E A D O X L  
FORENAMED UTILE  
E I T P O T T S  
VEIL SOUTHWESTERS

- ACROSS**
- Court cards? (7)
  - Formic remedy for dyspepsia (7)
  - Kind performance, playing Hamlet (6,2,7)
  - Capital approved, put into toy repair (5)
  - County cold at first - flat as a consequence (9)
  - Men with spreads hear scorn poured out (9)
  - Corporation lawyer opens with single piece of information (5)
  - Spice escapade? (5)
  - Transmitted expert-mental pictures of cricket eccentrics (4,5)
  - Piaf, for example, in France - thence USA, travelling (9)
  - Record order in night-club (5)
  - Downing Street, in that reform yet? (15)
  - Jack achieves ambitions (7)
  - One cheers as pair hold rent (7)
- DOWN**
- Mozart symphony Holst thought jolly? (7)
  - Light dressing of stuco, say? (8,7)
  - Compound reciprocal pronoun in the Horace translation (4,5)
  - Long-suffering sort in cot is disturbed (5)
  - Adopts a facing position, making speeches (9)
  - Strained and imperfect, possibly (5)
  - Marks parts of logs (15)
  - Norfolk's ground, for example (7)
  - Improves make-up with brushes again (9)
  - Now opening church after ten years of corruption (9)
  - Milk container put up by shy proprietor? (7)
  - Small lumberjack a hard worker (7)
  - Bromide elements of nitrites? (5)
  - Poet's licence to preclude in law (5)

## Jacquet must solve Croatian mystery

BY KEN JONES  
in Paris

BEFORE CROATIA rose to eminence by defeating Germany for a place in the World Cup semi-finals, there was little in scouting reports to alarm the tournament's survivors.

No wonder that Germany's coach, Bert Vogts, was uncharacteristically contemptuous in his assessment before sending out his team to face Croatia last Saturday in Lyons. Nothing in what Vogts had seen for himself, or in information supplied by his assistants, suggested that Croatia were equipped to mount a serious challenge on their debut in the finals.

Croatia were generally considered to be silky on the ball, artful in application but lacking real purpose. "A keep-ball team," George Graham, the Leeds manager, said this week.

It was the manner of Croatia's 1-0 defeat by Argentina in a group game rather than the result itself that did most to prompt negative appraisal. Never mind Davor Suker's gifts, Aljosa Asanovic's thoughtful passing and the raiding of

wing-back Robert Jarni, collectively they were awful.

That, as much as the victory over Germany that made Croatia the first team since Portugal in 1966 to become semi-finalists on a first trip to the World Cup, figures in any assessment of tonight's match against France in Paris.

A sentimental reaction to events in Lyons ignores the affect that Christian Wörns's expulsion shortly before half-time had on an ageing German team. Until then Germany were playing their most assured football in the finals, threatening to overwhelm a team that didn't manage a shot at goal for 32 minutes.

Without the younger legs and minds England had when holding out for an hour after David Beckham's dismissal against Argentina the Germans were broken. "Made for Croatia," is how a neutral observer put it, meaning that they had the skill to take advantage of Germany's depletion by wearing them down with possession football.

However, Croatia's progress

has given the France coach, Aimé Jacquet, plenty to think about. After conducting a light training session at the France team's headquarters in the forest of Rambouillet to the south-west of Paris, he expressed mild surprise over Croatia's qualification. "Of course, we know about them," Jacquet said, "but it has been necessary to go into more detail."

To this effect Jacquet has arranged for a video to be compiled from television coverage of Croatia's matches. "Everybody watches the big teams, if it is Brazil, Holland or Italy, but Croatia were not very much in the minds of our players until last Saturday," he said. "They have people we need to look at more closely."

Croatia, who went straight to the Stade de France for practice after arriving in Paris from Vitte, will be encouraged most by the difficulties in attack that has caused their opponents to live dangerously after storming through the group games with nine goals scored and only one conceded.

Since then France have put

their supporters through the palpitating anxieties of a "Golden Goal" victory over Paraguay and a penalty shoot-out against Italy last Friday.

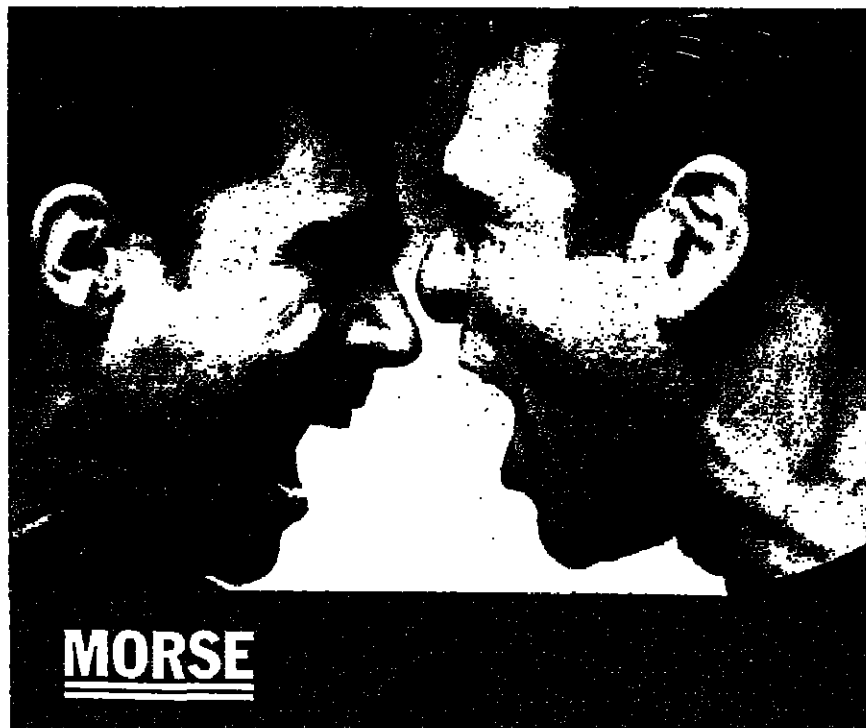
France's trademark in these finals has been the speed with which they react to switches in initiative, closing down quickly in defence, then mounting swift, heavily supported counter-attacks. Chelsea's new signing Marcel Desailly has been outstanding as one of three centre-backs. Zinedine Zidane dominant in midfield - when not suspended - but France's strikers have shown little physical presence in the penalty area and there is no natural finisher.

The return from injury of Christophe Dugarry would help, otherwise France are probably stuck with Stéphane Guivarch, now of Newcastle, who hasn't looked capable of dealing with the tournament's cumulative pressure. When you add the fact that France have fared little better at delivering the ball from flank attacks than most of the teams in these finals, Jacquet has work to do.

Mingling easily with the hundreds of reporters who descended on their camp (this attitude a contrast with the heavy security under which England preferred to live) Jacquet's players seemed free from tension. They are serious though, not given to the jokes preferred by Croatia's eccentric manager, Miroslav Blazevic. A media darling since last week's triumph, Blazevic is not always to be taken seriously. "Perhaps France are too good," he said on arrival in Paris. "They have such a good defence, such a good attack. This French team is an obstacle as big as Mont Blanc."

Blazevic speaks of the France wing-backs Lilian Thuram and Bixente Lizarazu with some apprehension. "They come so quickly from defence, go so directly at goal that we will have to watch them all the time," he said.

For France the worry is that Croatia's tall and powerful back line of three will frustrate their attackers and that rash attempts at dispossessing clever midfielders could leave them a man short. For football the hope is that this World Cup semi-final will be remembered for more than the drama of artificially extended matches.



## Forget the football.

Instead, think about the sheer scale of World Cup 98. Issuing 2.5 million tickets. Co-ordinating 50,000 employees and volunteers. Providing information and resources for 12,000 journalists. Creating a web site to deal with up to 160 million visitors every day. Imagine the IT infrastructure needed to support this.

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# WEDNESDAY REVIEW

COMMENT • FEATURES • ARTS • LISTINGS • TELEVISION

**P**ssst! Want a ticket to see Pulp at Finsbury Park on July 25? Because I can get you 10. Then again, you can get 10 yourself, just by calling up the box-office and asking for them. And if you've got a mate with a credit card, he or she can get another 10 tickets at the same time. They're not what you'd call hard to come by.

Or how about the Stones, anywhere in Europe? I've just checked the band's official website and last night's show in Amsterdam was a sell-out, as are the ones in Gothenburg and Hamburg. But those aside, you can go to see them any time between now and the end of September, anywhere from Malaga to Moscow, and you won't have much trouble getting in.

This isn't how it used to be. Ten years ago, stadium rock was the big thing. In the wake of Live Aid, a swing through the stadium was as routine a part of a rock star's life as model girlfriends and tax-avoidance schemes. Anyone who was anyone, and quite a few people who were just Dire Straits or Simple Minds, could count on full houses at Cardiff Arms Park, the Milton Keynes Bowl, Manchester's Maine Road, Leeds' Roundhay Park, Murrayfield in Edinburgh or Glasgow's Ibrox Stadium.

Genuine megastars such as Bruce Springsteen, Madonna, Michael Jackson or the Stones could book Wembley Stadium for a three-, four- or even five-night stand, and punters by the hundred thousands would desperately scramble to stand at the front, where they would be nearly crushed to death while being sprayed with water, or watch a bunch of musical ants performing in the far distance.

For one of the little-noticed side effects of Live Aid was that it homogenised pop. With the politics of punk long forgotten, there was a vast rock audience, aged 15-40, who no longer looked on music as a factional struggle between different stylistic tribes. To them, it was all just entertainment. They saw no reason why they could not like Tina Turner and Pink Floyd, Rod Stewart and U2, Genesis and Madonna.

But it isn't like that any more. As the recording end of the business is wracked by plummeting sales and savage cuts to record labels' artist-rovers and staffs, the concert market, too, has been coming under attack. The Lighthouse Family – one act whose CD sales have remained buoyant – cancelled a planned outdoor concert at Finsbury Park, having sold less than 1,000 of the 25,000 tickets on offer. A New Order show, planned for the following night, also had to be pulled. The annual Fleda festival went ahead at the same venue but was far from packed.

Vince Power, whose Mean Fiddler Organisation promoted all three shows, told the *New Musical Express* that "Promoters, including myself, are very good at making excuses for what's happening, rather than facing the writing on the wall. We talk about the World Cup and ticket prices being too dear, but perhaps the truth is that the acts that are around just aren't big enough. Unfortunately, it seems that a band is only as big as its last album. You don't seem to have any long-gigging bands any more that have a live following."

In part, all that has happened is that fans have switched their allegiances from one-off shows to festivals. But that in itself tells a story. Around 100,000 people will attend the two-day V98 festival, which takes place simultaneously in Leeds and Chelmsford next month. But in order to attract them, promoters have had to schedule more than 20 acts per venue per day, which hardly suggests much faith in the pulling power of current stars.

Even the most established superstars are finding life tougher than it was. When Elton John and Billy Joel toured Britain in June, it should have been a triumphant progress for two men with stunning back catalogues of hits, one of whom had just released the most successful single of all time – the updated "Candle in the Wind". But the trip was dogged by misfortune: Joel fell ill, a Manchester show had to be cancelled and Sir Elton played Wembley as a solo act. Even when both men were still fighting fit, public response had been less than overwhelming. The tour was being advertised right up to the week it began and just one of the four planned shows – the first of two dates at Wembley – sold out.



## Bad news, kids, rock 'n' roll is dead (or at least, in stadiums the world over, it's looking very peaky indeed)

BY DAVID THOMAS

celled and Sir Elton played Wembley as a solo act. Even when both men were still fighting fit, public response had been less than overwhelming. The tour was being advertised right up to the week it began and just one of the four planned shows – the first of two dates at Wembley – sold out.

The tour's promoter, Tim Parsons, claims that the continued advertising was due to the fact that new seats had become available at the last moment. He defiantly told me, "The deal was across all four shows, so even if one show may have lost money by itself, everyone was still making money." Perhaps, but there were empty seats in Glasgow and plenty more at the double-act's shows in Dublin (which Parsons did not promote).

The same might well have applied to the Rolling Stones, had they not cancelled the British leg of their *Bridges to Babylon* tour for tax reasons. Sources at Wembley Stadium say that tickets were selling well for the two Stones shows there, but months after tickets had first gone on sale, there were still 12,000 of the 40,000 seats at Sheffield's Don Valley Stadium waiting to be sold, and the band's own website was still showing availability for all the proposed British dates (as, indeed, it continues to do for the vast majority of their Continental venues, including Paris, where the second of two concerts at the Stade de France has been cancelled).

The Stones over-pushed," says Harvey Goldsmith, who has promoted Wembley shows for them and virtually every other rock superstar. "This year they were just

another act. An open-air show has to be something exciting. But there was a feeling they were just doing it for the money. People didn't feel it was an event."

Mick Jagger might take a dim view of that remark. Musicians who have supported the Stones over the past 12 months report that the old codgers are playing better than ever – their advancing years more than compensated for by a new-found sobriety. Nor have they cut costs in search of a fast buck: the *Bridges to Babylon* show has all the vastly expensive, overwhelmingly spectacular. Cecil B De Mille-style

view for fans, but cutting capacity from 70,000 to 50,000, all of whom are seated. "Everyone has a seat number and a row number," Moran explains. "That allows parents to feel their children are safe. It would have been a recipe for disaster if they were standing."

For Elton John and the Bee Gees, who will also be at Wembley in September, seating is vital for another reason: their fans are too old to stand. So stadia have to be made as un-stadiumy as possible. "Thirtysomethings don't want to sit in a stadium," says Moran. "They're getting older

and they much prefer an arena, where they can park the car and have a nice seat. It's much easier to sell tickets for that kind of show."

That was the Lighthouse Family's problem. They can pull punters by the tens of thousands to indoor arenas, but their smooth pop-soul attracts a predominantly female audience – and women, as Wet Wet Wet could have told them, hate stadia. Last year the Wets' proposed tour of outdoor venues, including the Milton Keynes Bowl and Don Valley, was cut back to a single hometown show in Glasgow after terrible advance sales.

"We've learned a drastic lesson," said the band's drummer, Tommy Cunningham. "Our fans like to dress up, get their hair done, put on their make-up. They don't want to sink in the mud."

spondingly gigantic. The Stones' Voodoo Lounge trek of 1994-5 is said to have grossed around £200 million in ticket sales and merchandising. But the margin between success and failure can be very slim.

Last year, U2 toured the world with the PopMart show, which featured a stage dominated by a McDonald's-style golden arch: a mobile lemon 40 feet high, and a massive olive on a 100-foot cocktail stick. It was the biggest-grossing tour in America during the first half of 1997, but it wasn't as big as it should have been because the band overestimated their fan base, booked too many stadia and pushed ticket prices too high. The story was the same elsewhere.

According to Dave Dorrell, "U2 planned to go on to Asia, but they never went. If you've costed everything on the basis of a full tour, those missing weeks can really hurt your final above-the-line profit."

Amid all the pessimism, Harvey Goldsmith strongly denies that the days of big shows are over. "The Bee Gees tickets," he says, "are 80 per cent gone and Paul Weller is doing a show in Victoria Park (London) in August: 30,000 tickets and they're going very nicely."

He recently promoted Ozfest, a heavy-metal fiesta at Milton Keynes, headlined by Ozzy Osbourne and Black Sabbath. With the metal-heads' annual day out at Donington not taking place this year, the Ozfest was the only big show catering to the black leather and studs brigade, who duly turned up en masse.

"It far exceeded my expectations," says Goldsmith. "There were just under 50,000 people and the average age was 18-20. I was amazed how well the bands were received. People were grabbing me by the arm afterwards and saying, 'That's the best fuckin' show I've ever been to.' It was a great day out and there was no trouble at all."

The reason it went so well, according to Goldsmith, is simple. "It's pantomime. The punters get dressed up and have a good time. The artists go out and entertain the people, and give them what they want."

Pantomime and entertainment may be concepts with which a hoary old pro like Ozzy Osbourne is happy to deal, but they don't cut much ice with modern bands. One of the reasons why acts such as Radiohead don't play stadia is not because they can't, but that they refuse to do so. "Their spokesperson Terri Hall says, 'Radiohead could fill Wembley tomorrow, but they don't want things to become too big. They even felt that their last arena tour was a step too far. Thom [Yorke, the band's singer] felt it wasn't what he wanted.'"

According to Steve Sutherland, editor of the *New Musical Express*, "All the Britpop bands went under the tabloid microscope, and the next generation of bands, who saw that happen, truly do not want anything to do with being pop stars. They don't want to put on a show. Oasis tried that on their *Be Here Now* tour and fell flat on their faces. Having a giant clock on-stage just looked stupid. It was pantomime. It wasn't credible."

So, there you have it. You can either be an ageing panto-artist, dress up in silly clothes and hope to goodness your crumbly old fans book their stadium seats before they finally keel over.

Or you can be a moody young thing and restrict yourself to small venues or festivals where you're just one attraction amid a mass of other acts, dance tents, giant TV screens, nipple-piercing booths and dodgy burger stalls.

According to Dave Dorrell, "The underlying question is, how will people take their dose of music in the future? The whole *raison d'être* of music may be changing. I get the feeling that clubbing, which is an attempt to create a holistic approach to music entertainment – with dancing, lights and everything else, in a dedicated environment – may be closer to the model of the future."

That's right, the future consists of a giant club, filled with acid-brained, strobe-dazzled teenies, dancing to mindless, tuneless, hyper-repetitive techno-trash. To which a crumbling thirtysomething can only say, "Come back Wembley. All is forgiven."

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**88**

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## A man for all reasons

THERE SEEMS to be some confusion about how lobbyists operate, so let me explain the whole thing to you, simply and quietly. Take my own case, for example, from my own everyday life.

I am sitting quietly by myself writing an article in my little office on the 35th floor of Canada Dry, the huge building in Canary Wharf where I work.

What I am doing is writing an article fiercely attacking the way in which all the bath taps for the Millennium Dome have been supplied by a firm in which Peter Mandelson has a major interest.

I don't know if this is actually true. I suspect it isn't. In fact I'm damn sure it isn't. What I intend to do is write the article first and adjust the facts later, once I have flushed them out into the open. It's an old journalistic

processor and modern it to Canary Wharf. The man sitting in my office in Canary Wharf is actually a decoy Miles Kingston, diverting unwelcome intruders from my peaceful home.

He is, if you like, my lobbyist who does my dirty work in London.

"Miles, dear boy. Mind if I come in?"

Startled, I look up at the French windows leading to the palatial garden of my secret home in west Wiltshire. There, smiling in the aperture, is Adrian Wardour-Street, lobbyist supreme.

"Adrian!" I say. "I thought you were hundreds of miles away in Canary Wharf, talking to my doppelganger!"

"Not quite," he says, coming in and making himself at home. "Your doppelganger is talking to someone all right, but it's my doppelganger he's talking to. This is the real me, taking a day out of London. The thing is, old boy, word has got around that you're doing a piece today on how the lobby system works, and I thought it might be nice if we popped out to the local brasserie and talked it through over lunch."

"Adrian," I say, "this is the West Country! There isn't a decent bistro between here and..."

"No problem," says Adrian, producing a disused airline trolley brimming over with cassoulet and galettes. "Now, about the way the lobby works..."

What Adrian doesn't know, of course, is that I am one step ahead of him again. The man he is giving lunch to just this side of Somerset is not me at all, but another stand-in who takes my place at vacation time. I am at present on holiday in the delightful little French town of Douvres-sur-Mer, strolling in the market, past a stall selling caged birds, and wondering if birds are sold here for their song, or to be eaten. After all, in Britain we used to eat sky larks and rook pie... Maybe that is why it is called Canary Wharf. Maybe that's where the cage birds got bought and sold in the old days...

Just then my shoulder is grasped: "Bonjour, Miles," says Adrian Wardour-Street. "Sorry to interrupt your holiday, but word is going round that you're doing a piece on the historic implications of Canary Wharf, and I think I may be in a position to put you straight. Fact is, canaries were in great demand as gas warnings down coal mines, and it was at Canary Wharf that shiploads of canaries were landed in the old days en route to the coal lodes. Nowadays EU regulations have banned this custom..."

As he drones on about what the government hopes to do for caged songbirds, I dip down an alley and make good my escape. For the moment, anyway. But I hope I have given you some idea of how the lobby works in the real world.



**MILES KINGSTON**

The man sitting in my office in Canary Wharf is actually a decoy Miles Kingston

technique. It's known as "Big Feature, Small Apology".

Just as I am writing the heading for the story ("Minister in Massive Plumbing Scandal!"), there is a knock at the door and there stands a lobbyist called, let us say, Adrian Wardour-Street.

"Hi there, Miles," he says. "Word's around that you're doing a piece on the government/plumbing link. Great! The government is very interested in things like that. Maybe you and I could have lunch, talk things over, have a head-to-head on EU directives on plug design..."

That's what he's for. To help me understand issues and get facts straight. A lobbyist is famous for the way he searches out the truth. What he does with the truth when he finds it is another matter...

"Adrian," I say, "I'd love to have lunch with you. But this is Canary Wharf, for God's sake. There isn't a proper restaurant between here and..."

At this point Adrian pulls in a hamper from the corridor outside, and whisks it open. "Lunch is served. Game pie, dear boy?" he says. "Pâté? Champagne?"

Now, there is one flaw in this scenario. I don't work in Canary Wharf. I really sit in a small house in west Wiltshire, scratching away at my column with an old quill pen, as it has been done in this part of Wilt for over 200 years. I then tap it into a word



The latest in this week's series celebrating 50 years of the NHS features some furry occupants of the children's ward at Addenbrooke's hospital, Cambridge. Brian Harris

## LETTERS TO THE EDITOR

Post letters to Letters to the Editor and include a daytime telephone number, fax to 0171 293 2056 or e-mail to letters@independent.co.uk. E-mail correspondents are asked to give a postal address. Letters may be edited for length and clarity.

### Orangemen's 'rights'

Sir: The biggest parade Orangemen have mounted over the past ten days is the ceaseless outpouring of mendacity on our television screens by dozens of "loyalist" spokespersons. If they think that their absurd proclamation of their "right" to parade down a small stretch of road where they are not wanted justifies the disruption and violence which their supporters are yet again inflicting upon Ulster so as to remain top dogs convinces a single sane person on mainland Britain, they are sadly deceived. Oswald Mosley, of course, made similar claims about his infamous antics in London's East End.

As a United Kingdom taxpayer, I strenuously object to a single penny of my taxes going to defray the already enormous costs to the state of "Drumcree" and its consequences. Parliament should pass emergency legislation making the Orange Order corporately and individually liable for the entire costs of the security operation and all resulting damage.

If we did not realise it before, it is now abundantly apparent that the only "loyalty" these people have is to themselves. A E G WRIGHT  
London NW2

Sir: A solution to the stand-off at Drumcree would be for the loyalist marchers to follow their traditional route and then a day later the nationalist community to march over the same roads with their own banners and music. Then freedom of speech and assembly would have been upheld and toleration of opposing views applied: in fact, democracy. JONATHAN NEWCOMBE  
Huddersfield

### Act now in Kosovo

Sir: As happened over Bosnia, the European Union is dithering over Kosovo. When Paddy Ashdown and Robert Fisk (Comment, 3 July, 30 June) come to a similar conclusion about the impending catastrophe, the EU governments should take note - and take action.

In the last parliament, there was only a small group of us who consistently urged military action in place of the pusillanimity of our then government and the rest of the EU. It is only by air strikes now against Serb attacks in Kosovo that an enlarged conflagration can be halted. As Ashdown and Fisk agree, the KLA are there to stay and may pursue not autonomy within Serbia (which Milosevic withdrew some years ago) but independence. It would be more realistic now to accept that independence is inevitable and to make political preparations for the resulting changes in Albania and Macedonia. But first, and

imminently, air strikes must be mounted against Milosevic's murderous actions in Kosovo. ANDREW FAULDS  
Stratford-upon-Avon  
Warwickshire

Sir: Paddy Ashdown's hidden agenda is to reconcile an eventual Greater

Albania with the inviolability of present borders ("We must intervene in Kosovo now", 3 July). He would force Serbia into granting Kosovo autonomy "broadly along the lines enjoyed by Montenegro". This can only mean a federal unit with the right to secede. His logic would appear to be that internal administrative lines defining federal units, such as Croatia, were inviolable, but not the international frontier between Serbia and Albania dating back to 1912; Serbia can be eventually partitioned but not Bosnia; and Kosovo should as a first step have its autonomy restored, but the Krajina Serbs' former constitutional status as one of Croatia's two historical nations need not be restored, let alone their right of return to their ancestral Eragina lands.

To recognise the Kosovo Albanians' right to self-determination would also be destabilising. In the first instance, Macedonia's integrity would be imperilled, given its large Albanian minority. Then it might be the turn of Slovakia and Romania, both harbouring a large Hungarian minority. And so on.

The only principled action open to Nato at present is to stem the flow of weapons to the KLA by sealing Albania's border with Kosovo. This would provide a breathing spell during which violence would subside and the position of the pacifist Rugova be strengthened against the terrorist KLA, thus paving the way for a resumption of talks. YUGO KOVACH  
Twickenham,  
Middlesex

### Classical radio

Sir: The justification for a public service radio station is that (a) it caters for an audience that is not catered for elsewhere, and (b) the audience consists of more than an esoteric handful of devotees.

We have recently been regaled with the costs of Covent Garden. Even if no one attended more than once in a year its total audience would amount to no more than 800,000. For the listener who enjoyed substantial parts of the historic Radio 3/Third Programme output, there was no alternative station, public or commercial. We then need to consider how many of these people there are, and what the state, via the BBC, is prepared to spend on them. Only then does it make sense to discuss how much of the appropriate output is cheap recorded playlist, how much modestly costly live chamber music played by young hopefuls, and how much very costly in-house symphony orchestras, and so on ("A classic dilemma for the BBC as Radio 3's controller departs", 7 July).

Like many British institutions, Radio 3 has been the victim of conflicting agendas.

One can only see the huge establishment of orchestras as some sort of national symbol - a sort of cultural gun-boat. If that is wanted by the powers that be, fair enough. But, if they are then going to

compare the cost with the cost per listener-hour of Classic FM, they are

being disingenuous, if not plain silly.

Only thinking based on the crudest number-crunching could have justified the panic in recent years in reaction to Classic FM. The two stations were catering for an audience that wanted only R3-type output, another that wanted only CFM-type output, and another that wanted a bit (or lot) of both. Personally, I did not listen to CFM, and now find that there is much less to listen to on R3.

While anyone would regret lower employment of living musicians, if the choice is between a diet of complete works on disc and one of snippets of tunes from the classics, I would favour the former because CFM provides the latter, and it is silly to duplicate. I am not sneering at CFM. For those who care about the future of music, it provides a vital introductory function from which future R3 audiences may be expected to come.

It makes no sense to conduct the debate with vague figures of 2.6 million listeners to Radio 3 and 5 million to CFM. We need, at least, some indication of listener-hours to set against the millions of pounds.

I suspect both stations would do better if they abandoned their obsession with "children's hour" jolly presenters. The BBC would have a better claim if it provided decent FM signals throughout populated Britain. Don't come and live here if you want decent reception. BRIAN ALLT  
Sudbury,  
Suffolk

### Killers of Bills

Sir: Michael Brown's parliamentary sketch "Government whip plays Guy Fawkes with Private Members' hopes" (4 July) was highly misleading for two reasons.

First, in commenting on the blocking of Bills by Eric Forth MP he states "Mr Forth is not, as his critics would have us believe, anti-democratic. He believes it is wrong to smuggle legislation through Parliament without debate." Just two of the Bills killed show that the idea that Mr Forth's blocking tactics are designed to "ensure debate" is nonsense.

The Fireworks Bill was passed by the full House of Commons in December. Since then it has had a committee stage, report stage and then been given a third reading by the full House. It has also been approved by the full House of Lords. Yet Mr Forth and one or two of his Tory colleagues imposed their will on both Houses of Parliament on Friday last by talking the Bill out.

The Energy Efficiency Bill had a five-hour debate at second reading in January and a full committee stage in March. Since then every MP has had three months to table amendments for last Friday's report stage. None did - thus the report stage was a formality. Yet by shouting "object" on Friday Mr Forth imposed his will on that of the full House of Commons.

Mr Brown is also misleading in comparing this with the action of the Government whip Jim Dowd

which brought about the reforms of Jesus? J S McLORINAN  
Weston-super-Mare, Somerset

However, the Bills that Mr Dowd "blocked" were Bills that had been presented, either formally or with a ten-minute speech, simply to raise issues or start campaigns. They had had no debate and no approval from the House: as such they were not designed to become law - at least not yet. It is wrong to compare the so-called blocking of these Bills with Mr Forth's blocking of Bills that had been approved by the House.

RON BAILEY  
Parliamentary Co-ordinator  
Friends of the Earth  
London N1

### No legal fix

Sir: Paul McCann ("How Martin joined the ranks of the rich and famous", 30 June) repeats an allegation contained in the *Daily Mail* of 24 June that Martin Bashir "promised to get Louise Woodward into King's College to study law". As I pointed out in a letter to the *Daily Mail* published on 29 June, "No one can 'fix it' for Ms Woodward or anyone else to study law or anything else at King's College London. This Law School and King's College as a whole admit students only on the basis of academic and other relevant abilities".

I find it surprising that no steps were taken to check the accuracy of the allegation with the college - particularly when your reporter appears to have taken the trouble to check parts of his story with the BBC.

Professor ROBIN MORSE  
Head of the School of Law  
King's College London  
London WC2

### Church divided

Sir: You are correct to voice concern over the developments in the Roman Catholic Church (leading article, 3 July). Some commentators would claim that the reform of the Church has been hampered from the beginning by the failure of even the "reforming Popes" to revise the membership of the bureaucracy in general and the Curia in particular.

However, the Church is more than just the hierarchy, and such writers as the late Bishop Butler correctly pointed out that the role of the Pope, and in fact his infallibility, depended in earlier times on the perceived guidance of the Holy Spirit within the body of the faithful.

Sadly, we can spend much time in the Church being either "progressive" or "traditional" and thus perhaps assuming a predetermined position over every issue, whilst the Vatican can hardly gain in credibility by attempting an authoritarian position.

Whilst we are spending energy on our internal tensions we are failing in our mission to be the serving presence of God to humanity at this moment of history. Perhaps Bede Griffiths was correct when he asked, has the established church reached a position similar to that of Judaism

which brought about the reforms of Jesus? J S McLORINAN  
Weston-super-Mare, Somerset

Sir: Owen Gwynne (letter, 2 July) is of course quite free to believe in a "God" of his own choosing who inhabits those 90 per cent non-rational bits of his experience and personality. In fact this is no more than Blake's view that "all deities reside in the human breast". Interestingly, this is very much the Sea of Faith position, which sees religion as a human creation. Needless to say, traditional monotheism is scornful of such views.

The veracity of theism must link two poles: cosmology (what is out there) and evolutionary psychology (how we have come to know what is out there). On the basis of modern knowledge in both these areas we are in a position to understand that religious belief in some ultimate being is a fiction of human design - perhaps a necessary fiction, explanatory of the kind of beings we are, but a fiction none the less. FR DOMINIC KIRKHAM  
Manchester

## IN BRIEF

Sir: In his attempt to defend the lobbying industry, Charles Miller (Right of Reply, 7 June) has skilfully managed to avoid the most worrying aspect of his members' business: that they operate by exploiting their ability to make political contacts in return for money. The "people whom [we] elect and whose salaries [we] pay" are supposed to act for all of us, not just those who can afford the lobbyists' fees.

PETER WILKINS  
Brighton, East Sussex

Sir: Austin Spreadbury takes me to task for ignoring existing EU tax harmonisation (Letters, 3 July). Of course, a limited harmonisation of VAT and excise duties came in with the Single Market in 1992, and similar measures for tax on interest are now being discussed. It can even be said that harmonisation of corporation tax and energy taxes are on the table, albeit in terms of co-operation, not legislation. What is beyond the realms of probability is harmonisation of income tax, let alone the "harmonisation of tax, pensions and eventually welfare provisions".

GREGORY WILLIAMS  
Watford, Hertfordshire

Sir: English is not the only language which permits tmesis, the insertion of one word in the middle of another (Words, 2 July); you wouldn't need to travel very far to hear Welsh speakers add emphasis to their word for "hopeless" (*anobeithiol*) by saying *anobeithiol i gyd*. ("His dwelling is in Constant-great-inople.")

There is also a famous use of tmesis by the greatest Welsh hymn writer, William Williams (1717-1791), who in 1764 wrote *Yn Constant fawr inople ei drifftan ef y sydd*. ("His dwelling is in Constant-great-inople.") GWYN NEALE  
Pwllheli, Gwynedd

## THE REVIEW DAY BY DAY

### MONDAY REVIEW

As well as our regular columnists, features and expanded comment pages, Network, our information technology section, moves to Monday.

### TUESDAY REVIEW

An improved media section, with appointments, moves to Tuesday. Visual arts and more health pages are also Tuesday regulars

### WEDNESDAY REVIEW

Fashion, midweek money pages, in addition to finance and secretarial sections (previously City+) will stay on Wednesday

### THURSDAY REVIEW

Our education section will appear as a separate tabloid section. Improved and expanded film pages now move to Thursday

### FRIDAY REVIEW

The architecture and science pages now move to Friday. In addition, we will have a new law section and our music pages

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Bigger and better



# THE INDEPENDENT

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## The spectre of sleaze will not be exorcised by spin doctors

FOR A government that is supposedly built on PR, the past three days have been remarkably inept. When the "cash for access" story broke at the weekend, the government's first response was silence. That at least had the merit of honesty. Now it has gone on the attack; its line, however, is disingenuous in the extreme. The Observer journalists who spoke to Roger Liddle of the Downing Street Policy Unit at a cocktail party did not tape record their conversation. That is the sum of the Government's defence. Apparently the absence of a tape recording means that we can all sleep easily at night in the knowledge that the Government is as squeaky clean as it claims.

If ever there has been a more blatant and tawdry attempt to obscure an issue, we have yet to see it. The two journalists apparently made a detailed contemporaneous note of their conversation with Mr Liddle. But Alastair Campbell, the Prime Minister's spokesman, has now added the setting of new judicial precedents to his duties. It is normal practice for policemen to use their notebooks in court as evidence. And when journalists have had to give evidence, judges have almost always accepted contemporaneous notes as a true record. According to Mr Campbell, however, the only valid evidence is a tape recorded conversation.

This is laughable stuff and fools no one. It is perfectly possible that Mr Liddle is indeed without blemish and that the specific allegations against him are baseless. But the wider question of the role and influence of lobbyists and a propensity towards cronyism is of pressing concern. When the electorate voted in such numbers to remove the Conservatives it did so not least because it was sick of sleaze.

Labour promised to be whiter than white. At best it is greyer than grey. Mr Blair let barely a day go by in opposition without calling for some wretched member of the last Government to be investigated. That the Government now has the cheek to argue that it can ignore valid concerns about its own behaviour defies belief. The issues raised go to the heart of good governance and are precisely the sort of thing that Lord Neill's Committee on Standards in Public Life should be charged with investigating. The Government should announce that it is referring the entire matter to Lord Neill immediately and show that it takes these issues seriously.

If the Government thinks that, by shutting its eyes and hoping, things will blow over, it is sorely out of touch with the real world. The more it seeks to close down

FROM ATOP HIS PLEASUREDOME  
MANDELSON PONDER'S HOW THE  
WEEK'S EVENTS MAY AFFECT HIM...



the story, and the more it wriggles around on dubious exculpatory defences, the more it gives credence to the notion that there really is something for it to be ashamed of.

Lobbyists are an ever-present and, in some cases, necessary part of government. If, for instance, a trade association wishes to press for a change in the law, it needs expert advice as to how best to achieve its end. That is perfectly proper. Where lobbying descends into sleaze is when politicians allow themselves to work too closely with lobbyists who peddle their access to and influence on government. This is a government that is supposedly committed to freedom of information. If the

process of government, let alone the information it holds, was more open then there would be less scope for the Derek Drapers of this world to "stuff their bank accounts" on the back of their address books. At the moment, however, this is a government which seeks to have it both ways - a supposed commitment to open government at the same time as a dependence on a closed "circle" (as the asinine Mr Draper puts it) of those who are of "the project" (as Mr Blair himself puts it) - whether employed in government or lobby companies. This is the heart of the problem, and as long as government remains so incestuous, this is a story that will not go away.

## Don't bully the homeless

IF A tendency towards cronyism is one of the government's most damaging flaws, another is its penchant for authoritarianism. Say a big hello to the Homelessness Tsar, who joins his all-powerful namesake, the Drug Tsar. We will ignore the contradiction in terms: there can, by definition, only be one all-powerful emperor. The government seems to think that the best way to attack a problem is to appoint a Tsar. No doubt Eddie George will soon be rechristened Interest Rate Tsar. At times, this seems to be a government obsessed with the worst kind of superficiality.

Look underneath the gloss, however, and some of the Social Exclusion Unit's actual recommendations make a lot of sense. If Welfare To Work is to be fully effective, it needs to deal with those who are so far on the edge of society that in many cases they are not even on welfare. Removing the normal six month wait to join the Gateway (the entry into the Government's training programme) should help with cutting through many of the most stupid bureaucratic problems. As the Government recognises, the only lasting route out of any form of poverty is a job. And any improvement in linking the approach of separate departments - Department of Social Security, Department of Education and Employment, and local authorities - is to be welcomed.

But alongside these sensible ideas looms the worrying authoritarian side of the Government. Most of those who sleep on the streets are there because they feel they have no choice. Providing more hostels is, of course, sensible. But acceptance of a hostel bed should be entirely voluntary. Many of the homeless have fled violence at home. For perfectly sensible reasons, they shy away from hostels full of junkies and violence. Beyond that, for others sleeping on the streets is a perfectly valid - if rather difficult to understand - lifestyle choice. It is no business of government to tell people where they should sleep.

## Spice up the clergy

THE SYNOD of the Church of England has decided to advertise for Bishops in an attempt to attract more "relevant" candidates. Successful applicants will presumably be under 40 and connected to the upper echelons of the Labour Party. Or perhaps Chris Evans? Or what about a new career in theology for that role model to a generation, Ginger Spice? Any other takers?

# Welcome to the ideology-free world of the New Labour lobbyist

TEN YEARS ago I received an invitation from Derek Draper to address his Labour Student Club. Out of all the thousands of meetings I have done, you might ask why this one meeting is still so clear in my memory.

There was about an hour to go before my train to London and so Derek invited myself and several others back to his bedsit for coffee. I have never forgotten the shock, as I walked in, to see hanging above his bed a vast photograph of Roy Hattersley.

Later that week I took considerable pleasure in informing Roy he had a fan, but no sooner had Derek come to London than he ditched Roy and attached himself to the rising star of Peter Mandelson. Oddly enough I have always found Derek a charming and entertaining companion on the frequent occasions when our paths have quite crossed since then.

Derek is a typical - but perhaps the most extreme - example of all the bright young apparatchiks who orbit the star of New Labour. Not quite Walter Mitty but sufficiently barmy to be good fun as the night wears on. Unfortunately far too many of them have been transmogrified from loyal party apparatchiks into ghastly new lobbyists.

What is extraordinary about the access of lobbyists to senior policy-makers and even politicians is not the hyperbole and self-importance of these overpaid young men, but the real problem of democracy which it implies.

It is partly a product of the approach of a small clique of political activists in the Labour Party who regard ideology as an aberration. They have

become known as the Millbank Tendency, but in fact, they call themselves The Project. It may sound like an episode from The X-Files, but it is a lot worse than that.

What has been revealed is that a group of lobbyists with good connections in government have exploited those connections. That may be corrupt in the sense that parliamentary democracy has long ceased to be a level playing field - you don't have to be rich to play, but it helps.

But it is not the corruption of the last Tory administration, in which politicians took cash to manipulate Parliament itself. No politicians have been implicated in the revelations. None of the lobbyists paid anything to any MPs, although they certainly got paid quite a lot themselves.

But these are not just lobbyists. They are activists too. There is a significant cross-over between those who lobby on behalf of massive corporations, and those who run the little groups of foot-soldiers in the Labour Party and who claim to speak on behalf of the rank and file.

The party has gone so far to the right that most of the bright young things who gather at receptions and in think-tanks regard ideas as an add-on; they see ideology as wrapping paper, a matter of re-branding here, a Third Way there and the odd bit of vision every now and then. Consequently they are prime fodder for the ideology-free world of the lobbyist.

Several of the key players in this week's revelations got where they are today by being the most "reliable", "on-message" and committed activists carrying out the new sub-



KEN LIVINGSTONE

The party has gone so far to the right that most of the bright young things see ideology as wrapping paper

Thatcherite agenda. Their political opinions make fascinating reading.

The most effective right-wing hacks have been sucked into lobbying and policy working, a sort of self-perpetuating little group - The Project - whose access not only to ministers but to each other and to full-time Labour Party officials is well beyond the reach of the ordinary party members.

One of the reasons Derek Draper is so attractive a commodity in the lobbying world is that he has his own political education magazine, Progress, giving him a base in the party that makes his profile more genuine.

It is no exaggeration to say that there is virtually a generation of young Labour Party hacks who are both activists for groupings such as the Young Fabians, the LCC, Labour

2000 and Progress, and are simultaneously part of a network of lobbyists, corporations and policy works.

The other big name in this week's revelations is of course the ever-lovely Roger Liddle, whom I have known even longer than Derek Draper. We first crossed swords at a meeting of the London Labour Party regional executive in 1981.

Islington North Labour Party had so dissolved into anarchy that it could not select a candidate to fight the forthcoming GLC election. Three meetings had been abandoned as the local party was deadlocked between the left-wing candidate Steve Bundred and Roger Liddle. Finally the Regional Executive decided we would select the candidate.

While most of the right-wing members of the executive wanted to support Roger, several of them were worried that he might be about to defect and join the SDP, which was soon to be launched. Roger left no doubt in any of our minds, as he assured us that he had no intention of ever leaving the Labour Party, and he felt insulted and humiliated that question had even been posed.

A few months later Roger defected to the SDP, but like most of the people at that night's selection meeting, I had no doubts that this had been a difficult decision arrived at only at the last minute.

Imagine my surprise therefore when a decade later, when all the definitive histories of the SDP were finally published, I read that Roger had gone straight from our meeting to a caucus with Roy Jenkins and the Gang of Four where they had planned

the actual mechanism for the establishment of the SDP.

I assume Roger won't be calling myself or any other members of the then London Labour Party executive as a character witness if this all ends up in the libel courts.

William Hague can bluster for the resignation of Roger Liddle as much as he likes. He won't be sacked and he won't resign because he has not done anything even approaching the level of filth and sleaze that helped destroy the Tory party at the last election. Nonetheless, it is a bizarre quirk of fate that it should be Mr Liddle, whose presence at the heart of power is symbolic of the changes in the Labour Party, who should have become the focus of the controversy.

Having been an advisor to the last Labour government, Mr Liddle was one of the renegades who helped put Labour in opposition for nearly two decades by splitting the party and forming the SDP. He supported the Liberal-SDP merger, the Alliance, the Liberal Democrats (even writing their 1995 European manifesto) before seeing the light and rejoining the Labour Party. He has not changed, but the Labour Party's approach to politics certainly has, and that is part of the problem.

The contempt in which some of the lobbyists hold Labour politicians was revealed by Neal Lawson, one of the lobbyists quoted in Sunday's expose, who says: "The Labour Government is always in one of two minds; it operates in a kind of schizophrenia." Perhaps it is time for the Labour Government to make its mind up about The Project.

## QUOTE OF THE DAY

"I accept that I am guilty of being an occasional big mouth, but nothing else."  
Derek Draper, suspended lobbyist and former Peter Mandelson aide

## THOUGHT FOR THE DAY

"If you live long enough, you will find that every victory turns into a defeat."  
Simone de Beauvoir, French author

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## MONITOR

THE NEWS OF THE WORLD  
Benjamin Netanyahu's  
popularity plummets



"LACK OF credibility is more than a personal political problem for Netanyahu. A leader who is not trusted, even by other politicians, drastically reduces his room to manoeuvre in any situation, since each party believes that only public pressure will ensure that promises are kept. On the international level, Netanyahu's lack of credibility translates into agreements being harder to achieve, and being constantly open to accusations of stalling. The issue here is not some unrealizable and perhaps even detrimental stan-

dard of honesty, but a level of credibility necessary for the proper function of government at home and in international affairs. Netanyahu should make the restoration of his credibility a top priority - by delivering on promises, and by watching what he says in private, not just in public."

Editorial in Jerusalem Post

"It is for the benefit of the Arabs to have this Netanyahu remain President of Israel, he behaves like an unleashed bull which destroys everything and which, eventually, will under-

mine all the endeavours and ambitions of Israel to control the policies and the economies of the Arab world."  
Muhammad Qubray in Al Arab

"How can there ever be peace

when the Palestinians have no rights...? A referendum for Bibi to conduct would be a moral assessment of the way Israel was established and how a whole country of an innocent people was taken away from them against their will, how

millions of Palestinian refugees have no hope of ever returning to their land and how countless innocent Palestinian civilians, including women and children, have been massacred in order to appease the appetite of a Frankenstein, who obviously has no moral conscience and is ruthless in his behaviour towards the Palestinians, who still dare to dwell on what is left of their own land."

Editorial in Palestine Times

"As for Netanyahu, he wants it both ways. First he wants to continue denying Palestinians

a state inside the negotiations. Then he wants to make sure the Palestinians do not get a state outside the negotiations. Do not leave the table, he gravely warns, even as he denies the Palestinians satisfaction at the table. In his self-focus, he seems oblivious to what is surely the basic political fact of the 20th century, that one people cannot rule another without its consent. Or, if he is not oblivious, he has just not mustered the political courage to cut his ties to his extremist coalition partners."

Editorial in Washington Post







# So much more than just a game



**MARCUS TANNER**

*Sport has become the means by which Croatia presents itself to the world*

"WE WERE like soldiers on the pitch, making our country recognised," said Croatian defender Slaven Bilic. That was last Saturday, when Croatia's stunning 3-0 victory over Germany catapulted this small nation towards the front-runners of the World Cup. Victory was sweet enough against the Croat's German allies. But the celebration in Zagreb will be much more ecstatic tonight if the Croats humble their old enemy France, the nation which, with Russia, did most under President Mitterrand to block their pathway out of Yugoslavia towards independence. That will be the moment that Croatia's President Franjo Tudjman - who shared a box on Saturday with his old patron Helmut Kohl - truly savours.

Bilic's military tone came naturally enough from a team with members who fought in a real war - against the Serbs in 1991 and 1992. Almost all of them lost relatives or close friends in the fighting. And, of course, it is all about recognition; about a small nation making itself heard on the playing field after the diplomats and, to an extent the soldiers, had failed to bring home the honours from the battlefield and council chamber. Croatia has been formally recognised since 1992, but its authoritarian President remains a pariah and the country of only 4.7 million has suffered isolation because of him.

Croatia has been pushed to the bottom of the waiting list to join the European Union - below even Romania. Feeling itself a victim of Serb aggression, but somehow cast in the role of aggressor - against its own Serbs, or the Muslims in Bosnia - it remains a frustrated country. And hovering in the background is the still un-exorcised ghost of the NDH, the fascist, Jew-bashing, Serb-killing quisling state Mussolini set up in the Second World War.

Rising, or rather riding, over this sorry background of failed hopes and economic misery are the redemptive and clean-cut figures of the Croat sportsmen: of Davor Suker, Zvonimir Boban and - in tennis - Goran Ivanisevic. No wonder Croats call their football team the "Knights". To a nation more than usually afraid of not existing (which was the problem in the old



Children playing football on the streets of Dubrovnik's old town

Jack Picone/Network

Yugoslavia), or of its existence not being noticed at all (which is the problem today), the Knights are living proof that Croatia does exist - and conquers. Croats see their national team quite literally as *drzavotorni* - statebuilding - a cumbersome phrase in English, but one loaded with implication in old Yugoslavia.

Not for Croats the Serbian cult of the Kosovo Battle of 1389: of defeat that is more glorious and somehow more cleansing than victory. For the Croats, who lost their independence shortly after the Battle of Hastings and didn't recover it until 1992, victories provide no comfort. They want to win, and now. They did defeat the Serbs militarily in 1995, but even then were stung by the accusation that this was thanks to American help and that their victory was accompanied by atrocities against the Serbs.

The old, pre-1992 Serbian saloon-bar joke still rings, that the Croats "will do everything to win their independence - except fight for it". There is a hunger in Croatia for a good, clean victory that no one can take away, and for the "Knights" in 1998 to finally erase the shame of the fall of the city of Vukovar to the Serbian army in the early years of the Serbo-Croat war.

Close links between sporting and national aspirations are not, of course, at all peculiar to Croats. But they have long taken on a special tinge in the Balkans and in Eastern Europe among the subject nations of the Russian Tsars and the Austrian emperors. Like all the Habsburgs' Slav subjects (especially the Czechs), Croat youth flocked to join athletic associations in the 19th century. All these clubs naturally had very highly charged political and ethnic character - which is why, when Croatia became part of Yugoslavia after the First World War, the Belgrade government tried to shut them down.

The Yugoslav communists, who took over in the 1940s, took much the same view as the old royal Serbian government. Determined to drain the national spirit and unhealthy dreams of statehood out of sport, Croats - and the Serbs for that matter - were forbidden national teams of their own.

The local city teams, meanwhile, were renamed and given socialist, Soviet-sounding names that were almost self-consciously dreary and unemotive. Belgrade got Red Star and Partisan - the latter intriguingly enough, founded with the help of none other than Mr Tudjman, then living in Belgrade, and in his Communist.

"Yugoslav" incarnation. Zagreb got Dinamo. But the attempt to squeeze the national spirit, and especially the Croat national spirit, out of sport only worked for a while. In the highly centralised police state of the Fifties - the "Bad Blue Boys" in the Sixties - the "Bad Blue Boys" for Partisan - soon resulted in a highly nationalist tone seeping back into what were supposed to be totally non-national teams.

So much so that the infamous Dinamo-Red Star football match of 13 May 1990, which ended in a state of emergency and violence in the streets of Zagreb, was widely seen in Yugoslavia - and throughout the world - as both a premonition, and in a sense, the first round of the Yugoslav civil war. And who should have made himself a hero that day among the Croats by kicking one of the Serbian police, baton-charging the Croatian fans: none other than Zvonimir Boban, the Croat captain.

Football has brought Croatia the recognition it failed to win elsewhere and a measure of that international fame which they, like all nervous and newly independent states, are particularly keen to enjoy. But football is not President Tudjman's entirely plant creature, however close his relationship to some of the play-

ers and to the coach, Miroslav Blazevic. The team may advertise the nation he so totally controls by wearing the national red-and-white colours on their shirts, and by talking - as midfielder Robert Jarni did last Saturday - of victory against Germany as "a victory dedicated to those who suffered in the war" (against the Serbs).

But there is also a sense in which Croatia's football team is seen as the only real opposition party to their crushingly dominant president. Tudjman's order to rename Dinamo Croatia in the early 1990s - to give this most prestigious of the local teams a truly "national" tone - was one of the blunders of his career, proving wildly unpopular and the subject of much graffiti. All over the capital's walls, the slogan went up:

*Daj slobodu i demokraciju, bilo bi Dinamo a ne Croatia*

(If we had freedom and democracy, we would have Dinamo and not Croatia).

Such a blatant attempt to hitch sport to the service of the state can backfire, and be deeply resented.

And there is the other danger, too: that Croatia's national ambitions - and frustrations - are so heavily intertwined with the fate of the "Knights" of the football pitch,

that victory merely releases all those atavistic passions which - on the battlefields of Bosnia, for example - isolated Croatia from the world in the first place. So precious is the "national" quality of the football team in the eyes of the nation, that for the midfielder Robert Prosinecki, the unfortunate fact of having a Serb parent has brought death threats.

And along with the hundreds of thousands of harmless revellers diving into the fountains in Jelacic Square in Zagreb on Saturday were other, more disturbing reports, such as a Muslim woman killed in the divided and tense Bosnian city of Mostar by Croat fans firing guns in celebration of Croatia's victory, not vertically into the air, but horizontally at the eastern, Muslim bank of the Neretva river. Just as ominous were the mob attacks on Muslim refugees returning to the village of Stolac. The UN said the Bosnian Croats in Stolac "turned their victory celebration into a rampage", and have been sufficiently alarmed to draw up contingency plans to protect Muslim returnees were Croatia to win again tomorrow.

If sport becomes the means by which Croatia presents itself to the world, victory tomorrow could be as frightening as defeat.

## RIGHT OF REPLY

ROBIN WOOLCOCK



The head of Volkswagen (UK) denies allegations that it fixes prices at the showroom

PANORAMA HAS suggested that Volkswagen UK tries to fix the degree of discount its dealers are able to offer customers. This is an accusation that we refute absolutely.

Our company has never threatened or penalised any of its dealers for offering discounts. And it does not dictate to its dealers the degree of discount they are able to offer to a buyer. It has never threatened or penalised any of its dealers for offering discounts.

During recent years, it has been the objective of this organisation to lower the prices of its products relative to the competition in the UK marketplace. We have been very successful in the achievement of this aim; and three consecutive record years of sales, together with a very high demand for Volkswagen products, confirm this achievement.

As well as cutting our costs we have also reduced list prices and improved levels of equipment. At the same time, to help achieve this, we have gradually reduced the margins with which the dealers are able to trade. The combined factors of increased demand and lower dealer margins have resulted in reduced levels of discounting.

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Again, I would like to emphasise that we do not dictate to our dealers the degree of discount they should offer. We publish a recommended list price, but the degree of discount is up to them.

## Mad, bad and very dangerous

THE GANGSTER who married into my family was called Chesty. He looked just like Edward G. Robinson playing barrel-chested, cigar-chomping Little Caesar. Chesty's flashy, peroxide-blond hair, my great aunt Gussie's daughter, looked like a film noir character too, but she was married to Chesty and their sons had bar mitzvahs. The movie stereotypes were based on people like them, people they knew, but the J-word was never mentioned. The prototype of Robinson's edgy, vicious Caesar was actually Bugsy Goldstein, a director of Murder, Incorporated - a Jewish firm.

Some of America's most notorious contract killers, racketeers and gamblers were Jewish. This underworld subculture took root in the worst neighbourhoods of Brooklyn and lower Manhattan in the late 19th century. The halcyon days before the Jewish families moved to the suburbs and the Italians took over were in the 1920s and 1930s. The suave gambler Arnold Rothstein, whom Rich Cohen calls the Moses of Crime, became America's pre-eminent bootlegger when the US government's ban on alcohol created a golden opportunity.

Rothstein's syndicate exported incredible quantities of whisky from Britain. They sailed it across the sea and, having paid off the coastguards on both sides of the Atlantic, landed it by small fast boat, cut it, and sent it across state lines. Even before Prohibition ended in 1933, Rothstein's entrepreneurial skill enabled him to accumulate enough capital to go where risks were lower and profits even higher. He led the way to the world of white-collar crime which WASPS had hitherto kept for themselves.

Respectability was gained, but with the disappearance of the hard men and their ice picks and machine guns, Cohen believes, something important was lost. This was the "old gangster



### WEDNESDAY BOOK

TOUGH JEWS: FATHERS, SONS AND GANGSTER DREAMS  
BY RICH COHEN, JONATHAN CAPE, £16.99

wisdom" that everything is negotiable, including that part of your fate that seems predetermined - your prospects, your future. From the Jewish gangsters, Cohen's father, who grew up in the mean streets of Brooklyn and who is the most interesting character in this engrossing and entertaining book, inherited "his belief that authority... can always be outfoxed... that all these rules - Do this, Don't do that - are just the construct of other men and can be defeated."

Mind you, these Jewish gangsters were no Robin Hoods. Not one of them stole from the rich and gave to the poor,

no nonsense like that. They were mad, bad and dangerous to know, and most certainly did not write poetry. But Rich Cohen sees poetry in the fact of their existence and finds in them the answer to a question that haunts many Jews who grew up after the Holocaust: why did the six million go like sheep to the slaughter, why didn't they resist? These guys would have, says Cohen. They had guts, they prove the virility of Jewish manhood.

Personally, I think he draws the wrong lesson. These guys would have sold everybody else out. And their contempt for the law was not evi-

dence of American get-up-and-go. Rather, it was an attitude that Jews brought with them from a Europe where the law had so often been carefully designed to fleece or murder them.

To elude the American authorities, Meyer Lansky - the last of the "great" gangsters - tried to emigrate to Israel. There he was unprecedentedly refused what is supposed to be every Jew's right: the right of return. Golda Meir said no Mafia need apply, so Lansky had to face the music in the US courts. In fact, his lawyers turned out to be better than the government's. Lansky was cleared of all charges and eventually died of old age in Miami. One feels Cohen wishes that, like Arnold Rothstein, Lansky had been gunned down.

Violence, it has been said, is as American as apple pie. Cohen feels it important that we know that it was also once as Jewish as apple strudel: that there were terrifying Jews out there, hoodlums as bad as any Godfather. Although the recently reissued *The Rise and Fall of the Jewish Gangster in America* by Alfred Fried remains the definitive book on gangsterdom, Cohen achieves his main aim, which is to show how the mythology of the Jewish underworld gave courage to street-smart kids like his father, Billy the Kid was not Jewish. Rich Cohen probably wishes he was.

As for Chesty and Gussie, after a while they had plenty of Cadillacs and their bar mitzvah boys were finishing university. Chesty wanted to leave the Syndicate. In answer to his delicate inquiries, word came back that there was only one way out: feet first. Having no desire for early retirement to New York's equivalent of Boot Hill, Chesty kept working. In today's economy, I suppose, there are many who would kill for that sort of job security.

ADRIANNE BLUR

### WEDNESDAY POEM

LUSTRA  
BY CHRISTOPHER OKIGBO (NIGERIA)

So would I to the hills again	So would I from my eye the mist
so would I	so would I
to where springs the fountain	through moonmist to hilltop
there to draw from	there for the cleansing
and to hilltop clamber	
body and soul	Here is a new-laid egg
whitewashed in the moon dew	here a white hen at mid-term.
there to see from	

Our poems this week came from the new edition of 'The Penguin Book of Modern African Poetry', edited by Gerald Moore and Ulli Beier (Penguin, £9.99).

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# Kay Thompson

"IF ARTISTICALLY you are able to do one thing," Kay Thompson once said, "you are more than likely able to do them all... it's just a matter of constant adjustment of one's heads." The ever-elegant and stunningly chic Thompson proved her point by being an accomplished singer, dancer, actress, composer, arranger, author, satirist and businesswoman.

She wrote the much-loved *Eloise* books, about a precocious six-year-old residing in New York's Plaza Hotel, had a cabaret act that toured the top night-clubs of the world, did vocal arrangements for some of the best Hollywood musicals and had a co-starring role in one of the very best, *Funny Face*, with Fred Astaire and Audrey Hepburn. "She was a dynamo," said the film star Gloria DeHaven. "Wildly talented, wildly flamboyant, and wildly wild. When she entered a room, she entered. She wouldn't walk in, she'd float in, and her arms would rise. All eyes would turn. She had that kind of command."

Born in St Louis in 1912, to a jewel merchant, Thompson started playing the piano at the age of four and at 15 performed Liszt's *Hungarian Fantasy* with the St Louis Symphony Orchestra - legend has it that she started several bars after the orchestra and tripped over a potted palm on her exit. At 17, she moved to California. "I was a stage-struck kid," she said, "and I got out of St Louis fast." After a brief spell as a diving instructor, she entered radio as a vocal arranger and performer, working with Bing Crosby, the Mills Brothers and Andre Kostelanetz.

After a spell as singer-arranger with Fred Waring's group, she formed a vocal group of her own with distinctive harmonies and was given her own radio show, *Kay Thompson and Company*, co-starring the comedian Jim Backus. "It was an instantaneous flop," she later recalled, "and I then came to a serious decision. I had to be an actress and I had to be alone. So I went to Hollywood, where I was neither."

It was the mid-Forties, the time when the Freed Unit at MGM was responsible for the finest group of musicals in Hollywood history and Thompson was hired by Roger Edens to join the team as vocal coach and arranger, working with such stars as Lena Horne and Judy Garland, the latter becoming a lifelong friend and confidante. Thompson was to be godmother to Garland's daughter Liza Minnelli.

Gloria DeHaven recently said, "Kay wasn't so much in charge of teaching people how to sing note for



note as she was to help with vocal stylings and arrangements," Van Johnson added. "She was an idea person. Whenever anyone had a problem they would say, 'Get me Kay Thompson.' When I had to sing for the camera, I thought I'd die of fright, so I sent for Kay. She came in wearing a lynx coat and just sat there and smiled, and I sang to her. That was it. I got over my fright."

Among the first numbers on which she worked was the extended version of Harry Warren and Johnny Mercer's "The Atchison, Topeka and the Santa Fe", the Oscar-winning highlight of *The Harvey Girls* (1946), starring Garland. "I think I fell in love with Judy the second I saw her sitting on that train in the movie eating the sandwich," said Thompson later. Other films on which she worked included *Till the Clouds Roll By* (1946), *Ziegfeld Follies* (1946), *The Kid from Brooklyn* (1946, on loan to the producer Sam Goldwyn) and *Good News* (1947).

When her contract ended, Thompson formed a night-club act using as back-up group the Williams Brothers. (One of the brothers, Andy, was later to have a successful career as a soloist.)

Thompson constructed her act as a miniature revue and it opened at Ciro's on 16 October 1947, to become a legend still talked about, an act described by the columnist Walter Winchell as the greatest in night-club history. *Time* magazine reported:

Dressed in one of her 25 sleek slacksuits, comedienne Kay Thompson stepped into the spotlight, looking like a caricature of the neurotic, world-weary woman of the Twenties. Bouncing about behind her were four young, mobile-faced Williams brothers who served as a kind of combination corps de ballet and hot choir. Anything went: patter, pantomime or pratfalls, and "Pauvre Souzette", a song about a young woman with a Restoration bosom.

The act played in the top clubs all over the world for the next few years, including the Café de Paris in London. It was while on tour that Thompson conceived the idea of *Eloise*. "Once I was late to a show," said Thompson, "and the brothers hawled me out. 'All right,' I said, using a kid's voice, 'all right. I'm late. I'm Eloise and af'r all, I'm only six.' After that I'd be Eloise and we'd fool around." Later, when planning to write a book about hotel life in America (to be called *Beds I Have Slept In*), she instead created *Eloise*.

the lovable six-year-old who lives at the Plaza ("And charge it, please") and loves to pour water down mail chutes ("Just zippety jingle and skibble away zap!"). The first book, *Eloise*, was published in 1955, with illustrations by Hilary Knight, and further books told of *Eloise* in Paris, in Moscow, at Christmas time and in the bath. Thompson also made a recording as the little girl.

Songs written by Thompson include the hit "Violins" ("I love a violin..."), and for her cabaret act she also designed the clothes she wore, co-choreographed her dances and penned her own arrangements.

In 1957 Thompson was perfectly cast as an energetic and forceful fashion-magazine editor striving for "bizazz" in *Funny Face*, produced and directed by her former MGM colleagues Roger Edens and Stanley Donen. In this exquisitely photographed gem, Fred Astaire was the photographer Dick Avery (the film's visual consultant was Richard Avedon), transforming Greenwich Village bookseller Audrey Hepburn into a model for Thompson's magazine spread, "Clothes for the woman who is not interested in clothes."

Thompson stylishly led the film's opening number "Think Pink", joined the two leads cavorting through Paris in "Bonjour Paris", partnered Hepburn in "On How to be Lovely" and Astaire in "Clap Yo' Hands", rousingly sung and strutted in an existentialist haunt and given a typically Thompson vocal arrangement. Sadly, Astaire and Thompson did not get along - she considered him "crotchety" while he, according to Donen, liked his co-stars to be ultra-feminine. "He knew she had amazing talent," said Donen, "but just didn't want to be near it."

Thompson made one more film, Otto Preminger's off-beat account of three misfits who decide to live together, *Tell Me That You Love Me, Junnie Moon* (1970), starring Liza Minnelli. Afterwards, Thompson became reclusive, and was estranged for several years from Minnelli due to the latter's drug use. A few years ago she was at the Backstage piano bar in New York listening to the cabaret performer Steve Ross and was persuaded to join him in song, demonstrating that, though visibly aged, she still had plenty of "bizazz".

Tom Vallance

Kay Thompson, actress: born St Louis, Missouri 9 November 1912; married first Jack Jenney (marriage dissolved); second Bill Spier (marriage dissolved); died New York 2 July 1998.

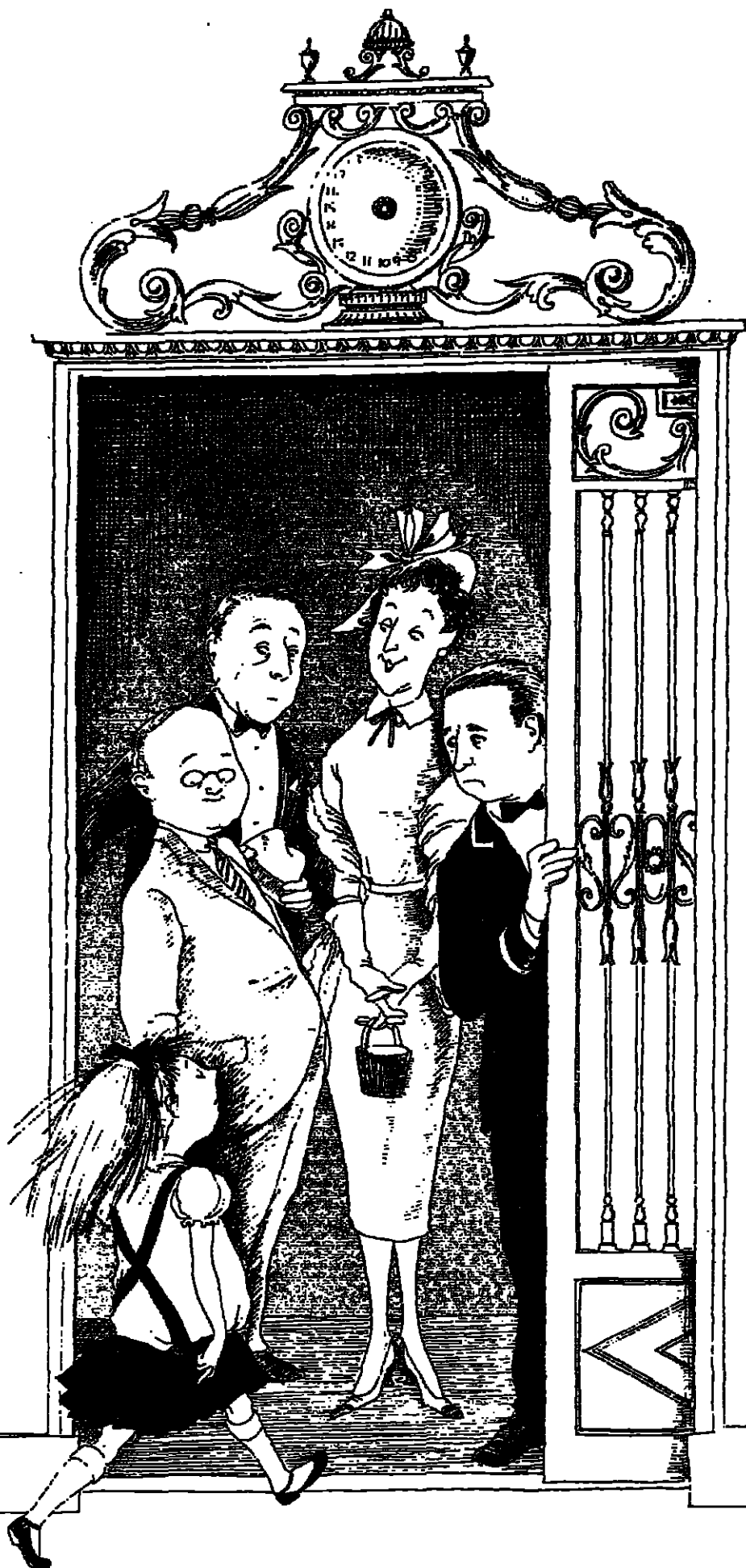


Illustration by Hilary Knight for Thompson's book *Eloise*

## George Corbyn Barrow

GEORGE CORBYN Barrow was the grandson of Richard Cadbury Barrow, the last Mayor of Birmingham before it was granted a City Charter in 1888. He followed his grandfather's example by becoming Lord Mayor of the city in 1963.

The Barrow family had been well known in Birmingham since the establishment in the 1840s of the high-class grocery business Barrow Stores. A strong attachment to Birmingham and a sense of civic and social responsibility ran through the whole family.

Corbyn Barrow was known by either George or Corbyn by different people at different stages of his life) was born in 1903, a birthright Quaker. He was educated at York's Quaker school, Bootham, across the years of the First World War. He later went to King's College, Cambridge, and, qualifying as a solicitor in 1928, followed his uncle into the Birmingham law firm Wragge and Co. He remained with the firm all his working life, acting as its senior part-



ner between 1967 and 1973, and then, after various stages of retirement, fading from any active practice aged about 75.

The firm still thrives, though now in rather grander accommodation and charging rather grander fees than Barrow imagined possible or

decent. As a lawyer he was deeply committed to the law's impact on the ordinary person. Having been active in the Poor Man's Lawyer scheme, he was instrumental in establishing the Legal Aid system. His commitment was reflected in his own work and the heterogeneous nature of Wragge and Co's business while he was involved in its running.

He was secretary of the Birmingham Law Society in 1936 for several years and later, in 1952, became its president. Nationally, he served on the Council of the Law Society for over 30 years, until 1973. He continued as an honorary member of the Birmingham Law Society, and due to his specialist knowledge of conveyancing, continued on its non-contentious business committee until he was nearly 80.

Birmingham's politics was the other significant dimension to Barrow's life. After the Second World War, which he spent in the National Fire Service as a column officer, responsible for the training of hun-

dreds of volunteer fire fighters, he was selected as Labour's parliamentary candidate for Edgbaston.

In 1945 Edgbaston did not fall to Labour, although the party polled more votes in the constituency than in any prior election. Barrow therefore switched his attentions from Westminster to Birmingham City Council, as councillor for Winson Green's All Saints Ward, amiably sitting opposite his own brother, Richard Barrow, who was then a Conservative councillor.

Barrow brought his own brand of deeply logical and ethical analysis to administrative problems. He was elevated to the council's Aldermanic Bench in 1952, for a total of eight years he was chairman of the city's health committee and he was later chair of the housing committee. One of his proudest achievements was a programme ensuring that piped water was installed in every Birmingham home.

In 1965 he was elected Lord Mayor of Birmingham. Among other

civic activities, he helped establish the city's race relations committee in the mid-Sixties and, as chair, led it for more than 10 years.

As a socialist (and in his first marriage married to a Communist) in a much livelier and broader political climate than today's, he did not see his middle-class background as any sort of disqualification. He was president of the Fire Brigades Union and as possibly the first graduate to hold the position of vice-president of Birmingham's Trades Council, he felt privileged in proposing the motion to allow Communists to join.

This easy understanding of socialism and subscription to the aspirations of Labour may well have been due to his Quakerism. Although personally very un-pious, the Quaker creeds of fairness, personal integrity and seeing value ("that of God") in everyone certainly influenced him in a way that the other directives, to eschew drink and tobacco, did not. He was a familiar figure of the hotel bars and pubs used

in council and legal circles, and throughout adult life was perpetually wreathed in pipe smoke.

In a recent example of his political aversion to anything he saw as iniquitous, he protested over the introduction of the poll tax by insisting on paying the amount that he had paid in rates the previous year, plus a generous percentage for inflation. This, living in Edgbaston, was substantially more than the poll tax demand and, after several exchanges of cheques and letters, he was successful in insisting that the council accept the money and put it to proper use - providing useful services for the Birmingham population.

Pacifism, another demanding Quaker principle, was never truly to test him. He was too young for the First World War and during the Second World War despite call-up papers arriving from the Navy and preparations to join the training ship *Ercolabur* (a rather unimpressive vessel that lay in some inland waterway), after direct interven-

tion to the War Office by the Chief Fire Officer and Wragge and Co's senior partner, he received an exemption. This was accompanied by a demand for the return of the postal order for 3s 6d that had been advanced for his travel. He never expressed either relief or disappointment at not serving in the Navy, although his affection for the sea and sailing would probably have made the more benign aspects of service attractive to him.

In 1947 he sailed to, and circumnavigated, Iceland in a small yacht. In contradiction to much else in his life, he relished the snobbery in boating circles of belonging to the prestigious Royal Cruising Club.

George Barrow

George Corbyn Barrow, lawyer: born Birmingham 9 September 1903; married 1934 Molly Sparrow (marriage dissolved 1957); 1957 Sheila Davis (one son, two daughters); died Birmingham 2 July 1998.

## Adel Osseiran

THE FRENCH mandate in Lebanon, Brigadier Stephen Longrigg wrote four decades ago, "disappeared with graceless reluctance". Long impaired and "increasingly unwell", it was destroyed by an act of folly at 4am on 11 November 1943, when French troops came to arrest ministers of the new Lebanese government, proving - to the Lebanese and to the British - that their promises of independence were worthless. Adel Osseiran, the last survivor of Beshara al-Khoury's cabinet, was trapped in his house at Aley in the mountains above Beirut when five French marines saw a friend leave his home.

"They were in uniform and Adel greeted them politely and asked what they wanted," his young wife - pregnant with their second daughter - was to recall. "They said they had orders to arrest him from M Jean Helieu (French Delegue-General in Lebanon). Adel had come back late that night and our dinner

lay uneaten on the table. He said to them: 'I have to change, to wash, why don't you eat with me?' He was playing for time but they took him away; they refused to tell me where. They searched the whole house. When they came to my room, I told them, 'You will pay dearly for this.' The Frenchman replied: 'So be it!'

Adel Osseiran, a Shiite Muslim from the south of Lebanon, was taken to the gaunt old prison at Rachaya in the Bekaa valley where he met the rest of the Lebanese cabinet who had refused to allow M Helieu to maintain his control over Lebanon's administration. Riyadh el-Solh, the prime minister, was already there. So was the president, Beshara el-Khoury, who - according to the Osseiran family - berated the new minister of agriculture and communications. "See where your refusal to negotiate has got us?" el-Khoury asked. "See what happens when you always refuse to negotiate?" Osseiran smiled at him. In

prison, he paid his French-controlled Shiite guard to buy food for himself and his fellow ministers. French cuisine was not to their taste.

Osseiran had never found the French to his taste. He opposed France's carving up of Syria - General Henri Gouraud had proclaimed the state of "Greater Lebanon" on lands taken from Syria in 1920 - and a "Conference of the Coast" in 1936, which he attended, expressed the view that Muslim areas of Lebanon should be retransferred back to Syria.

Osseiran was arrested - for the first time - the same year after protesting at the massacre of Syrians by French Senegalese troops. "So you are the man who wants to swallow 40 million Frenchmen?" the French investigator asked, referring to a speech Osseiran had made at Nabatiya. "Why not?" Osseiran replied. "Then you must be a gourmet," the Frenchman said. He

stood unsuccessfully for parliament (under the mandate) a year later.

Ironically, though a nationalist from the start of his political life, Osseiran had been brought up in the French language - he began his schooling at the French "Freres" school in Sidon - and first attracted the notice of the French authorities when he protested, in 1928, at the harsh mandate taxes imposed on south Lebanese (Shiite) tobacco farmers. He was at last elected a member for southern Lebanon in 1943 and was successfully re-elected for the Zahran constituency in 1953, 1960, 1968 and 1972.

As a Shiite, he interceded with Saudi Arabia to allow Iranians to make the Haj pilgrimage in 1947 while at the same time asking the Iranians to support the Arab cause in Palestine; that same year, he represented Lebanon at the UN to vote against the Palestine partition plan. Thirty-six years later, he would be demanding "armed resistance"

against Israel's occupation of Lebanon at the Geneva conference.

The civil war - and the foreign armies which it drew inexorably into his tiny country - deeply depressed Osseiran, whose ministerial portfolios between 1968 and 1989 included justice, interior, defence, commerce and economy. Almost by way of protest, he stuck to his post during that terrible conflict, opposing all foreign interference just as he had argued against Camille Chamoun's call for US Marine landings in 1958 following Gamel Abdul Nasser's union of Syria and Egypt (Osseiran admired Nasser's personality).

He was almost killed when a Phalangist bullet grazed his head outside the parliament building during the civil war. Standing in his office at the ministry of commerce in 1976, he saw Beirut port burning from end to end and pleaded desperately over the telephone with the Syrian interior minister to send a fire

engine from Damascus (shades of Northern Ireland's appeal to de Valera during the 1941 Belfast Blitz). The fire appliance duly arrived, only to be shot up by the same militiamen who were burning the port - because they were intent on looting it.

Osseiran was one of the very few politicians in Lebanon who sold property in order to survive - many others augmented their pathetic salaries through corruption - and even in the worst years of the war he would set off home to Sidon down the guerrilla-infested coast road from Beirut on his own. Believing in what he called the "Arab identity", he admired President Assad of Syria in much the same way as he appreciated Nasser's calls for Arab unity.

The chimera of unity, of course, did not come in Osseiran's lifetime and he died aged 93, having fought Parkinson's disease for 14 years, still demanding an end to the Israeli oc-



cupation of southern Lebanon - just as he had, at the start of his career, demanded an end to French occupation of that very same piece of land.

Robert Fisk

Adel Abdullah Osseiran, politician: born Sidon, Syria 5 June 1905; married 1941 Souad al-Khalil (two sons, five daughters); died Sidon, Lebanon 18 June 1998.



صحنه من الامل



Monteverdi in 1954, with a Ferrari Tipo 53 Mille Miglia – the first Ferrari imported into Switzerland

## Peter Monteverdi

WITH AROUND 3,000 cars built over a 27-year period, Peter Monteverdi was never going to join the Henry Ford league of motor industry moguls. Nevertheless, this achievement still makes him the most prolific Swiss car manufacturer of all time. His products ranged from single-seater racing cars to upmarket off-road vehicles, one of the most beautiful cars of the 1960s, and American sedans cynically disguised as bespoke limousines.

He was born in Binningen, a suburb of Basle on the Franco-Swiss border, the only son of Rosolino Monteverdi, who ran a garage specialising in truck repairs. Surrounded by mechanical things as a child, he was obsessed with cars, inseparable from his Dinky toys and pedal car and, as a teenager, earned pocket money at a local tractor factory. After school he worked a four-year apprenticeship at the Saurer truck works in Arbon.

Rather than design some utilitarian farm implement, Monteverdi built his own car, aged just 17. He bought a clapped-out Fiat 1100 saloon for £200 and transferred its salvageable organs to a homemade chassis and body to create his own two-seater roadster. "I think I was the only Swiss person ever to do that at that age," he recalled later.

When his father died in 1956, he was left running a truck repair shop he had little interest in. Almost immediately, he diversified into sports car tuning and repairs and expanded fast. With no home-grown sports cars on offer, Monteverdi built one, and his first "MBM" – Monteverdi-Basle-Motors – was a cocktail of odds and ends, a British Heron plastic kit car body and a Ford Anglia 997cc engine tuned to give 85bhp. In fact, only three were made. A more useful sideline was go-karts, while he also found commercial luck with a simple Formula Junior single-seater racing car; 23 were sold between 1959 and 1962.

Spurred on by this success, Monteverdi went on to construct the first and only Swiss Formula One car. The MBM F1 boasted a factory-tuned Porsche RSK engine in a modified MBM FJ body/chassis, and was entered in a few Grands Prix in 1960 and 1961. Monteverdi himself drove to a second place at Mont Verdin in 1960, but the MBM wasn't particularly distinguished.

In fact, Monteverdi's short and hectic career as a driver was more distinguished in sports cars – coming third in the Nürburgring 1000km race in 1959 in a factory-backed Mercedes 300SLR – and rallying, capturing a second place in the 1959 Geneva Rally in a works Renault Dauphine. He claimed to have driven in 60 international and 20 national races and rallies, with several victories.

In 1961, a nasty accident at Hockenheim in his F1 car left Monteverdi seriously injured and took away his taste for competition. He quit the grid altogether, but this was no failed ex-racing driver destined to eke out a prosaic living. His business had grown so large he bulldozed his father's old truck sheds and built palatial new premises, with showrooms at the front, multi-storey workshops at the back and apartments

he recalled. "I wasn't prepared to do that so he said he'd find another importer. I decided to build my own car."

It took Monteverdi two years to design and build the first prototype of the Monteverdi 375S. "It was intended to be different from a Ferrari," he said, "to offer everything Ferrari didn't. A Ferrari is a young man's car, but no young man can afford it, only older people. And older people want things like automatic transmission. But Enzo Ferrari refused to give them that."

The Monteverdi 375S was one of the most handsome cars in the world at its autumn 1967 debut, powered by a huge 7.2-litre Chrysler V8 engine pumping out 375bhp – hence the name – and designed by an Italian stylist called Pietro Frua. It was Switzerland's answer to the Jensen British GT cars like the Jensen

found their way to Middle Eastern owners. In 1977, sensing he was on to a good thing, Monteverdi returned to conventional road cars by transforming the humble Plymouth Volare into the Monteverdi Sierra. A new nose and tail was grafted on to the Detroit midrift, the interior was totally refitted, "exclusive" Monteverdi badges were applied – and it was hoped none would notice.

By the late 1970s, however, it was getting hard for – effectively – a one-man band to manufacture new cars, so Monteverdi poured his efforts into his new "Monteverdi Design" enterprise. Besides the predictably glitzy watches and speedboats, he had the clever idea of squeezing two extra doors into Britain's ever-popular Range Rover without altering the wheelbase and, thus, a large redesign bill. Land Rover liked the idea, and subsequently paid Monteverdi a lucrative royalty on every standard four-door it made until 1994.

As he grew older, Monteverdi became bitter at the scant recognition he received in his home country. By 1984, he abandoned making cars altogether after building around 3,000 of them – just 200 of which remained in Switzerland. Instead, in the bowels of his old factory, he created a car museum that was, in effect, a shrine to himself: of the 150 cars he owned, 60 were Monteverdis, including that first Fiat Special. Visitors could even sit down in a miniature viewing theatre and watch a slide show of the Monteverdi story in four languages. Although it was billed as "Switzerland's largest car museum", there were few visitors, and this left him angry and disillusioned.

"Switzerland is a green place," he said caustically. "People throw on exclusive cars. Germany's the same. People say: 'We don't like cars – they should be banned.' That's why I stopped production."

People who owned them, though, loved them. It's believed a fleet of five Monteverdi 375S limousines are still in palace service with the King of Qatar, while the King of Morocco allegedly uses his Monteverdi Safari regularly.

Giles Chapman

Peter Rosolino Monteverdi, car designer and manufacturer, and museum proprietor, born Basle, Switzerland 17 June 1934; died Basle 4 July 1998.

*The Monteverdi 375S was one of the most handsome cars in the world... 'It was intended to be different from a Ferrari,' said Monteverdi, 'to offer everything Ferrari didn't'*

above to generate even more income. By 1970, Garage Monteverdi had doubled in size again. He was also the Swiss Ferrari importer.

Canny business sense in sports cars and truck-mending meant Peter Monteverdi could afford the first Ferrari sold in Switzerland, a Tipo 53 Mille Miglia, in 1954. Keeping it going, however, required frequent trips to Italy for spares.

"One time in 1954 I was in Modena and I met Enzo Ferrari," said Monteverdi. "He asked me what I did and I told him I had a small garage in Basle. As I was also a racing driver, he asked if I'd like to sell his cars for him in Switzerland. So I became the Ferrari concessionaire at just 21 and remained the Swiss importer for 12 years."

The arrangement added to Monteverdi's prestige but, in 1964, ended abruptly. "Enzo insisted I buy 100 cars at a time and pay for them in advance,"

and Bristol, and spawned a series of coupés, convertibles and a four-door saloon, the 375L, produced until 1975. But it was in another league price-wise: the 375S was twice as expensive as a Jensen Interceptor and a staggering five times more than a Jaguar E-type. Still, there were around 50 takers a year until the fuel crisis of 1974 made selling such bespoke gas-swiggers impossible.

With startling inventiveness, Monteverdi then switched tack to luxurious four-wheel drive vehicles aimed at the Middle East where oil crises didn't really figure. But instead of designing and building from scratch, he adapted America's rugged International Harvester 4x4 vehicles, turning the workaday IH Scout into the upmarket Sahara, with plush interior and reworked nose, and the Safari, with completely restyled bodywork and an even more deluxe interior. He made hundreds, all of which

## GAZETTE

### BIRTHS, MARRIAGES & DEATHS

#### DEATHS

DRUMME: Maud Beatrice, beloved wife of the late Michael. Suddenly, but peacefully, at home, on Saturday 4 July 1998, aged 78 years.

Announcements for Gazette BIRTHS, MARRIAGES & DEATHS are charged at £5.50 a line; VAT is extra.

### ROYAL ENGAGEMENTS

The Duke of Edinburgh, Patron of the London Federation of Clubs for Young People, visits Woodrow High House, the Lawrence and Joseph Levy Centre for Young People, Amersham, Buckinghamshire; and, as President, attends a

#### BIRTHDAYS

Lord Allen of Abbeydale, former senior civil servant, 96; Mr Jon Bannenberg, yacht designer, 68; Dr Robert Barnes, metallurgist, 74; Dr Kate Bertram, former President, Lucy Cavendish College, Cambridge, 86; Sir Robin Biggam, chairman, Fairway Group, and of the Independent Television Commission, 60; Mr Christopher Brown, Headmaster, Norwich School, 54; Mr Ben Campbell MP 41; Mr Ben Chapman MP 58; The Hon Mrs Mary Corsar, former Chairman, WRVS, 71; Sir Peter Darby, former Chief Inspector, Fire Services, 74;

Lord Dervaird, Professor of Company Law, Edinburgh University, 63; Mr Leslie East, publishing director, Novello & Co, 49; Mr Keith Fielding, rugby player, 49; Lord Gilmour of Craigmillar, former government minister, 72; Mr Bruce Gynell, former managing director, TV-am, 69; Mr Bernard Henderson, chairman, British Waterways, 70; Mr Brian Hitchen, former Editor, Sunday Express, 62; Dame Elaine Kellett-Bowman, former MP 40; Dr Peter Knight, Vice-Chancellor, University of Central England in Birmingham, 51; Maj-Gen Robert Loudoun, former Director, Mental Health Foundation,

76; Air Chief Marshal Sir Roger Palin, Controller, RAF Benevolent Fund, 60; Miss Pauline Quirke, actress, 39; The Right Rev Derek Rawcliffe, Assistant Bishop, Ripon, 77; Mr Chris Ruane MP 40; Viscount Samuel, Emeritus Professor of Physical Chemistry, Weizmann Institute of Science, Rehovot, Israel, 76; Herr Walter Scheel, former president of West Germany, 79; Sir Roy Shaw, former Secretary-General, the Arts Council, 80; Mr Brian Walden, journalist and broadcaster, 66; Air Chief Marshal Sir Neil Wheeler, 81; The Very Rev Michael Whinney, Assistant Bishop, Birmingham, 68.

#### ANNIVERSARIES

Births: Percy Aldridge Grainger (George Percy), composer and pianist, 1882. Deaths: Percy Bysshe Shelley, poet, at sea 1822. Today is the Feast Day of St Adrian III, pope, Saints Aquila and Prisca or Priscilla, St Grimbald, St Kilian and his Companions, St Procopius of Caesarea, St Sunniva and her Companions and St Withburga.

#### LECTURES

Tate Gallery: Edwin Aitken. "Andy Warhol: prankster or pioneer?", 1pm.

#### CHANGING OF THE GUARD

The Household Cavalry Mounted Regiment mounts the Queen's Life Guard at Horse Guards, 11am. Nijmegen Company Grenadier Guards mounts the Queen's Guard, at Buckingham Palace, 11.30am, band provided by the Grenadier Guard.

reception to mark the 80th anniversary of the English-Speaking Union of the Commonwealth at Lancaster House, London SW1. The Queen Mother attends the Festival Service of the Friends of St Paul's in St Paul's Cathedral, London EC4. The Duke of York presents awards at the Inter-Service Team Shooting Match at Bisley, Surrey. The Princess Royal, Patron, Institute of Logistics, opens

their new premises at Supply-Chain Centre, Corby, Northamptonshire; as Patron, College of Occupational Therapists, opens the new occupational therapy building at Nene Centre for Healthcare Education, Northampton; as Patron, Sense, visits the Rushdon Hall School, Rushdon, Northamptonshire; as President, the Save the Children Fund, visits their shop in Northampton; as

### HISTORICAL NOTES

GEOFFREY SHERRINGTON

## Child emigrants or Empire settlers

IN RECENT years child migration has had a poor press. Charges of deceived parents and systematically abused children appear to be the norm. However, one of the foremost child emigration societies challenges much of this depiction.

The Fairbridge Society, named after its founder, the South-African born Kingsley Fairbridge, was established in 1909 and continued its migration activities for three-quarters of a century, though the goals of the founder and supporters of the society were never fully realised.

It is perhaps strange that the racist impetus behind child emigration has not received more flak from the critics. Kingsley Fairbridge was a late-19th-century "Child of Empire" who absorbed and acted upon the racist assumptions of his own class and generation. He wished to further the cause of imperial greatness by rescuing white children from the cities of Britain and transplanting them to the far-flung frontiers of the white Dominions. Such bonds would bind the territories together and promote the supremacy and cultures of their British founders.

By the time that the migration activities of the Fairbridge Society ceased, that dream had run its course. Commonwealth had replaced Empire and multiculturalism white supremacy. The society had helped to establish farm schools in Western Australia, Vancouver Island, New South Wales and Victoria, while a Fairbridge Memorial College had been founded in Rhodesia. Almost 6,000 children had been sent out under various schemes, many receiving a training which probably would have been denied them in the home country. But all this was not enough to preserve Empire. Ironically, by the 1950s it was the Australians, still eager to maintain British migration, who provided the impetus to continue re-settlement.

What then of the charges of deception and the effect of migration on the children themselves? While the society reunited children from poor homes and voluntary organisations such as Barnardo's it also appealed directly to parents. Some critics had suggested that child migration societies often ignored the wishes of parents who had placed their children in institutions but many actually enrolled their children with the Fairbridge Society.



Fairbridge: imperial philanthropy

The society was essentially an imperial philanthropic organisation which constantly revealed itself as conscious for the welfare of the children. Kingsley Fairbridge had established not only rural training but also attempted to create a sense of family life through cottage homes and a system of aftercare to protect the children once they went into employment. After his death much of this ossified. A lot depended on the relationship between individual children and the cottage mothers which were a vital part of the Fairbridge system. But it would be wrong to assume that life on the farms was a form of sustained child abuse. The society in London continued to insist on the need for proper care and protection. Eventually, it instigated its own inquiry into the administration of farm schools in Australia, so leading to changes in methods which would, at least, bring new forms of education and employment opportunities for the generation of child emigrants sent out after the Second World War.

In the end, very few of the child emigrants remained on the land as Fairbridge had expected. Many undoubtedly came to believe that it would have been better if they had stayed in Britain closer to their own immediate kith and kin. But others took advantage of the new prospects that migration opened up for them. The Fairbridge legacy remains in the lives of many of these former child emigrants.

Geoffrey Sherrington is co-author of 'Fairbridge: Empire and child migration' published by Woburn Press this month. £35

## Judges' role in long-delayed cases

### WEDNESDAY LAW REPORT

8 JULY 1998

Regina v Percival  
Court of Appeal  
(Criminal Division)  
(Lord Justice Auld,  
Mr Justice Holland  
and Judge Allen)  
19 June 1998

WHERE A defendant was brought to trial as a result of allegations made many years after the offences were alleged to have been committed, the judge's role should be to ensure that any convictions reflected a full appreciation of the problem of delay, and of its solution, the burden and standard of proof.

The Court of Appeal allowed the appeal of Brian Percival against his conviction of one count of burglary and five counts of indecent assault, all on boys under 16.

The appellant's trial took place in September 1997, although the offences were alleged to have occurred between 1966 and 1969. At that time he had been employed as a clerk/storeman at an approved school for boys, which had subsequently closed. No contemporaneous complaints had been made against the appellant, but a relatively recent enquiry into sexual abuse of pupils at the school, which had led to the successful prosecution of a former master, had also resulted in the allegations against the appellant.

The appellant was committed for trial in November 1996, and applications were subsequently made on his behalf to stay the proceedings as an abuse of process on the ground of delay. The judge refused the applications, finding that the delay was not due to any fault on the prosecution's part, and that, although some prejudice was inevitable, it could be addressed at the trial by appropriate directions to the jury.

The appellant was convicted, and appealed on the grounds that the judge had erred in refusing to grant a stay; and that he had failed to give a full and sufficient direction to the jury as to the prejudice caused to the defence by the delay.

Timothy Holroyde (Keith Porter) for the appellant; Alex Carlisle QC (Crown Prosecution Service) for the Crown.

he had failed to give a full and sufficient direction to the jury as to the prejudice caused to the defence by the delay.

Mr Justice Holland said that it had been submitted for the appellant that, having regard to the delay, no fair trial was possible, and that the judge had been plainly wrong to refuse a stay. It could not be said, however, that the judge's exercise of his discretion had been unreasonable.

It had further been submitted that the prejudice to the appellant caused by the delay could only have been sufficiently mitigated so as to provide a fair trial by forceful and even repetitive directions, drawing the jury's attention to the task of the prosecution of fulfilling the burden and standard of proof; and that, in the event, the summing up had not been adequate in that respect.

Delay of up to 32 years must threaten the fairness of any criminal trial, not least when the

Crown case depended on late complaint and oral testimony. Before a conviction following such a trial could appear to be safe, the court had to be satisfied that the judge had confronted the jury with the fact of delay, and its potential impact on the formulation and conduct of the defence and on the prosecution's fulfilment of the burden of proof.

In the present case, the judge had not drawn the jury's attention at any stage to the point that there was such potential prejudice to the defendant by reason of the delay that the only real remedy was conscientious concern for the burden and standard of proof. He had sought to deal with delay by even-handedly drawing attention to its potential impact upon the prosecution evidence.

The court readily accepted that there was a place in the summing up for a reminder that it was potentially unfair to the complainants to be censorious about failures to recall minutiae, but by introducing the topic as a factor balancing and thus mitigating potential prejudice to the appellant, the judge had wrongly equated the problems confronting both prosecution and defence.

Moreover, the judge had recited the respective submissions of counsel as to delay, but without a clear expression as to where he stood as the person seized of the task of securing a fair trial notwithstanding the delay, and had failed to take the opportunities afforded by his review of the evidence to put over the point about delay. In the circumstances, the court could not be satisfied that the convictions were safe.

Kate O'Hanlon, Barrister

### WORDS

WILLIAM HARTSTON  
anti-clockwise, adj.

described the way clocks moved their hands in earlier times.

Widdershins, that splendidly sinister and ancient word for anti-clockwise,

dates back to 1513, but the only comparable term I have found for clockwise is *deasil*, meaning in the direction of the sun and dating back only to 1771.

Did you know, incidentally that clocks move their hands anti-clockwise? Put yourself in the position of the clock and you will see it is true.

BROWSING THROUGH the Oxford English Dictionary on CD-Rom the other day, I discovered a centenary that we seem to have overlooked. For 1898 was the year anti-clockwise first appeared in print.

Clockwise and counter-clockwise had been around since 1888, which poses the question of how English



# Don't forget about Ricky

The Lawrence family is not the only one desperate to know the truth about their son's death. Last year, Ricky Reel's body was pulled from a river. Was he, too, the victim of a racist attack? By Angela Neustatter

**S**ukhdev Reel's recurrent nightmares are dreadful evocations of the evening Ricky died. In them she hears the voices of two white youths taunting her 20-year-old son Lakhvinder (known as Ricky) and his two friends, with cries of "Pakis go home".

She is as familiar with the spot where it happened—outside Bentalis shopping complex in Kingston, Surrey—as she is with the kitchen in her Southall home. From the day Ricky disappeared until his body was found, she was there almost every day, pacing back and forth, searching buildings, streets and big industrial dustbins where she feared she might find his body. Even now, she sometimes goes until the early hours of the morning, handing out leaflets with Ricky's photo and a description of his death, hoping somebody may come forward with a memory, some information. She says simply: "I still believe we will find a clue to what happened here."

On the night of 14 October 1997, Ricky, 20, an Asian student at Brunel

*"When I heard about the racial taunts, I felt very frightened. We all know what racial hatred can mean and what violence it can bring"*

University, went out with two friends to celebrate a 21st birthday. They were heading for a nightclub in Kingston, but before they got there explains Mrs Reel, a slight woman in a sari, whose soft-voiced composure falters as she battles with tears: "Two white youths approached and started racially abusing Ricky and the others. So Ricky's friends have told me. One of the friends asked 'what's your problem?' and then the white youths punched and attacked him and one of the others and they all split. I've always taught my children to get out rather than getting into fights. But as they ran, they got separated. That was the last I saw of Ricky."

A week later, Ricky's body was pulled out of the River Thames where, according to the pathologist's report, it had been for a week. A week when a story unfolded that she believes has parallels with the Stephen Lawrence case, where the police failed to accept that there could have been a racial element to the death.

When Ricky was not home by 8am the following morning, Mrs Reel and her husband Balwant were ex-



Balwant and Sukhdev Reel believe police could have done more to investigate the possibility that their son Ricky died as the result of a racial attack

tremely worried. She explains: "He always told me if he was going to be late home, he'd promised to be in by 1am. I tried his mobile phone and it was turned off."

The next day, a police officer arrived and Ricky's friends were contacted and told police about the racial abuse. Mrs Reel says: "I felt very frightened. We know what racial hatred means, and what violence it can mean. I told the officer I thought Ricky might be in danger, but he quoted guidelines saying that if a person is over 18 and missing, there is nothing they can do before 24 hours is up."

She gestures, angrily now. "He acted as though Ricky had simply not come home, as though the fact he had been racially abused by men who clearly felt hostile towards Asians couldn't have had anything to do with Ricky's disappearance. He said 'if your son doesn't come home, contact us tomorrow'."

But even when the days went on and Ricky was still missing, the police did not trace the white youths, although they told the Reels they were searching for their son. Mrs Reel's anger makes her voice suddenly powerful: "We had to get our

own leaflets printed and we handed them out every day and every night in Kingston. We went with friends to the spot where the incident happened. We went into cafés and restaurants, we spoke to late night bus passengers, we formed a human chain and searched buildings. We didn't see any police searching and we only once saw police distributing leaflets."

The Reels later heard from a mixed-race man that, two days earlier, he too had been told "Paki go home" by three white youths, and assaulted in the same spot.

Any hopes the Reels had, that the police would investigate the cause of Ricky's death once his body had been found, were dashed by the inspector who visited Mrs Reel before the post-mortem, explaining Ricky's fly buttons had been found undone. She is scornful repeating what the policeman said. "His words were: 'In my opinion Ricky went to the river, tried to relieve himself, fell into the water and died instantly'. I told him Ricky had a phobia about water and would have been unlikely to choose that place to urinate."

"Besides, unless you are drunk,

which Ricky wasn't, it's very unlikely that you would just fall into the water. As for the 'evidence' of the buttons, I later discovered that some people, when they are taken out of water after a long time, have opened trouser buttons. It's something to do with the pressure of the water."

"The point is, the police had their answer as to what happened and didn't consider that Ricky might have been dragged to the water or chased there and fallen in."

Yet, in a statement in February after a second pathologist's report, where features of the lungs indicated

that he survived some time in the water and may have struggled, the Metropolitan Police said: "The possibility that Ricky was forced into the river or prevented from getting out of the water cannot be ruled out."

In desperation, the Reels contacted lawyer Louise Christian, who expresses disgust at what she sees as a failure in police methods, saying: "The police have a duty to investigate if there's the slightest suspicion it may not be accidental death. It's not adequate for the police to simply assume that Ricky was urinating."

Christian has also been told that there may be video footage from the street around the time Ricky disappeared which may provide further useful evidence.

The Metropolitan Police say they have conducted an enquiry into the way the case was handled and have written a report. Christian has been told that she and the Reels will not be allowed to see this. She now intends to make a submission on the defects in the system to the second part of the Stephen Lawrence Enquiry which will consider the lessons

*"You would think, after all that the Laurences have shown up in police attitudes to race, they would investigate. But no"*

to be learned from the Lawrence case. The Lawrence family, whose dignified and determined battle to see justice done has done much to expose what appears a culpable disregard for what racism can mean, feel much sympathy for the Reels and support the family's campaign.

Meanwhile, unless the police take further steps to trace the white men, Mr and Mrs Reel and their children, Ricky's three distraught siblings, are expected to accept that they will never know what happened to him.

She sighs, seeming suddenly so frail: "Of course I don't know if Ricky died at the hands of racists, but surely it's clear that's a possibility. You would think, after all that the Laurences have shown up in police attitudes to race, they would investigate. But no."

"I am trying to accept that I shall never know what happened in my son's last minutes, and that is agonising. I once read that the failure of justice is worse than the crime and, although nothing could be worse than losing Ricky, knowing there hasn't been justice is going to make it much harder to live with."

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### Public Notices

BOLLY, HAROLD BOLLY  
late of Bradford, West Yorkshire  
died there on 26th May 1997  
(ESTATE ABOUT £20,000)

LEUNG, BRUNO LEUNG  
late of Hong Kong, died there on 10th July 1997  
(ESTATE ABOUT £20,000)

BRUNO LEUNG LEUNG  
late of Hong Kong, died there on 10th July 1997  
(ESTATE ABOUT £20,000)

PARKER, REGINALD JOHN PARKER  
late of Letchford, Staffordshire  
died there on 10th July 1997  
(ESTATE ABOUT £20,000)

THE widow, widow and kin of the above named are requested to apply to the Treasury Solicitor (B.V.) Queen Anne's Chambers, 25 Broadway, London SW1H 9JS, for the purpose of administering the estate.

BRUNO, OLIVE ELSE BROWN  
SPINSTER  
late of Birmingham  
died there on 19th July 1997  
(ESTATE ABOUT £20,000)

BRUNO, HAROLD BRUNO  
late of Hong Kong, died there on 10th July 1997  
(ESTATE ABOUT £20,000)

GRAY, MARY MARY  
late of Hong Kong, died there on 10th July 1997  
(ESTATE ABOUT £20,000)

NEAL, EDWARD NEAL  
late of Hong Kong, died there on 10th July 1997  
(ESTATE ABOUT £20,000)

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## You ask the questions

Such as, Keith Allen, why exactly do you hate Chris Evans so much?

AUTHOR, COMEDIAN and bon vivant, Keith Allen, 44, was born in Wales. He has worked in comedy and serious drama - from Channel 4's *Comic Strip* series to the BBC's *Martin Chuzzlewit* and ITV's *The Life and Crimes of William Palmer*. He also appeared in *Shallow Grave* and *Trainspotting*. His football song "Vindaloo", is still in the top 10. He lives in London with his wife, Nira, and has two children from a previous marriage.

Where did you watch the England/Argentina match and who were you with?  
Nick Savill, Middlesbrough. In Groucho's with my friends and my wife.

How and where did you drown your sorrows afterwards?  
Rob Bishop, Woolwich. I stayed there with friends. I kept putting off going to bed knowing I would have to wake up to a massive depression.

Do you think Beckham deserved so much flak?  
Anita Howcroft, Horsham, West Sussex.

Yes I do. But I think if he learns how to control his impetuosity he should be forgiven.

Are you gutted that nobody will buy "Vindaloo" now?  
Jon Steele, Bradford, West Yorks.

Not at all.

Who's your favourite comedian at the moment and who's your favourite ever?

Not at all.

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Keith Allen

Lesley Cooke, Sutton Coldfield, West Midlands.  
Don't have one. Les Dawson.

How did you feel about a full frontal dead nude scene in *Shallow Grave*?  
Christina Jenkins, Hampstead, North London.

Very well thank you. And you?

Do you mind being typecast as the baddy in British films?  
Don Miles, Newcastle.

When I am, yes.

Do you worry about getting old?  
Joy Watson, Bath.

No.

Got any hangover cures?  
Trevor Pearce, Windsor.

Neat Ricard.

Are you ever going to do any more Comic Strips?  
Anna Ross, Beeston, Nottingham.

No.

Is it true that you don't like

Chris Evans? If so, why?  
Sam Dale, Needham Market, Suffolk.

It is true, yes. He's symptomatic of everything I find repulsive about the indulged buffoons of light entertainment.

What's the most you've ever drunk in one sitting?  
Paul Woodward, Bedford.

I have no idea.

How did you meet Damien Hirst?  
Sasha Brookes, Worthing, West Sussex.

At the bar in Groucho's.

Who would you most like to sit opposite in a restaurant this evening?  
Tina Beale, Swansea.

My Nanny John who is dead.

What's your best chat up line?  
Alice Udsforth, Wembley, Middlesex.

It used to be "You're next" (whispered).

What is your biggest insecurity?  
Brendan McCartney, Coventry.

It's taken me all of five minutes to fail to come up with a reply. I don't think I have any.

How many times a day do you shave?  
Claire Russell, Cotswolds.

I shave about twice a week.

Don't those young, pretty boys from Blur make you feel depressed about your looks?  
Jo Barber, South Croydon.

No.

Next week: columnist and author, Julie Burchill. Please send any questions you would like to put to her to: You Ask The Questions, Features, The Independent, 1 Canada Square, Canary Wharf, London E14 5DL, by fax on 0171-293 2182; or e-mail to: yourquestions@independent.co.uk by lunchtime on Friday 10 July.





Alan Armstrong and Yvonne McCready celebrate their engagement on the police lines at Drumcree

David Rose

## Alan asked Yvonne to marry him, kissed her, then shouted: 'No Surrender!'

There's a new generation of Orangemen. And they don't all wear bowler hats. By Kim Sengupta

Petrol bombs were flying at a dozen skirmishes on Monday night. Shots had been fired at the police, and a thousand loyalists were laying siege to Mo Mowlam's residence at Hillsborough. In Belfast and London, politicians appeared to be impotent to solve the impasse at Drumcree which was threatening Ulster's fragile new peace.

There, at nine o'clock outside the parish church, in front of the barrier of metal, concrete and barbed wire put up to prevent the Orange Order marching down the Catholic Garvaghy Road, Alan Armstrong proposed to his fiancée Yvonne McCready. He kissed her, and the crowd cheered. Mr Armstrong then celebrated his forthcoming marriage by raising his clenched fist and shouting "No surrender!" This time the cheers were deafening. On the adjacent field a lambie drum, a symbol of proud Protestantism, beat out an insistent role of defiance. Police helicopters circled overhead.

Mr Armstrong is 35. His future bride is 18. He was wearing a T-shirt, jeans and rings through his ears and eyebrows. Among him and his friends there was not a bowler hat or rolled up umbrella in sight. There were however, plenty of the orange sashes that their fathers wore, and they proudly wear now.

The Loyal Orange Institution has repackaged itself in recent years. Its senior members insist it has evolved with the time. Its critics claim this is just a facade, the organisation remains committed to the maintenance of Protestant supremacy, and holds on to basically the same tenets it did when it was founded in 1795.

To many of their fellow citizens of the United Kingdom, the Orangemen remain a curious, anachronistic and mildly amusing white tribe. Yet it is this Orange Order, with its insistence on one of its seemingly quaint traditions, the walk down the Garvaghy after a church service, that has caused the biggest political crisis in Northern Ireland since the referendum. All this may well prove rather confusing to the average man in Islington.

On the Orange Order's Internet web site "What is an Orangeman?" is answered by "A Protestant...upholding the Protestant principle of freedom of conscience for all...a good neighbour...a gentleman respecting the sanctity of women and defending their rights." It denies its parades are anti-Catholic, "it is well to emphasise that all other faiths, including the Roman Catholic, enjoy equally the same freedoms that Orangemen celebrate each July".

But the rules for membership are quite clear. To qualify, a candidate must satisfy the Master that he was born to Protestant parents, assure the Order that he "is not, and never was, a Roman Catholic or Papist." Law number four states "any member dishonouring the institution by marrying a Roman Catholic shall be expelled."

David Trimble, Northern Ireland's recently elected First Minister is an Orangeman. He has been denying, in strangely ambiguous terms, that he has threatened to resign if the Orange Order is not allowed to walk down Garvaghy Road.

On Monday night Jeffery Donaldson, his former friend, erstwhile deputy and ally who is said to covet his position arrived at the church. He

too is an Orangeman and feels they suffer from an unfair image problem. "People in England tend to stereotype the Orange Order", he said.

"It has evolved, it is a responsible organisation which wants to get on with its lawful business. We all hope this problem will be resolved."

But when and how? "I can't tell you I'm afraid. I am a politician, not a prophet." With that he went off for a television interview.

"He is a politician, much more than an Orangeman", chuckled a tall elderly man. "We must beware of politicians who try to use us. I don't blame Jeffery, he just suffers from overwhelming ambition. He went for the No campaign in the referendum because he thought he would end up as the leader of a united No party."

Colin Smith, a retired engineer.

One man declares: 'Red, white and blue are the colours of the Bible'

went on. "Me, I voted yes in the referendum. Protestants and Catholics will have to get on with each other if we are to make any progress. And the Catholics on the Garvaghy Road will have to let us use that road for 20 minutes on one Sunday a year. This is not about politics, it is about civil rights. How would you feel if you were not allowed to walk down a street in London?"

Herbie Anderson, a 56-year-old farmer says he will have no compunction about breaking the ban on the walk. "They can't keep these barriers up for ever. We shall have our

chance sooner or later. It will take us just an hour to get several thousand people together and then we shall complete our march."

There is a sense of bewilderment and betrayal at what many see as their loyalty to the British crown being flung back with contempt on their faces. Robert Ellis said: "I suppose one feels angry that we are not wanted. A lot of young people volunteered, fought and died for Queen and country. We just feel we deserve a little better than this."

As the evenings fall, the fields of Drumcree are full of tents and cars. Beyond the barbed wire and the ditch are the silent lines of police, troops and armoured cars.

The air is full of the smell of frying sausages but the atmosphere is more one would imagine a medieval fair to have been like, with drums and trumpets of various bands who have come to show their support.

In the evenings there is also a subdued but distinct sense of unease and, to some, menace. The Irish television channel RTE would not send their crews into the Orange lines after dark, and journalists from Dublin also tend to leave as the day ends. In the darkness, young men wearing T-shirts of the illegal Loyalist Volunteer Force, responsible according to the police for a series of sectarian murders of Catholics, move among the crowds. It is also the time when you hear the most anti-Catholic sentiments.

About 25 years ago there began a transfer of population along the Garvaghy Road, with Protestants moving out and Catholics moving in. "That's when the trouble started" said Alex who'd rather not have his surname published.

"The Catholics just let the area run down and down. They also imported crime in a big way. Most of them are into social security frauds, what they can't get from fraud, they steal." His wife Joan, a smiling motherly woman, said: "These people, I hate to say, but they breed like rabbits. That's the plan, we shall soon be the minority. Then they can hold another referendum and get their United Ireland."

Roy Cookson added: "This country has been built by the industry of the Scots-Irish. All this will be ruined, these people are into handouts, they don't know what it's like to build something out of nothing through hard work."

Another man declares "Red, white and blue are the colours of the Bible. That is why all the Northern European countries have these colours on their flags. To get other colours you have to go to the flags of the heathen countries." The man's name disconcertingly is Brown.

What of the future? Alan, who became engaged to Yvonne at the barrier, is clear in his views: "It is our right to walk wherever we want to. They have no right to stop us. There will be no compromise. Linking her arm through his, Yvonne says: "We have been pushed around for long enough it's only natural we should make a stand."

A stall next to the Drumcree church sells loyalist memorabilia and souvenirs. There are William of Orange tea-towels and cassettes with songs about Michael Stone, the Milltown cemetery killer. But the most popular item, which has rapidly sold out is a baby's bib saying "Born to walk the Garvaghy Road."

## THE IRRITATIONS OF MODERN LIFE



4. SUMMER SALES  
By KAREN KRIZANOVICH, AGONY AUNT

THE SUMMER sales fill me with loathing. Not that I have anything against saving money. I love a real bargain as much as the next jerk, er, shopper. In my mind, the sales drop us screaming into the devil's underpants and leave us struggling to find a way out. You don't save money; you are shopping in hell.

We are lulled into thinking that the shops are doing us a favour by marking everything down. The ads in the papers cry "Fifty per cent off! Bargains galore! Free money!" How can we forget all the times these shops have taunted us with items Elton John couldn't afford?

I saw a jacket the other day that cost more than my car. Granted, it was larger and prettier than my car, but really. OK, I will admit that I would have sold my children (if I had any) for that jacket. This is the kind of sickness the summer sales tap into.

"Doing the sales" is the modern day equivalent of "going to the Crusades". You don't know if you'll ever come back but it is your God-given right to get exactly what you want for less. You will shop until victory. Or death: the store refuses your credit card in front of God and everybody.

Expert shoppers, like the knights, sport armour, with no regard for aesthetics. Women wear leggings and skinny rib tops so that they can change, shamelessly and painlessly, in public. No changing room queues for them. Meanwhile, the rest of us keep our wallets in our brassieres to prevent friendly pickpockets from taking our credit cards and eat endless chocolate to keep up that feeling of heady excitement throughout the day.

So we dress up like cat burglars, but for what exactly? I once spent a whole day trawling around a department store (which shall remain nameless as I still harbour hurt feelings), marking the location of everything I wanted. The next day, I waited dutifully for the shop to open. Sprinting through the rooms, I couldn't find anything I'd seen the day before. They had hidden all the good stuff. I bought £150 of stuff I didn't need and left in a huff.

One hears stories of great bargains. "I found this," says she, pointing to a perfect

cashmere cardigan, "in the sales, marked down to £10." "This shirt," says another, "was a two-for-one. Buy one shirt for £5 and get another free." "See this silk blouse?" says the third. "They PAID ME to take this silk blouse."

This is all propaganda, urban myth, outright lies. In the sales, your size no longer exists. What's left are the teeny tiny things or the Clydesdale sizes. Little known fact: circus folk always wait for the sales. If you do see something you like, usually someone else already has it. No one has yet worked out the proper etiquette for asking another shopper for something she's trying on in one of the hot communal changing rooms. "May I try that on after you?" comes out as, "Gimme that, you skinny bitch!". It's the heat that makes us tell the truth.

Few people know that Prozac was invented specifically for the summer sales. No wonder, when getting to the racks is like mountaineering over human flesh. Once there, those with the longest arms and the sharpest elbows get the best gear. This is not the time for finer feelings: the woman who grabbed that top I wanted did time. I could tell by her tattoo.

Found something you want, have you? Time to confront the special sales clerks. These are SAS-trained mercenaries who follow the summer sales all over the globe and they aren't about to take any guff from you.

"I would like a further discount," I overheard a lady say politely. "This garment has an ink stain." "It's an AS IS sale," spat the burly cashier. The small cigarillo dangling from her thin, cracked lips. I was too frightened to ask where the loos were after that.

The summer sales deserve our hatred because they pretend to be something they're not. If you shop enough, you'll see that stores have sales all the time. Christmas, Easter, St Swithins Day or one of those awful Better Than Closing Down sales, you've got to remember those stores are gagging for your hard-earned pound.

My advice? Treat the summer sales as if they were a group of men in a sports car. You mustn't look: that's what they want.

Who will pay the price for female success? Husbands, children or their less well-educated contemporaries? By Yvonne Roberts

## You're on the way up. Just don't have children

DO YOU find yourself increasingly mad about women? Are you growing more and more alarmed by what appears to be the unstoppable transformation of females from the weaker to the vastly overcompensated sex? Then - at first glance - two reports in the past week will not have eased your temper.

The first, published by the London Research Centre, announced that women now make up half London's workforce. Many are concentrated in the service sector, in careers such as lawyers and accountants. So, while male employment has dropped by 5 per cent, the female workforce has grown by 2 per cent. "Women are white-collar winners in top job stakes", read the headline in the *Evening Standard*.

The second report, sponsored by Tesco for the pressure group Women in Journalism (WJ), announced yet another first. If you are young, gifted, female and in newspapers, you are likely to be earning significantly more than your male colleague. Women under the age of 35 earn an average annual salary of £32,000 compared with £25,000 for their male colleagues. In historical milestones, this is akin to Eve giving the forbidden fruit back to Adam and telling him to eat his own apple.

There is, of course, a less florid interpretation. That is that some

women, a minority of women, have learned to operate the system as one of the boys. And good for them - while it lasts. But where does that leave almost half of working women who don't work full time and who lack sufficient qualifications? And what happens to the female high flyers once they stop becoming one of the lads and step into what too many employers regard as the Oh no! Zone - motherhood?

In 1996, Shirley Dex and Heather Joshi conducted a study into employment after childbearing. What they discovered is that so long as qualified women zipped rapidly back to work, they are "less likely to suffer occupation downgrading and more likely to retain their employment benefits". Note the tentative use of the word "likely". In contrast, unqualified women face casualised contracts, few fringe benefits and less security. Once they have children, most switch to part-time work.

One in three professional mothers works full-time compared with one in 50 among the unskilled. Female part-time workers earn around 60 per cent of the average full-time male worker's wage. In addition, they face greater poverty in old age through lack of pension cover or contributions. So, we have the bottom 40 per cent of women who not only have to contend with the gender gap,



Diane Keaton in the film 'Baby Boom'. Will children pay the price of their mothers' success?

they also face the great educational divide which, over the years, is gradually splitting the sisterhood into first and second class steerage. Hardly progress.

Of course, female high flyers enjoy fat salaries and lots of kudos.

Fifty women now earn more than a million a year, compared to 14 four years ago. That kind of success is sure to escalate. But at a price. The price is that some women are opting out of motherhood because they fear the impact on their career tac-

cording to a study in childlessness published today by the Rowntree Trust. Others have children but continue, as many men always have done, to marginalise their families. The solution for many is a female one. Women gave up paid work, or

they join the part-time ghetto, or they trim their ambition. So, does Disgruntled of Tunbridge Wells really have cause to be mad about women - or should he be mad, even spitting furious, at the system which rewards both men and women only if they abdicate responsibility for the less material aspects of parenthood?

It's a system which the feminism I signed up for vowed to change for the betterment of all - not to learn to run with more ruthless aplomb than the lads.

Three cast members are missing from this saga. The first is children - whose needs have yet to win centre stage either in New Labour's Back to Work drive. The other two are employers and the government.

New Labour is espousing the virtues of good childcare as a means of producing happy, rounded offspring. That also means acknowledging that family and work life have to achieve a balance. A ministerial group on the family, headed by Home Secretary Jack Straw, is considering such dilemmas. In a couple of weeks, the National Family and Parent Institute also opens its doors. But what will be the employers' role?

Employers could change the culture of the workplace overnight. Why not, for instance, a child care levy on all big businesses? In Britain, less than 2 per cent of employers

offer childcare, while parents meet over 95 per cent of costs. Elsewhere in Europe, according to the Daycare Trust, the split is more likely to be divided into thirds - employee, government and employer.

It's not just about resources, it's also about the structure of work; flexi-time, term-time working, job share, retraining. And the attitudes that prevail. Going home at a reasonable time is not as scary, once the boss makes it a normal practice.

Even if it did become easier for a woman to continue her career as well as fulfil her role as a mother, even if the unqualified part-time worker was better valued - one more earthquake would have to occur. Traditionally women stayed at home with the children because men earned more. This is less the case. A decade ago, one in fifteen women earned more than their male partner. Now it is one in five. Acquiring a healthier blend between work and home and children has to become a male as well as a female responsibility.

The more men who remain at home or who learn to tailor their career, the value of what is now still termed "mothering" will soar - and the better for all.

Mad about women? Or mad enough to start pressing for the changes that count?



# Dancing all the way to the bank

Lilian Hochhauser is in the business of filling opera houses, but playing safe with ballet billing can only get you so far. By Louise Levene

Some idiot once said that there is no such thing as bad publicity. Tell that to the Royal Opera House. Daily horror stories about resignations and sackings coupled with the withering analysis of Gerald Kaufman and Richard Eyre have convinced the paying public that those in charge of Covent Garden couldn't run a bath.

Forward planning has not been a strong point. They knew the Opera House was closing. So how come they ended up playing to thin houses at the Shaftesbury Theatre and the Hammersmith Apollo? The Royal Ballet rather fancied the Coliseum for summer '98. Fat chance. The impresario Victor Hochhauser has virtually had a season ticket for the Coliseum's summer months since 1970, bringing over the Kirov, the Bolshoi and the American Ballet Theatre.

"We do have this lien on the theatre," says Lilian Hochhauser. "We've been almost in residence there for 30 years." But all was not lost. There were no Russians coming this year so a deal was struck and the Royal Ballet climbed into bed with the private sector in return for a flat fee. This meant that Mrs Hochhauser, not Sir Anthony Dowell, got to choose the ballets.

Mrs Hochhauser has very firm ideas about what the public will and won't buy. She's very wary of *Giselle*. The romantic love tragedy has been a vehicle for some of the greatest ballerinas who ever lived, but it can be the kiss of death at the box office. "The dancers love it, critics love it but the ending is sad, the composer isn't widely known and the public has never turned out in large numbers for it." Basically, what they want is *Swan Lake* and plenty of it. And Mrs Hochhauser is not the woman to deny them.

"The Tchaikovsky ballets are the thing - I wish he'd written a fourth really. This firm belief in the pulling power of Peter Ilyich means that both *Swan Lake* and *Sleeping*

*Beauty* are on the menu during the Royal Ballet's Coliseum season. And both are selling well. What hasn't been selling so fast is the triple bill. You suspect that in her heart of hearts Mrs Hochhauser is not a big believer in triple bills. "They don't attract the public." So why did she let the Royal Ballet have one? "I didn't choose it but here was a moment when they wanted to do what they wanted to do and I know when I'm beaten."

Lilian's involvement with the Royal Ballet will be even greater now that she has been appointed to Covent Garden's Ballet Board. This is a nebulous gathering of the dance-minded arts professionals that meets several times a year in some sort of advisory capacity - although quite what Richard Jarman, the current artistic director of the Royal Opera House, will do with all this advice is anyone's guess.

Mrs Hochhauser is suitably proud and humble at her appointment. "I think I've become some kind of ballet expert over the years and I joined with alacrity, but there are and will be problems."

If she had been on board earlier what advice would she have given to help the Royal Ballet through the ill-fated season at Hammersmith? She pulls a face. Handsome Hampstead ladies in Armani suits like Mrs Hochhauser don't really do Hammersmith. "You were in tears by the time you got there."

OK, so the Apollo was the venue from hell, but did that make it unmarketable? You can, practically hear her adding-machine-like brain ticking over as she makes the best of the problem she's been set. She responds almost instantly and her solutions are an invigorating draught of neat common sense: "I would have spent more on newspaper advertising. I place a lot of my trust in newspaper advertising. She has very little faith in the mailing list as a sales tool. "Lists are extremely costly. It's OK if you have a list of people who are specifically interested in that company, that rep,



Peter Abegglen takes a leap into the private sector in the Royal Ballet's 'La Bayadère'

Laurie Lewis

but very often these lists are quite general." In the event the Royal Ballet was using its mailing list to offload unsold tickets. "The prices were too high for that place." Ticket offers of any kind are anathema to her - they prove that you got it wrong. "Discounts create a lot of ill will with people who've paid full price."

Mrs Hochhauser knows that dance doesn't sell itself and her long experience of the market makes her very dubious about the whole idea of a "dance house" for London. "I think it's a very bad idea. I know what it is to fill the Coliseum for five weeks let alone 52. I just don't see the point of it."

Mrs Hochhauser's doggedly unimaginative approach has served her well, but she is firmly in the business of giving people what they want and expect. She doesn't like taking risks and her long experience in the subsidised sector seems to make her incapable of imagining the audience you might get if you offered it something totally new at prices it could easily afford.

Is she absolutely sure a dance house couldn't be made to work? Think of the audiences you could attract with the likes of New York City or Paris Opera Ballet. Mark Morris. Pina Bausch... Mrs Hochhauser smiles indulgently. "When you're in the ballet world these things are very meaningful but it's not so with the general public. If you put Pina Bausch on at the Coliseum you'd be lucky if you had half a house."

It's depressing, it's unimaginative but it's a very professional attitude and it contrasts bracingly with the - go on, say it - rather amateur approach often seen at Covent Garden. The Royal Opera House has a lot to learn from this hard-headed way with audiences and budgets, but they shouldn't sign up for the whole course. The Hochhausers have served ballet and the ballet-going public splendidly over the past 40 years but they exist principally to make money. Ultimately Covent Garden exists to make art.

Royal Ballet, London Coliseum, to 1 Aug (0171-632 8300)

## Just a knockout

OPERA  
PUNCH AND JUDY  
CHELTENHAM FESTIVAL  
OF MUSIC



Punch is a demented Everyman Marilyn Kingwill

THE CHELTENHAM Festival of Music has its share of premieres this year but, as a composer himself, artistic director Michael Berkeley knows that new work needs not only a first performance, but a revival, and preferably many more to follow. He decided that this year's festival should open with Music Theatre Wales's new staging of Harrison Birtwistle's *Punch and Judy*, first performed at the 1978 Aldeburgh Festival, when Benjamin Britten and Peter Pears famously left early. There were early departures at Cheltenham too, but by and large, the audience remained attentive to an intelligent staging, well-sung and beautifully played.

Which is not to say there were no problems. In a lengthy programme note, librettist Stephen Pruslin says he and Birtwistle saw *Punch and Judy* as "an opera about opera". Thirty years ago, that may have been desirable, but now, with new opera all but dying on its feet, opera must be much more than that. Pruslin's libretto is wordy, poetic in a preeningly mannered style, and the narrative structure, too, is overly elaborate, with a sequence of Melodramas, Passion Chorales and Quests looking sound on paper, but less clear on stage, where the heavy symbolism becomes obscure.

Birtwistle saw musical drama then, as now, as a cycle of obsessively repeated rituals, and there's no doubt that Pruslin's libretto fired his imagination. In Michael McCarthy's production, the ensemble of 14 players is onstage, agent as well as commentator of the drama. Simon Banham's set is dominated by a huge frame which also functions as a gibbet for Punch's multiple murders. Through the frame we see the orchestra, and beyond that, Punch from time-to-time rides his cock-horse in search of Pretty Polly.

Polly herself, bravely sung by Nicola-Jane Kemp, is all crazy coloratura, and hence dressed in canary yellow. More doll than person, she allows some kind of redemption, but one made hollow by the distancing commentary of narrator, Choregos (the superb Jeremy Huw Williams), here a ringmaster intent on control and obedience. If Judy (Carol Rowlands) is little more than a cipher, a

Further performances: 11 July, Queen Elizabeth Hall, London (0171-960 4242); 28 July, Aberystwyth Arts Centre (01970 623332)

## Decibels, death riffs and howling despair

EXTREME NOISE Terror once machine-gunned a Brit Awards audience with blanks. Tonight they must be feeling lenient. They just regale us with death riffs and blast beats, and in-between "songs" complain sympathetically about the price of tickets (£12). The cost explains why the arena is only half full. A softer band would shrivel at the sight of all that space.

The burly peroxide frontman, Dean Jones, vomits a roar he somehow sustains track after track. It's hard to tell them apart but that doesn't matter - grindcore is about relentless, rather than texture. Leave that to ambient.

ENT skulk about, rather than dance. Boring, you might say. But their demeanour leads them conviction. They manifestly believe in their act, which removes the need to hype it up - no Damon Albarn leaps.

The drummer, Was, (ex-Cradle of Filth) keeps the beat with venomous dedication. ENT pretty much live up to their name. Extreme noise they give. For that reason each steward is equipped with a pair of yellow earplugs. But it would take more than cement to block the din. It seems to rock every cell in your body.

It's certainly dangerous but not quite terrifying. Then again, the Devil would have trouble inspiring that emotion in the Queen Elizabeth Hall. Well done, ENT. Follow that, Meltdown.

### MELTDOWN

EXTREME NOISE  
TERROR  
ROYAL FESTIVAL HALL  
LONDON

down of Control, billed to perform an "epic Japanese spectacular". They match ENT for brutality but differ in their spaced-out quality, which wins them heckling and accusations of tripping from the ENT fans. But unfazed Meltdown mix Tangerine Dream-style ocean roar with howls of despair and "Blue Monday" drum machine. Guitar keening, the singer struts bendily all over the stage and then, apparently tiring of that, lets out a high-pitched roar. And holds it.

The sound calls to mind an abattoir saw. It's getting too much but now comes a moment which lightens things up: a spidery, half-naked Jesus hauls himself onto the stage, and crawls towards the singer, waving his arms. The whole audience seems to crane forward. You can almost hear them thinking, this looks juicy. Then, with one hand, a bouncer yanks the dissident out of the spotlight and drags him into the shadows. A minute later Jesus is back, propped in his seat. Meltdown go into overdrive. They slam a sheet of copper against a speaker, and stab the keyboard frantically. As if to kill it. As if it once had been implicated in melody.

DAVID WILSON

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# Goodbye to the gingham set

The choreography for *Oklahoma!* has always been off-limits. Only one person could be trusted to change it – Susan Stroman. By David Benedict



**I**t's just something about this show. There's been a lot of laughter in rehearsals. I think Trevor Nunn is smiling more than he has in a long time," says Susan Stroman. And with good reason. Not only is he helming *Oklahoma!*, one of the most revolutionary musicals of all time, but he's got choreographer Stroman on board.

This 40-something woman from Wilmington, Delaware, single-handedly reminded Broadway (and London) of the power of dance with audiences and critics going nuts over her electrifying work on the revamped Gershwin musical, *Crazy For You*, which exploded on to Broadway six years ago. It happened again at London's Prince Edward Theatre and on a year-long tour. That same theatre is now hosting Hal Prince's grand revival of the ground-breaking *Show Boat*. Its second act is famously problematic, with a climax which almost never has real emotional weight. This time, a cunningly integrated new dance sequence lifts the temperature and propels you to the finish. The choreographer? Stroman, of course.

In this country, the composer/lyricist team of Rodgers and Hammerstein is probably best known for the sugary, precision-engineered *The Sound of Music*. Back home, they're the guys behind *Oklahoma!*, the musical which, dance-wise, broke the mould, making Stroman the dream choice to take it on. So much so that the normally wary Rodgers and Hammerstein estate have virtually laid down and played dead.

In half a century, no professional production has ever been allowed to mess with Agnes de Mille's original choreography. It was her first Broadway show – she'd been fired from two others – and the first Rodgers and Hammerstein collaboration, but it made everyone's names and smashed records. No-one before de Mille had ever used dance to such dramatic effect. Without it, we might never have had Bernstein's *On the Town*, let alone *West Side Story*. Not only did de Mille use dance to flesh out character and mood, but she dared to close the first act on a 15 minute ballet dramatising the fantasies and fears of Laurey, the central character.

The estate has given the cre-



Susan Stroman (above left) was given carte blanche with her *Oklahoma!* (above), which bears little resemblance to the original production  
Laurie Lewis (above and above left)

ative team carte blanche. This tends to happen when Stroman's around. She had the same freedom with Jerome Kern's music on *Show Boat*, and before that on Gershwin's *Crazy For You*. "I think I have a track record in developing music for dance without being sacrilegious," she says, modestly.

Had she been offered the project in the USA, she probably wouldn't have done it. "It's so done there. Americans still romanticise the West but Trevor is going back to what it was really like in 1905. Americans want red bandannas, gingham skirts and flowers in their hair."

The combination of the National and Nunn was the attraction. "Trevor talked about his vision of it in a way I had never heard. He's gone back to the original play, *Green Grow the Lilacs*, and interpolated some of the dialogue, and David Krane has come up with entirely new dance arrangements. It's as if we're doing it for the first time."

It's certainly tougher than its reputation as a corry 'girl-gets-the-right-guy' show would suggest. Ok-

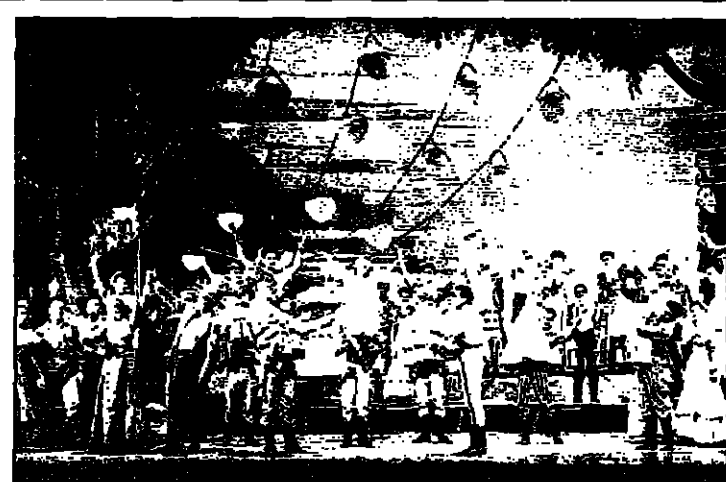
lahoma was about to become a state and the text deals with the social change and how it affects the "territory folks" who are living together and staking claims on the land. "When I met Trevor, he said the most important line in the show was Aunt Eller singing 'I don't say I'm no better than anybody else/But I'll be damned if I ain't just as good!' That kind of sums up the way people felt. It really sums up *Oklahoma!*"

Most choreographers begin when their dancing days are numbered but Stroman knew that choreography was what she wanted to do from the word go. "Even when I was very small, I visualised music. Whether it was classical or rock 'n' roll or an old standard, I would always imagine hordes of people dancing in my head. It's almost an obsession." She studied piano and guitar but has been dancing all her life.

Yet what really distinguishes her is her dedication to theatre. "Dance is an affirmation of life. People really connect with it when they see it but in a musical it has to be believable. If you can't work it in properly then

it will be, as you say, 'naïf'. Musicals of the Twenties and Thirties had 'star turns'. You could stop everything for Ethel Merman to sing 'I Got Rhythm' and if it had nothing to do with anything then that was fine. But modern audiences have a more cinematic eye. Dance has to move the plot."

Finding the cast, all of whom have to be actor/singer/dancers, took forever but the result is, that instead of having dancers take over as the leads in the crucial dream ballet, the same performers do everything. "Today's audience won't take Laurey dreaming about a chorus boy we've never seen before." Another typically character-driven rethink is the girls' number, 'Many a New Day'. Traditionally this features them in bloomers doing four *Swan Lake* steps and leads more critical-minded viewers to wonder how slow-poke cowmen and farmers managed to send their daughters to ballet school. Stroman and Nunn have gone for realism. "It's more like pioneer women talking about these men."



Despite the visceral thrill of her most vivid recreations, Stroman's first love is new work. Her collaborations with Kander and Ebb led her to workshop their *Kiss of the Spider Woman* towards the beginning of her career. They've worked together since, but it wasn't a happy experience and she never did the full show. Nevertheless, she learned something from the workshop. "When you're young you need to be able to speak out with any idea.

Even if it's silly it will spark an idea in a senior collaborator's brain. It's about not being intimidated by the track record of your collaborators. That was very early for me and I was working with the best." It's seven years later and this time she's got figures like Nunn and designer Anthony Ward surrounding her, but she's wised up. She laughs loudly. "I have a big old mouth now. Even if it doesn't come out right, it's out there."

## HANDS OFF! WHEN LITERARY ESTATES PLAY TOUGH

Those entrusted with looking after literary estates can be ferocious in their zeal, and Samuel Beckett has probably enjoyed the best protection. Four years ago, his nephew and heir, Edward, who had once previously halted an all-female production of *Waiting for Godot*, took issue with a version of *Footfalls* at the Garrick. The director, Deborah Warner, and the actress, Fiona Shaw (pictured below), came a cropper when they attempted to fiddle about with Beckett's



stage directions for the 1976 production, which featured his thespian muse, Billie Whitelaw, and consisted of a 20-minute dialogue – which was originally a radio play – between the repressed, obnoxious May (Shaw) and her unseen, dying or dead mother.

"I as a theatre practitioner appear to be a better friend to Beckett than the estate. These plays are not museum pieces," said Warner when permission for a planned French tour was withdrawn.

"She will not be doing Beckett again," Schmidt supposedly said, though a few days later he wrote a letter to the papers denying that Warner had been excommunicated. The French tour was still off, he said, but she could direct his uncle's work in the future ("and I personally hope that she does," he added) – as long as she stuck to the stage directions.

Executors are not always so obstructively protective. Michael Grandage, producer of Bernard Shaw's *The Doctor's Dilemma* at the Almeida, feared a similar experience to Warner, but had the reverse experience: "I rang up Michael Holroyd [of the Shaw estate] and said, 'There are a couple of cuts I'd like to make, but I understand it's not possible...' But he immediately said, 'No, please, please... we need to make these plays live for now.'"

JULIA WERDIGIER

## Don't make a drama out of a tragedy

ZEITGEIST THEATRE company's *The Galtzian Jewess* is one of the most engrossing and affecting pieces I have seen on the fringe in a long while. Yet applying the usual critical standards, Brigitte Schwaiger's monologue, translated by Penny Black, is no great shakes. The language is unremarkable, the turns of phrase inert, and in terms of structure, this account of a young Jewish woman's struggle to survive and rootless wanderings in Poland during the Second World War is episodic and rambling.

The production nevertheless derives considerable power from its authenticity: the play is based on a biography of a Polish Jew named Eva Deutsch, who managed to pass herself off as a Roman Catholic and escape the gas chamber. On stage, the bald descriptions of the inhuman punishment meted out to Jews following the Ger-

man invasion sound like verbatim transcriptions of still searing memories – it is the documentary detachment, the refusal to make a neat drama out of a real tragedy, that allows the audience to respond to the complexities of this particular case history. It's impossible to divide those who collaborated with the Nazis and destroyed Deutsch's family, and those who helped her escape, along ethnic or religious lines: unexpected acts of courage came from Roman Catholics; bewildering betrayals from fellow Jews.

"He was a dangerous dog, worse than the Gestapo," Eva says of the Nazi-appointed Jewish policeman who turned in her 13-year-old brother. On an earth-strewn stage, framed against a stark video projection that charts an interminable course through swaying, leafless branches, Katrina Syron plays Eva with a winning grace-under-pres-

## ON THE FRINGE DOMINIC CAVENTISH

sure that never strays into self-conscious heroics. Whether recounting narrow escapes from the German or close shaves with wild boar, Syron tells the story simply, looking her audience squarely in the eye – and in so doing makes a compelling case for this kind of unadorned sequence of memories. The same cannot quite be said for Yes, My Führer, an earlier Schwaiger monologue that now acts as a companion piece. Inspired by the life of her mother, an Austrian, it attempts to show why Hitler made so many *Hausfrauen* go weak at the knees and dares to suggest that not all of them repented their Nazi zeal.

Being picked on at school, abused by her mother – these are some of the

well-rehearsed anecdotes offered by the anonymous woman (Jacqueline Pilton) to explain the allure of the National Socialist collective ego-boost. "You could kill me for being a Nazi, but don't laugh at me," she pleads. Unfortunately, the production prefers the easy laughs afforded by her incongruous cuteness to more painful soul-searching. Recalling going out shopping with her baby, she jokes: "His little arm would shoot right up in the air." Shades of Mrs Merton are the last thing you need when examining one of Hitler's willing executioners.

There is more unnecessary comedy in Brian Blessed's directorial debut – a 50th anniversary tour of The Glass Menagerie. Before you attempt Tennessee Williams's tale of cooped-up ambitions and unhealthy dreams you need to be pretty sure you've found a cast that are up to the accents. The play may be

set in Thirties' St Louis, but after two hours it felt as though we'd been from Jamaica to Dublin and back, via Eton. It's best not to dwell on the set – the junk shop interior, the *Blue Peter*-competition cityscape, or Blessed's little flourishes. Such "tricks" as pumping out the Superman theme-tune prior to the arrival of the gentleman caller who breaks wallflower Laura's heart do not constitute "the magic of theatre" his programme note suggests. Williams "believed in". Only Philippa Peak, whose Laura is as frail and mesmerising as the glass creatures she worships, allowed us to enter a landscape of pained desire.

*'The Galtzian Jewess'* and *'Yes, My Führer'* in rep to Sun, Etcetera Theatre, London NW1 (0171-482 4857); *'The Glass Menagerie'* to 19 Jul, BAC, London SW11 (0171-223 2231)

## DEBUT

THE ALBUM: *Sinead Cusack*  
THE TIME: 1966

THE PLAY: *The Alibi Theatre, Dublin*  
THE ROLE: Everyman's First Love in *'One for the Grave'*



the immortal line, 'Look at that couple in the punt'. Someone in the rehearsals had warned me to be very careful about that line, in case it came out the wrong way round. I told him not to be so disgusting – the thought hadn't entered my head. I was a good convent girl, after all. Well, sure

enough, I committed the spoonerism on the first night, in front of an audience of VIPs. Instead of carrying on, I back-tracked and tried to find my way out of it, by which time the audience were on their feet and roaring. Layde was shaking with laughter. All I can remember is the hot flush of mortification, the sheen of tears across my eyes. I have blotted out everything that happened subsequently – whether the director bolted me, I can't remember. I didn't repeat the mistake, but my card was marked from that moment

on and I was kicked out after three months. I had to go across the water to establish myself.

The episode did traumatise me for quite a while. In fact, it took me years to recover. There has never been anything as bad, but the few times in my career when I have dried, there has been a terror that the problem will become increasingly more difficult to deal with. Somehow you come through it, though, and it doesn't frighten you so much that you never go on stage again. I suppose some part of me must enjoy living on that knife-edge."

Sinead Cusack is currently appearing in *'Our Lady of Shiga'* in rep at the Cottesloe, RNT, London, SE1 (0171-452 3000)

## TELEVISION

'One's admiration for Rosalind's resilience can't really be separated from her strikingly blokeish appearance'

— THE WEDNESDAY REVIEW, PAGE 24

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## CLOTHES LINE



## OUT OF THE CLOSET

JOHN ROCHA SHOWED HIS NEW MENSWEAR COLLECTION IN PARIS ON SATURDAY. IN BETWEEN FITTINGS, HE REVEALS THE ZEN OF T-SHIRTS AND JEANS.

"THE ONE thing I always have is the same T-shirt. I have kept the pattern from about three years ago and make up about a dozen for myself each season. People think I am wearing the same one every day! It fits me very well and the fabric drapes nicely. I get lots of comments like 'John, you lost weight!'"

"From my collection for spring/summer '98, there are two leather jackets I really fancy for myself. There's a concealed one-button blazer and another more casual 'nothing' jacket."

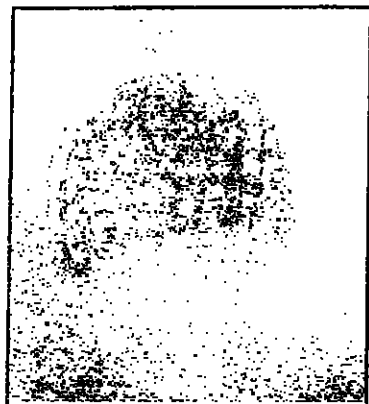
"When I design, I think of my shape, but in terms of how I was at different ages, at 28, 38 and how I will be at 48. I'm

45 now. With my T-shirts, I wear jeans. They're my own jeans - I have six pairs of them made up each season. I get up in the morning and wear the same jeans and the same T-shirt - that way there are no complications. The jeans are a dark blue-black colour. The only item I have to buy is shoes. They are by Yohji Yamamoto. That's my wardrobe - a dozen T-shirts, six pairs of jeans and two jackets for summer and two for winter. I'm also wearing a big gypsy ring and a matching bangle that I designed to go with my watch."

INTERVIEW BY TAMSI BLANCHARD

## HOT THING

NEW DESIGNER EXHIBITION



THE NEW Designer exhibition opens tomorrow at the Business Design Centre in north London. After the summer's degree shows, this is the opportunity to look at new graduates' work and buy it before they are snapped up for the job market. Three thousand graduates will exhibit, with hundreds of stands and work to see and buy, from jewellery to fashion, textiles and furniture.

Two to watch are Juliette Tweedie and Stephen Barnett, whose work is pictured. Juliette is a graduate from the Garment Design course at Glasgow School of Art. Stephen is from the 3-D course at Brighton University, and both are rising stars of the future.

Young graduates often struggle upon entering the commercial market, so this exhibition provides a perfect opportunity for trade and industry to head-hunt for the next Alexander McQueen or Phillippe Starck. The consumer can do this too: a student piece might turn into an investment for the future.

The first exhibition runs on July 9-12 including interior design and product design, as well as jewellery, metalwork, and glass; the second (July 16-19) will feature graphics, illustration, textiles, advertising and fashion.

Tickets are £6. £4 concessions. Inquiries: 0171-359 3535.

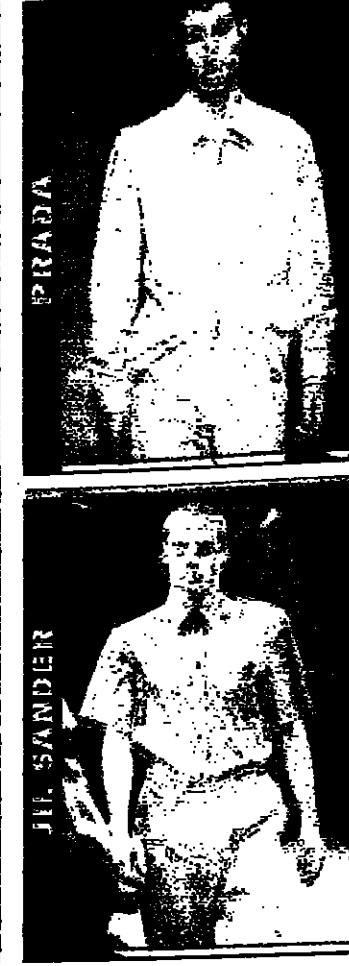
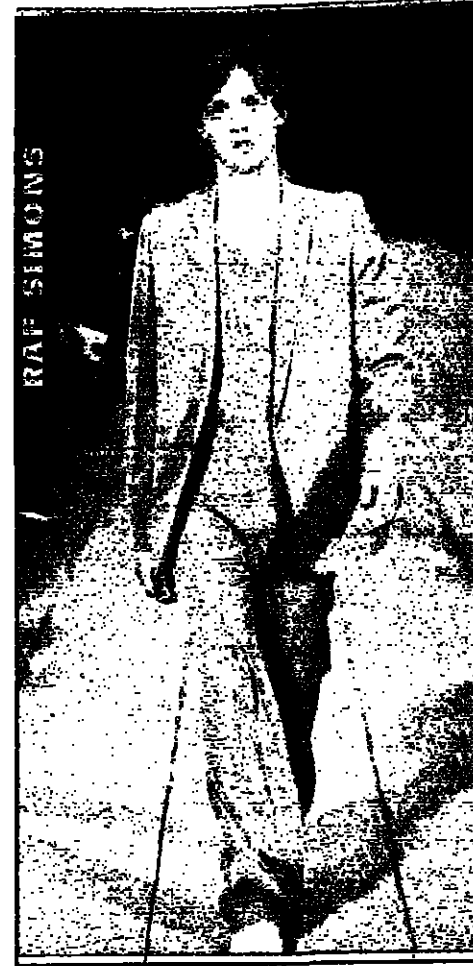
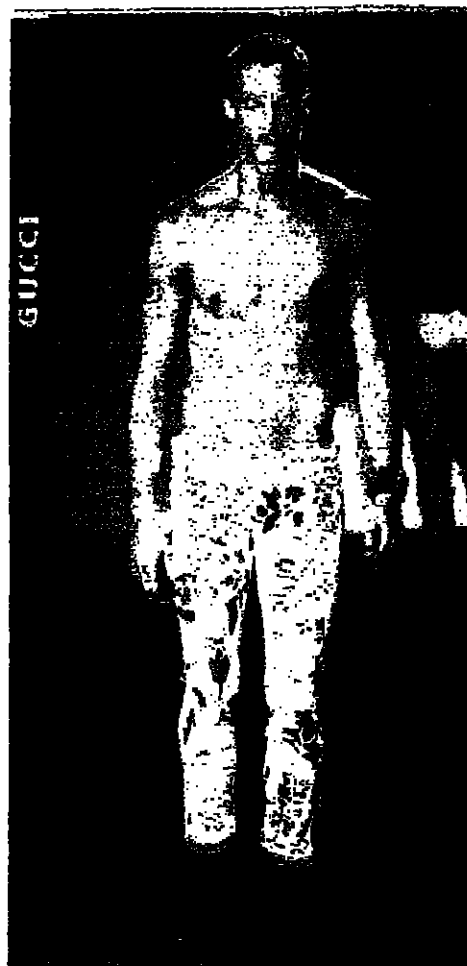
HANNAH HUNTER

## FASHION TYPES



## MENSWEAR

PARIS AND MILAN SPRING 1999



Nick Sullivan of *Arena* and Karen Watson of *Harvey Nichols* select the best of the menswear collections from Milan and Paris. Photographs by Andrew Thomas

## The experts' choice

Nick Sullivan is associate fashion editor at *Arena*. His job is to interpret the trends and looks on the catwalks into magazine pages and fashion pictures to which readers of *Arena* will relate and aspire. In Milan, Prada was a highlight. "The Prada shop is like a supermarket at the moment," he says. He bought two pairs of trousers at the Milan store, because "they're really well cut - they fit really well". In Paris, the collection for Yves Saint Laurent Rive Gauche stole the show along with the modern spectacle of Raf Si-

mons, with hundreds of models marching to the sounds of David Bowie. "The models in the show reached new heights of skinniness," he says.

## Yves Saint Laurent Rive Gauche

"Very high-quality fabric and design. There were great bum freezer jackets - not that anyone actually wears those jackets, but they're a good idea. The collection has been bought by lots of new stores who would never have stocked YSL a few seasons ago because it was so classic."

## Raf Simons

"The cutting and tailoring gets better each season. Simons is offering an alternative to sportswear. He does amazing tailoring - trousers tailored at the waist and double pleated from the knee. No, I wouldn't wear them, but that doesn't stop me from liking them. They're an alternative to combats and trainers - this collection is craft- and skill-based. It is also a very commercial collection."

## Prada

"There was a lot of sportswear mixed in, which is, of course, what

people are wearing. There was a great red nylon hooded cape which looked like a parka. Lots of raw edges and laser-cut sportswear."

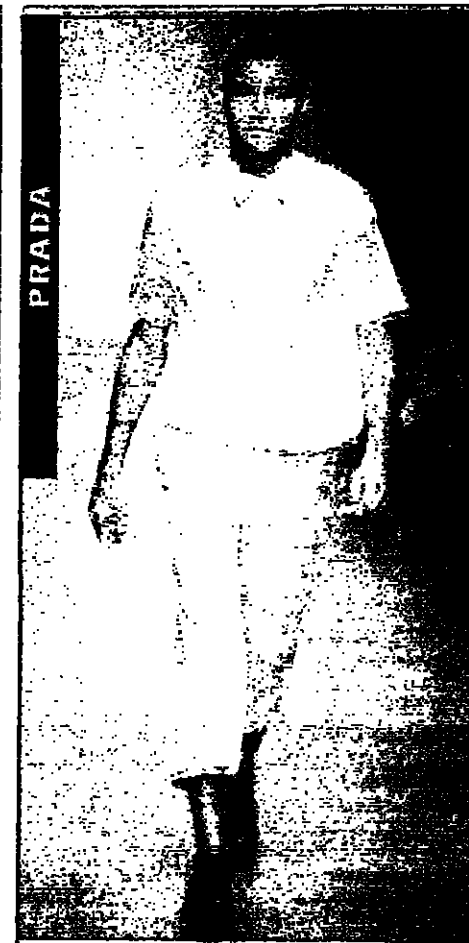
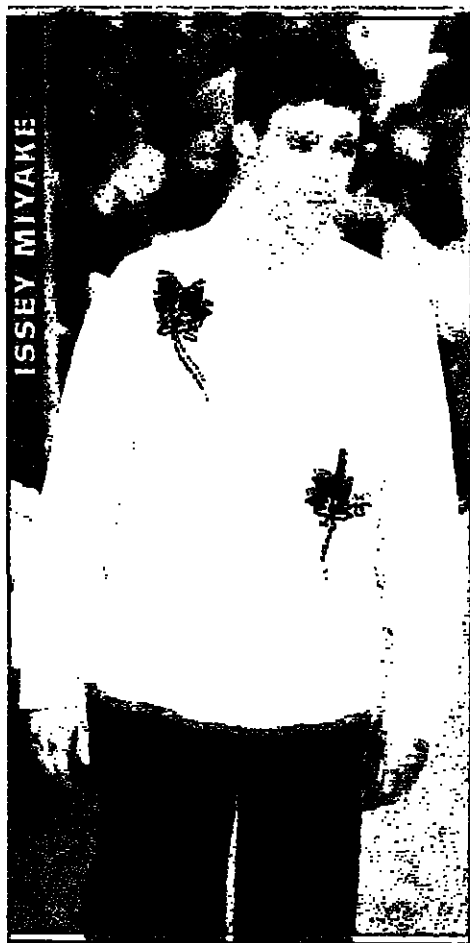
## Gucci

"It was a very good collection. The bit I liked best was the tailoring - jackets worn with black fatigues, slightly gathered at the knee for ease of movement. Tom Ford mixed formal tops with scruffy bottoms. The maddest thing he did was a Neoprene wetsuit printed with tropical fish - it was silly, but I quite liked it. There were also jeans in Seventies

French farmhouse wallpaper and rhinestone-encrusted baggy trousers - Elvis before the last hamburger. They will have a limited market but they are quite good fun."

## Jil Sander

"There were casual chinos with Velcro tabs, gathered trousers with elasticated half backs and a long, thin, neatly tailored leather coat with raw edges. The key shapes were macs and blouses. There was almost no tailoring. Like most of the other designers, Sander is concentrating on sportswear."



Karen Watson, head of buying for menswear at *Harvey Nichols*, returned on Monday from a two-week trawl of the menswear collections in Milan and Paris. The summer '98 collection has only just gone into the sale at the Knightsbridge and Leeds shops, but already Watson is planning the looks that men will want to buy next spring.

"We see things in the showroom that the fashion press don't necessarily see on the catwalk," she says. "The details on a lot of the clothes

were very subtle - you don't really appreciate the fabrics and detailing until you look at the garments close up. Overall, men's clothes for next summer are very relaxed and soft. There is a blurring of the boundaries between what is a shirt, a jacket and a coat." Here, Karen gives us the low-down on the key trends for next spring.

## Dolce e Gabbana

"There was a lot of Pollock-inspired paint splash in the collections in both

Milan and Paris. Dolce e Gabbana was a really commercial collection. This print will make the collection stand out on the rails."

## Raf Simons

"The silhouette of Raf Simons is really important. This was a collection about fantastic trousers. It's a layered look - a leather bomber jacket with cut-off sleeves over a cut-off top worn over really long, wide trousers. It's a bit punk-inspired. Our customers wouldn't wear them

quite that long. They pool over your sport shoes. It's a good, modern look."

## Issey Miyake

"He is the king of the creased and deconstructed - a strong influence for next summer. His crushed fabrics are an easy look and white is a colour men will always wear."

## Prada

"The fabrics were superb and the new Prada Sport collection is a

good way of moving Prada forward. It's a very commercial look - great fabrics and beautiful little details."

## Yves Saint Laurent Rive Gauche

"It was sharp and used all Yves Saint Laurent's past references, like the trench coat, the Smoking jacket. The fabrics are luxurious and drapery. It looks modern but they haven't thrown away the Yves of the past."

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# Watchdog services to merge

Ombudsmen provide justice for the public, but changes to the system are worrying many.

By Iain Morse

GOT A complaint about financial advice received or a savings product you have bought? Go to an Ombudsman. The Ombudsman system is designed to provide free, independent and readily accessible justice for consumers.

The different ombudsmen schemes have common features. They are paid for by industry providers, usually at a flat fee per complaint raised, and regardless of its outcome. Consumers go to the Ombudsman after exhausting the internal complaints procedure of the firm against which they are seeking redress. The Ombudsman's decision is binding on the firm, but complainants can then take their case to a court of law if unsatisfied.

Currently there are six financial services Ombudsmen: for banks, building societies, insurance, investments, pensions and the Personal Investment Authority (PIA), which covers financial advisers and investment firms.

These separate offices are going to be amalgamated into a new super-regulator, the Financial Services Authority, with a single Ombudsman. Not everyone is happy about this change, and has doubts whether it will bring tangible benefits to consumers.

Walter Merricks, the Insurance Ombudsman, cautions: "It will be a major task bringing together six schemes, each with their own dynamic, and the time scale for this remains unclear."

His colleagues are even more uncertain as to the merger's benefits. "One large office will not necessarily be more efficient than six smaller ones," warns the Building Societies' Brian Murphy. "Individually, I believe we are close to the ground, with good knowledge of our respective sectors. This can count for a great deal when matters of discretion - giving the benefit of the doubt - enter into our judgments."

Peter Dean, the Investment Ombudsman, also sees little to recommend the proposed changes. "My office is run with a staff of five and could not be more efficient. The cost of a larger, more bureaucratic office will ultimately be passed on to consumers."

"Because of EC regulations, the new scheme is likely to have quasi-judicial features, exactly what we were set up to avoid. Finally, whatever can be said of financial services regulators, I am not aware that the ombudsman system has failed the public, or had bad publicity."

The case for change rests partly on the ad hoc nature of the current system. Membership of the banking and insurance schemes is voluntary, while the building society scheme is mandatory. The PIA and investment schemes are contractual, but membership is a legal condition of carrying out investment business in the UK.

All ombudsmen can now award the same maximum level of compensation, £100,000, but



If you are in dispute with a financial services provider, the Ombudsmen are there to help

because these schemes were set up separately at different times, their rules may differ. For instance, time limits on mortgage complaints against building societies are shorter than those applying to banks.

The rules of particular schemes can also lead to some controversial outcomes. Since it was set up in 1987, the building society scheme has made its Ombudsman's decisions binding on members unless they exercised the "publicity option". This allows a society, in this case the Skipton Building Society, to avoid making any financial restitution by publishing its reasons in the local and national press.

"It's only happened twice in our history," comments Mr Murphy. "But there is a risk that any

settlement will reflect the fact that the society is no longer bound by my determination and, as a result, that the complainants have no bargaining power."

Cases like this argue for uniformity in the regulation of financial services, which the amalgamation of different ombudsman schemes is intended to achieve.

But the key problem with this lies in the application of the European Convention on Human Rights to the proceedings of the new office. This convention guarantees the rights of those accused to a "fair and public hearing".

If the new scheme must be compulsory and semi-judicial, then applying the convention will mean that proceedings must

be held in public, each side can be legally represented and call witnesses, who will be open to cross-examination.

Ombudsmen view this possibility with horror. "Oral hearings of this kind could take longer than the current system, which is based on written submissions," warns Brian Murphy. "And it may simply deter some members of the public. We must be sure to make the system user-friendly."

Some complaints, while not involving large awards, can be very complex. "Look at what can happen when a small business and their bank argue," observes David Thomas, the Banking Ombudsman. "You can have a situation analogous to a divorce. These can be very difficult to resolve, and a bank may want legal representation."

Of course, ombudsmen will be able to award legal costs as part of their settlement, but what if these exceed the amount of any award? The result could be that only those certain of winning will raise a complaint.

# Their money was going for a song

THE FIXERS



RODDY KOHN

No one wants to believe they will become dependent on the state system

WINE, WOMEN (or men depending on your persuasion) and song. For most of Britain's thirty-somethings this is what a lot of life is all about.

In Howard and Pru's case they certainly enjoy the good things in life. They have each other, at least two holidays abroad every year together, a wine cellar that Malcolm Gluck would die for and money in the bank - about 20 grand to be precise.

It was only because Howard's Dad kept nagging at them to come and see me that they found their way here at all. When they did they left with a shopping list of personal financial issues that the day before had been wrapped in blissful ignorance.

Neither of them had thought about the higher rates of tax their capital on deposit had been incurring unnecessarily.

We were able to establish that £15,000 of their money was not likely to be needed for the next five years. We therefore decided that this money could be invested in a general PEP in HSBC's clever capital secure International Tracker fund.

All this was with the intention of making their capital grow tax efficiently. By itself this could sound a little mundane but what it meant to Howard and Pru was not paying the tax on interest.

Over the next five years this could amount to a whopping £2,250 at current rates of interest. Howard felt this more meaningfully when we translated the benefit into an estimated 37 cases of some very pleasant wine (or about 15 cases of Chateaufort d'Arpe).

With their interest levels having reached fever pitch I decided to explain the more (how

We were able to discuss the fact that - unlike many final salary occupational pension schemes - theirs did not provide an enhanced pension in the event of them suffering long-term illness.

Permanent health insurance would provide an income but only to a maximum of 75 per cent of salary including state benefits.

Even then, the money could not be used to pay pension premiums. Obviously there would be a need to investigate critical illness cover as well to include a total permanent disability clause.

Critical illness policies, I explained, provide a lump sum payment which in this instance we could use to repay the mortgage of £30,000 or be notionally earmarked as part of their retirement funds leaving them the income from the PHI policy for day to day living expenses.

At about £50 per month for both types of cover, the costs can soon outweigh the benefits.

Equally, no one wants to believe the event will actually happen that one day forces them to become dependent on the state system, which we all now know cannot afford us and no longer wants us.

After we got this depressing subject out of the way we could move on to an area infinitely more palatable - death and making a will.

"It almost makes you want to become a financial adviser," said Howard with a wry smile that left me in no doubt how much he and Pru must have been enjoying the meeting.

Roddy Kohn is principal of Kohn Cougar, independent financial advisers in Bristol (0117 9466384)

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Investment Ombudsman: deals with complaints made by investors against firms regulated by the Investment Management Regulatory Organisation (IMRO), such as investment and unit trust managers. Most involve poor administration, such as failure to invest cash received by a firm within a reasonable period. Call 0171-796 3065.

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## Yes, it could happen to you

Spending a little money now could save a great deal of trouble in the future.  
By Tony Bonsignore and Tony Lyons

AS WE celebrate the 50th birthday of the National Health Service, demand for medical care continues to increase inexorably. At the same time, we are also having to learn to rely less on the state to take care of us if we suffer from long-term illness or incapacity.

There are different types of insurance policies available to cover medical treatment, provide an income or lump sum if you suffer from illness or accident that prevents you from working for more than a few weeks, and to provide long-term care. Think of your weekly outgoings, mortgage, direct debits, loans, groceries, leisure activities and other assorted bills. And now think what would happen if your income was suddenly taken away from you because of long-term illness or an accident, and you were forced to live on a fraction of what you currently earn, perhaps as little as £50 a week.

Our natural response is that it could never happen to us. Unfortunately it can and often does. Last year, some 200,000 people were away from work for between six months and a year. More than 750,000 people were away from work for more than three years. The state does little to help. Incapacity Benefit starts at just £48.80 a week, rising to £54.70 after a year. And even this meagre amount is not easy to come by. The qualifying restrictions on the current benefit are far more onerous than its predecessor, Invalidity Benefit. To qualify now you must prove you are unable to do any occupation, not just the one you were doing before you fell ill.

For a few lucky souls, a small but growing band of employers provide automatic insurance for their employees to guard against the threat of long-term illness. Such policies are confusingly called Permanent Health Insurance (PHI).

A stand-alone PHI contract is also available either direct from an insurer or via a financial adviser. Nigel Bourke, an independent adviser in Stockton-on-Tees, says: "Such policies are important for anyone who relies on their earned income. Unless you are one of the

privileged few who get good terms from their employer, you need to think about what happens if you get ill. How will you pay the bills?"

The simplest and most common PHI schemes involve paying a monthly premium to pay you a large proportion of your earnings in the event you fall ill, typically 40 to 75 per cent of your earnings. The payments will continue until either you are well enough to return to work or you retire.

Beyond that, there are a number of different options to consider. The first is to choose how long you are prepared to wait after you fall ill before you start receiving your money. This "waiting period" can be anywhere between 4 and 52 weeks, and this has a big bearing on the price of the premiums. The period chosen

*We think it won't happen to us. It did happen to 200,000 people last year*

should depend upon what other provisions have been made, such as an employer scheme, savings or other insurance. The price and availability of PHI is also dependent on a number of personal factors such as age, sex, job and lifestyle.

Another key factor is how PHI fits in with other insurance, particularly critical illness cover, which pays out a lump sum in the event that you are struck down with a specified serious illness. Many insurers and financial advisers suggest a mix between the two.

The biggest obstacle to getting cover, however, remains one of perception. If you are lucky you will never need to claim on a policy, and you will be paying out money you will never see again. Of course, there is the very real chance you could be one of the unlucky ones.

Tony Bonsignore writes for "Financial Adviser"

## Keep your income healthy

The last thing you need on top of a serious illness is to be worried about making ends meet. But how badly will your income be hit? And how can you protect against fate? By Abigail Montrose

A SERIOUS illness can severely affect your finances as well as your health. You may have to give up work or take a lower paid job which could affect your family and lifestyle. One way to protect yourself against this is to take out critical illness insurance which pays out a lump sum if you are diagnosed as suffering from one of a number of life-threatening illnesses.

This may seem unnecessary but the statistics say otherwise. Every day more than 400 people have a heart attack, of whom over half survive for more than a year, while during the year 120,000 suffer from a stroke and 250,000 develop cancer.

Young and old are affected. The average age of a critical illness claimant is 42, which means a lot of people in their thirties are claiming as well as older people.

This insurance is just as important for people with no dependents as for those with children. If you have no partner bringing in an income, the financial hardship of a serious illness can be severe.

"In fact, critical illness is one of the most important insurances for people on their own," says Martha Catterall a director at financial advisers City Independent. "It is more important than life cover for single people with no financial dependents. It typically costs about one-and-a-half times as much as life cover. But the reason for this is that you are in fact far more likely to suffer from a critical illness than to die before you retire," she says.

Virtually all critical illness insurance policies cover the six core conditions of heart attack, coronary bypass surgery, stroke, cancer, kidney failure and major organ transplants. Between them, these account for 90 per cent of all claims.

Apart from these conditions, the illnesses covered vary between policies. For example, some cover more than 30 specified illnesses. But just because one policy has more illnesses listed than another, does not necessarily mean it is a better contract. More important is the insurer's definitions of conditions, as often one definition may cover several illnesses.

One of the most important is for there to be total and permanent disability (TPD). This should mean you can claim if you are unable to work



Insurance cover may be crucial to protect yourself and your family from the loss of income that a critical illness can cause

because of permanent disability following any serious illness or injury. The best type of TPD cover is for "own occupation" rather than any occupation. This means the policy pays up if you are unable to do your job rather than any work.

"The basic idea behind TPD is that if you get a condition not specified in the policy but which permanently stops you from earning, you will be able to claim under the TPD clause," says Peter Telford of Legal & General. To be able to claim, you must not only be unable to work, you must have no realistic prospect of recovery. So if you claim for a broken leg, you are more than likely to be turned down.

Premiums vary between

providers and are generally based on your age, sex, medical history, job and leisure activities - if either of these is hazardous either expect to pay more for cover.

You can buy critical illness cover either for a set period of time or on a whole of life basis. At Legal & General, for example, a 34-year-old non-smoking male would pay £33.38 a month for £100,000 of cover for 25 years. If the contract was on a whole of life basis so that the man could keep the cover indefinitely, the premiums would be £37.61. If a smoker, the premiums would be around 40 per cent more. The cost of critical illness cover tends to be a couple of pounds lower for women.

A cheaper way is to add it on to another policy. For example, you may have a life assurance policy running alongside your mortgage, so that in the event of your death, your dependents will receive a lump sum which they can use to pay off the mortgage. If our hypothetical 34-year-old was to add critical illness insurance onto this policy, instead of paying £33.38 a month for £100,000 of cover for 25 years, he would pay £29.50.

But there is a down side to having life cover and critical illness cover on one policy. "If you are getting life cover for a loan like a mortgage, having a critical illness rider with life cover makes sense because the loan only has to be paid off once. But if you are buying critical illness to safeguard your family and lifestyle then you should think about having separate policies," says Peter Telford. "That way if you get sick you still have life cover when you most need it."

Mr Telford points out that if you suffer a critical illness you will find it almost impossible to take out any new life insurance and if you do manage to, it will be very expensive. If you already have a separate life assurance policy in place, you will not have this problem.

Critical illness insurance policies vary enormously in terms of cover and premiums. An independent financial adviser will be able to help you find the best policy for your needs.

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## The policy behind PMI

Finding the right private medical insurance is vital. By David Prosser

THE FINAL days of June marked two health-related anniversaries. First, the National Health Service celebrated its 50th birthday. Then, being just one year after Gordon Brown's first Budget, the last few people over 60 still entitled to tax relief on private medical insurance (PMI) premiums lost this valuable tax break.

This coincidence was rather unfortunate. The cash-starved NHS is struggling to cope with the massive demand for its services. PMI covers policyholders for many non-emergency medical conditions, enabling them to by-pass hospital waiting lists, choose particular hospitals or consultants and to enjoy superior hospital accommodation.

Unfortunately, PMI is expensive, particularly if you want anything more than the most basic level of cover. John Neville of PPP Healthcare says: "What you pay for is what you get and that's as true of PMI as anything else". PPP's mid-market policy, for example, would cost a 25-year-old £51.44 a month. If you're 55, you'd pay monthly premiums of £87.37 for the same policy.

Finding the right PMI policy can be tricky. Last month, John Bridgeman, director-general of the Office of Fair Trading, slated medical insurers for packing PMI policies with confusing jargon and unfair opt-out clauses.

While insurers are most often called upon to pay for non-urgent surgical treatment, there are increasing numbers of claims for more serious conditions such as heart disease, kidney problems, cancer and even psychiatric treatment and some plastic surgery.

Some policies are more comprehensive than others. Top-of-the-range will cover you for dental treatment, maternity-related conditions, alternative medicine and sometimes

even opticians' fees. Budget plans offer good value cover but may include some irritating exclusions such as not paying for outpatient treatment.

There are various ways to cut the cost of PMI. Many insurers offer substantial discounts to people prepared to pay policy excesses. At BUPA, by far the largest PMI specialist, a 40-year-old would pay £50.87 a month for comprehensive cover. But if you were prepared to pay the first £500 of any medical bills, the monthly premium would fall to £27.47. Another way to keep premiums low is to agree that you'll only be treated in hospitals from a pre-specified list.

Buying PMI on a family basis can also work out cheaper. Prime Health's family policies, for example, cover all the children in the family, no matter how many there are. A couple, both aged 30, would pay £79.93 a month for family cover with Prime Health.

If you're at all unsure about which PMI policy is most suitable for you, talk to an insurance broker or an independent financial adviser. The OFT wants insurers to produce standard templates for insurance, so that policies are much more easily comparable. But this is still some way off.

One PMI controversy that insurers refuse to be moved on is the so-called moratoria approach to insurance. This allows you to obtain PMI without making any medical declarations or undergoing any examinations, as long as you agree that the policy won't cover you for any pre-existing conditions for a specified period, typically two years.

Many policyholders haven't understood this trap and have found themselves unable to claim on their insurance.

David Prosser is features editor of Investors Chronicle

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The Chartered Institute of Management Accountants is growing fast, no longer overshadowed by grander bodies. By Roger Trapp

# The little brother makes good

**P**eter Layhe, the new president of the Chartered Institute of Management Accountants, is far too tactful and charming to be critical outright. Nevertheless he gives the impression of believing firmly that his organisation is superior, in many areas, to the Institute of Chartered Accountants in England and Wales, the much grander body with which a couple of years ago the management accountants were planning to merge.

Take his own position. Though he clearly has objectives for his year in office, he is at pains to point out that the body has long had a policy of building continuity through involving the vice-presidents in the development of strategy. Consequently, much of what he will be – in his own phrase – “putting to bed” was initiated or developed under his predecessor, Norman Lyle. Moreover, Mr Layhe's own vice-presidents, long-serving Kodak manager David Melvill and former head of consultancy at KPMG Michael Jeans, will be involved in the ideas that will be set out over the coming 12 months.

At the English institute, by contrast, it is only now that the current president Chris Swinson, along with future presidents Dame Sheila Masters and Graham Ward, have set out to have a common strategy for the next three years.

And then there is regulation. Close followers of accountancy politics will recall how, at an infamous press conference, CIMA apparently did its best to derail Mr Swinson's cherished plan for reforming this tricky area without giving it up to an independent body. Just when Mr Swinson thought he had squared the circle, up popped the management accountants' representative to announce grave reservations.

Though the row simmered under Mr Lyle's presidency of CIMA, Mr Layhe says that the differences have been buried to the extent that, if the Department of Trade and Industry approves the Swinson proposals, he and his organisation will go along with them.

But that does not mean that he cannot see problems. His own view is that disciplinary matters should be put under the aegis of the Financial Reporting Council, which also has under its wing the Accounting Standards Board and its enforcer, the Financial Reporting Review Panel. For now, he has not been successful in putting forward



Rui Xavier

Peter Layhe, CIMA's new president, exudes a quiet confidence in the virtues of the organisation

that argument, but he points out that there might be a change of mind when arrangements are reviewed in a few years time.

CIMA has gone from strength to strength since that proposed merger failed to win the backing of chartered accountants who were reluctant to share their hard-won credentials. In survey after survey, as Mr Layhe points out, it has appeared as the preferred qualification, while the English institute has sought to update itself to deal with the modern world.

“Employers find it relevant,” he

says simply; and as a lifelong accountant in industries ranging from coal to textiles, Mr Layhe knows first-hand the value of the management accountant.

But, in keeping with his professional calling, he can draw on statistics to make his point. CIMA now covers 110,000 accountants around the world, more than 60,000 of whom are students. Furthermore, in the first quarter of this year, the student intake was up 25 per cent on a year ago. “It seems to us that this is a measure of the confidence that students have in the value of our qual-

ification. And that in turn reflects the value that employers put on the qualification.”

At the same time, he stresses that the organisation is “financially strong, very robust”.

But while he believes that the organisation has a great deal of momentum, he does not think that the situation whereby there are six accounting bodies can last for ever. Though it is in the interests of each to stress the differences between their qualifications, in fact they have a great deal in common, he says. Taking the view that “if you were

starting with a blank piece of paper, you would not start from here”, he accordingly advocates a move towards consolidation based around education and training. Accountants share certain core skills – rather like doctors, he says. So why should an accountant intent on doing one part of the job go through all kinds of other training first, when general medical practitioners do not qualify as, say, heart surgeons before moving into their chosen field.

But Mr Layhe's preferred way of dealing with the multiplicity of qual-

ifications is unlikely to go down well with the English institute.

It is those in the regulated areas – insolvency practitioners and auditors, but mainly the latter – that have created the public disquiet about accountants at large, he says, pointing out that when people refer to accountants they tend to mean auditors. All the major scandals associated with the last recession – Polly Peck, Maxwell and the rest – came out of the regulated side of the profession, which he says amounts to 25 per cent of the total.

Consequently, he can see a case

for dividing the profession in two, between those accountants doing work that is subject to government regulation and those, like most of his members, doing work that is supportive of management and not subject to regulations.

Put that way, you can understand the organisation's reluctance to get too closely involved with the plans for reform of this area and its relief to not be part of the English institute.

No wonder the semi-retired Mr Layhe has such a cheerful demeanour.

## Banks fear loophole in data bill

Legislation could leave financial groups powerless in their fight against fraud. By Grania Langdon-Down

A GAP in new data protection legislation has put the role banks, insurers, credit organisations and finance companies play in helping prevent and detect fraud in jeopardy. The British Bankers' Association, the Association of British Insurers, the CBI and the police are all pressing the government to plug the gap so they can continue processing sensitive information for crime prevention purposes.

The Data Protection Bill, which has to be in force by October 24 to meet the requirements of the European Commission's Data Protection Directive, is currently working its way through parliament. The bill extends the rights of individuals to access personal data held on them and puts a greater onus on organisations to obtain prior consent before they process any information.

However, a close study of the bill found that, while data processed for the prevention or detection of crime was protected by non-disclosure provisions and could not be accessed by the individual involved, there was no basis for the information being held in the first place. Joanna Elson, director of the BBA, which has 329 members, said the police relied heavily on banks to gather evidence in fraud cases.

Warning notices were circulated between banks and the police, while banks also needed to hold relevant information on individual's criminal records to ensure he or she was not re-employed, Elson said. “The public rely on banks to ensure that the banking system is safe

and crime-free and that customers are protected from people with criminal intentions.”

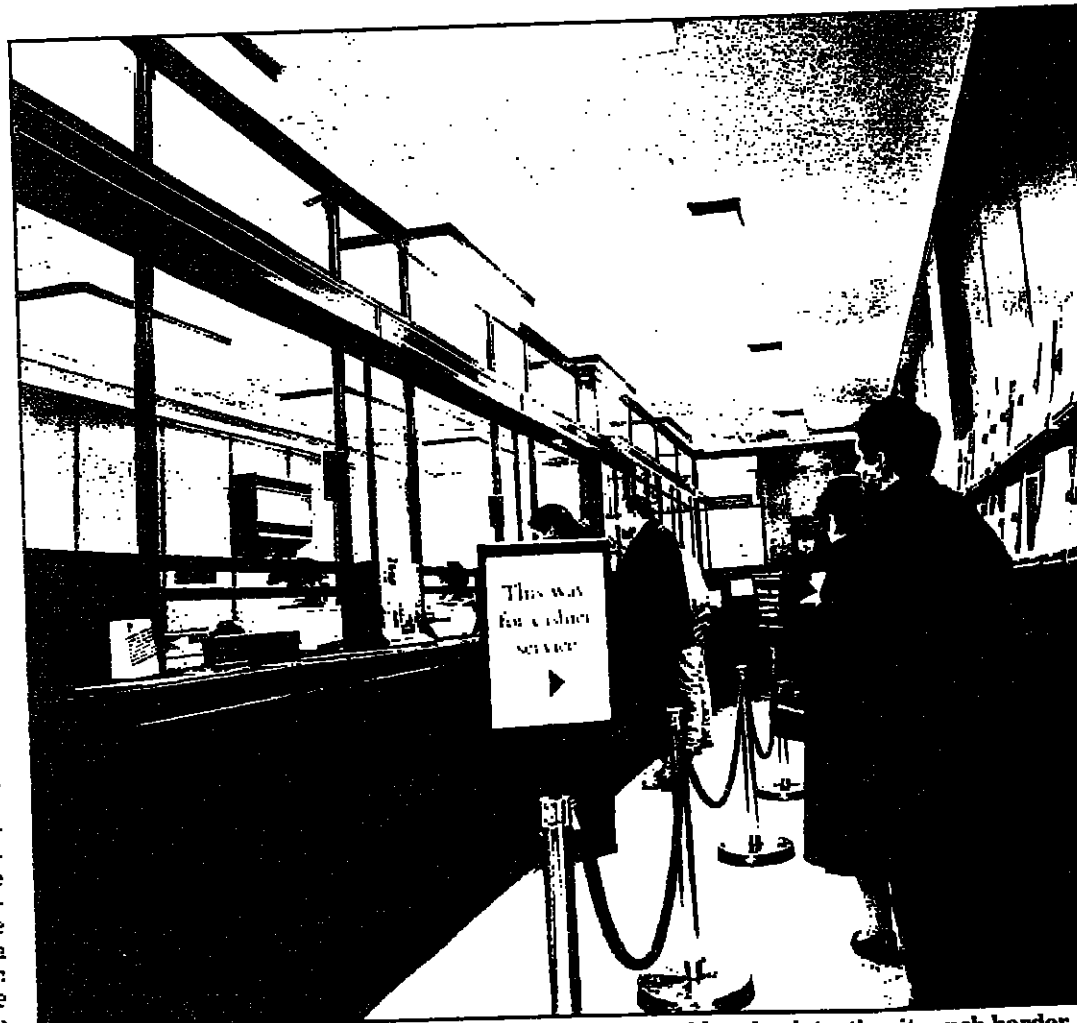
“This means that banks need to process data which is collected in investigations and which may form part of the evidence in a possible future court or disciplinary case.”

“Clause 28 of the bill sensibly recognises that data which is processed for the prevention of crime should be exempt from subject access where this could prejudice that work. However, sensitive data held for crime and fraud prevention purposes will not be able to be processed in the first place because it does not meet any of the criteria for processing sensitive data as set out in the bill.”

She said one high profile example of the vital role banks played in helping prevent crime was the Heinz baby food poisoner, who was exporting thousands of pounds from supermarkets which he collected via a network of some 20 bogus Halifax card accounts, held in a variety of false names. Halifax collected the information and worked with the police to slow down the processing of his transactions at certain cash points being watched by the police.

“If the bank had not been able to process their suspicions about these accounts, this investigation would not have been possible,” Elson said.

In another case, six people claiming to be students, used fake identification to open accounts at banks around the country and accumulate cheque books and plastic cards. At one bank, staff spotted that two of



Bank fraud costs millions every year. New legislation could make detecting it much harder

the customers had used a common address and became suspicious.

Account opening data was checked and links between the six people were established – more than one bank being involved. With the cooperation of the banks, the police mounted a surveillance operation of their spending trips before arresting them and recovering some of the goods.

“The banks and stores had been defrauded of more than £500,000. Without the exchange of sensitive data between banks and other institutions, and the holding of this kind of information for many months, the police would not have been able to make important arrests and the losses would have been very much worse,” Elson said.

The ABI said it was very important that insurers were able to continue sharing information in certain

circumstances to prevent fraudulent claims, which were estimated last year to amount to £10.2m.

Safeguards were already in place in the ABI's code of practice which recognised such data had to be handled carefully.

Elson said they had suggested that an order could be drafted once the bill had received royal assent, later this month, which would establish that the prevention or detection of crime and the apprehension or prosecution of offenders were relevant conditions for processing sensitive personal data.

There would still be safeguards to protect individual rights. For instance, banks would have to prove that overriding the rights and freedoms of the individual concerned was in the public interest.

“We have good grounds for hope after two ministers said on the

record that they are “listening sympathetically” to our plea for an order,” she said.

Geoff Moon, Parliamentary Secretary to the Lord Chancellor's Department, has made it clear the Government takes a sympathetic view of the problems. He said the difficulty with amending the bill itself lay in the risk that it could permit processing which was not consistent with the European Directive and so undermine protections offered elsewhere in the bill.

He believed drafting a specific order would give the government the flexibility to specify the circumstances in which the processing could be carried out.

It also meant the government could consult with the relevant organisations to produce a “satisfying result” without risking undermining the bill, he said.

## Stripping away the asset exaggeration

The Accounting Standards Board new ruling makes it harder for companies to cover up long-term problems. By Roger Trapp

COMPANIES WILL be required to be more rigorous about how they account for their assets following the publication of the Accounting Standards Board's latest standard.

Financial Reporting Standard 11, “Impairment of Fixed Assets and Goodwill”, which comes into force for financial periods ending on or after 23 December 1998, is particularly designed to catch those companies that try to present a drop in the value of their assets as a temporary occurrence that will soon be followed by a recovery.

Sir David Tweedie, chairman of the ASB, said: “It will no longer be possible to pretend that long-standing losses with no realistic hope of recovery are only temporary.”

He acknowledged the hostility his approach had received from businesses keen to demonstrate “smooth” improvements in performance while being subject to cycles in the property market, for instance. But he insisted that what he calls an attack on “scurrilous accounting” was consistent with his policy of introducing complete transparency and consistency to accounting. “It will introduce a welcome note of reality in the valuation of fixed assets,” he said.

He also welcomed the fact that the approach, which had been open to consultation for several months, had largely been adopted by the International Accounting Standards Committee.

The standard is a follow-on to last December's FRS 10, which set out how goodwill and intangible assets could be carried in the balance sheet without being amortised, or gradually reduced in value, so long as they were subjected to annual impairment

checks. “Companies with goodwill and intangible assets with indefinite lives now have the equipment they need to perform impairment reviews instead of charging arbitrary amounts of depreciation against the profit and loss account,” said Sir David.

Auditors are broadly enthusiastic about the greater certainty introduced by the standard. Ted Awty, head of audit at KPMG, said: “Some standardisation of approach in a very judgemental area is welcome – provided it does not become too mechanistic.”

He pointed out that, despite tests looking as if they might be subjective and complicated, many companies would be unaffected by the changes on the grounds that it was only necessary to go through the process if impairment was suspected.

Martin Scicluna, chairman of Deloitte & Touche, added that his firm supported the concept of “long-term capitalisation of goodwill justified by rigorous impairment reviews” and welcomed the move.

However, the approach came under fire from the branding consultancy Interbrand Newell and Sorrell. Raymond Perrier, worldwide director of brand valuation, said that it denied shareholders full information by excluding the value generated organically. “The new standard from the Accounting Standards Board does not give shareholders anywhere near the amount of information they need to value their ownership. While acquired intangibles are currently valued on the balance sheet at the time of acquisition, there is still no move to include the value added by good brand management,” he added.





THE TRADER

LYNNE HAS arranged to meet me in The Cat and Coleslaw. It is one of those strange City pubs that has recently been restored by having its tired old fittings torn out and replaced by tired new fittings: more done over than done up. Consequently, any character it may have acquired over the years has vanished completely in a frenzy of fake wood, brass and substandard light fittings. The perfect venue, then, for a top secret meeting with your headhunter.

I have never actually met Lynne before, so I have no idea what she looks like. Her own

description of herself - "blonde bob, blue suit" - is so general it could apply to almost any City woman, and I am a tad nervous that I will be unable to track her down. As soon as I walk into the Cat, I can see a small, fair-haired woman in the farthest corner of the bar trying terribly hard to be inconspicuous. What she seems not to have realised is that she is the only person in there who is trying to be inconspicuous, which makes her stand out a mile. Indeed, she may as well have "headhunter" tattooed across her forehead.

Anyway, I march up to her and introduce myself, and when she asks me how I worked out who she was I lie and say something about sixth sense, and she laughs and asks me my star sign. Oh great, I think, astrological small talk; just what I need after a day in the markets. But she seems to want to know, so I tell her and she starts telling me what I am like. It is a bit of a cheek on her part, given that after 25 years of being me I could not tell you what I am like myself. On the other hand, I do not like to interrupt.

After all, for all I know, the

mystery company could have moved on from handwriting analysis to astrology as its means of staff assessment.

So I put up with about 20 minutes of this, trying not to think about what I could be doing instead, and eventually we turn to the matter in hand: the well-paid position in the terribly prestigious organisation that would suit me down to the ground. Except that it wouldn't.

Lynne has one thing right. It is an extremely generous salary on offer. It would have to be, since no one in their right mind would work for an organisation

like, well, let us just call it Megalomania plc. No one has survived the in-house trading room for more than three months before storming out or having a nervous breakdown. What exactly makes Lynne think I will do any better? Well, she says, everyone I have ever spoken to says how charming you are, and how diplomatic and good at defusing tense situations. "I just thought..." she mumbles sadly, watching her commission slide away from her.

We are just leaving the pub when we bump into Rory, of all people, and I have to introduce

Lynne to him as "Er, a friend of mine", which does not fool him for a second. He glowers at me in a slightly hurt way and strides off into the smoky gloom.

But the next day, Rory seems to have forgotten about our little encounter, and there is no more mention of talks. Anyway, Rory is on the phone most of the day, or in meetings, so we hardly see anything of him.

It is two days later that the letter plops on to my desk. "In recognition of your outstanding performance over the past few months, it has been decided to increase your salary to..."

# Housing may lose out to new jobs campaign

Government plans to shake up the funding of local councils could threaten plans to build and repair homes. By Paul Gosling

**H**ousing professionals fear that when the Chancellor announces the results of the Comprehensive Spending Review in the next few days, one result will be that billions of pounds held by councils to spend on housing will instead go on "New Deal" employment projects. While local authorities favour greater flexibility in the use of the capital receipts from "right-to-buy" sales, allowing them to spend them on regeneration and job creation schemes, housing managers argue that the money is needed to renovate and build homes.

John Perry, acting chief executive of the Chartered Institute of Housing, says that there is "consternation" at proposals published in a recent consultation paper to integrate local authorities' Housing Investment Programmes into the rest of their capital budgets. The idea, he says, is "a really nasty one".

The result could be that much of the £5bn of housing capital receipts held by councils would go on non-housing regeneration and employment projects. John Perry argues that this is particularly true in shire districts, where currently 70 to 80 per cent of capital expenditure is on housing.

"There is a good case for a single pot, but not if you start with such

a massive backlog of repairs," says Mr Perry. The institute calculates that £18bn to £20bn is urgently needed to bring the public housing stock up to good condition. It adds that experience of the Single Regeneration Budget clearly shows a diversion away from spending on housing to employment-generating activities whenever capital budgets are merged. Mr Perry hopes that when the results of the Comprehensive Spending Review are published, proposals for a single pot will have been dropped, or at least modified.

But a spokesman for the Department of the Environment, Transport and the Regions said that, while he could not indicate the outcome of the consultation, he could confirm that guidelines on the implementation of the "single pot" would be published shortly after the announcement of the results of the Comprehensive Spending Review.

Housing associations are also worried, believing that they will see less in the way of grants from councils' capital budgets. Aaron Cahill, policy officer for the National Housing Federation, which represents housing associations, says that the Government must not overlook the fact that it is as important to maintain existing social housing stock as it is to build new properties.

"Housing need has to be objectively assessed in terms of local

housing demand," says Mr Cahill. "People are concerned about numbers, but there is a considerable quantity of public housing which is in appalling condition, and requires enormous amounts of money spending on it."

The Association of London Government says it has "reservations" about creating a single pot, but recognises the benefits of giving councils more powers to decide spending priorities for themselves. The much larger Local Government Association, however, welcomes the idea.

"Our line has been that we want the restrictions on the use of capital receipts removed," says Keith Beaumont, the LGA's head of capital.

The association also supports the Government's stated intention to release £250m a year from existing capital receipts for extra spending - but opposes the suggestion that this should be deducted from the

amount councils can borrow for capital spending, thereby nullifying the effect on capital works.

Steve Wilcox, a housing researcher based at York University, says that, essentially, the Government's proposals merely confirm current practice: "What tends to happen is that some housing money

provide a subsidy to their general fund from their housing revenue account, which is theoretically ring-fenced to be run as a self-financing business.

The result is that rents go up to keep the council tax artificially low. In areas where all or most tenants are on housing benefit, it becomes

hidden subsidy. From their housing investment programme, a capital allocation can be made to a local housing association. The authority is then reimbursed this grant from the Housing Corporation, but it is no longer legally allowed to spend it on capital projects, having lost its credit approval from the Government. The net result is that the sum of money is transferred from the housing capital budget into the council's general revenue fund.

Housing consultant, Graham Moody, says that "at the margins" there are other examples of housing rents being used to subsidise the council tax. Local authorities' finance officers have a certain amount of discretion on when to allocate debt management charges to the housing rent account, and when to allocate them to the general fund.

There is also some flexibility in charging the cost of wardens in sheltered accommodation against either the housing revenue account

or the social services' budget within the general fund. John Perry, of the Chartered Institute of Housing, adds: "Some councils still pay out of the housing revenue account for things that, in other parts of the city, would come out of the general fund."

These include some of the housing estates' cleaning costs, and employment projects targeted at a particular group of tenants. "This reflects the tight pressures placed on the general fund from capping in recent years," says Mr Perry.

The approach to capital budgets preferred by both the Institute and the Association of London Government would be a retention of the Housing Investment Programme as a separate capital budget, which is approved by Government on the basis of a three-year rolling programme.

Only a strategic plan like this, they believe, will make worthwhile inroads into reversing the serious decline of public housing.

Experts estimate that as much as £20bn is already needed to bring the public housing stock up to good condition



Experts estimate that as much as £20bn is already needed to bring the public housing stock up to good condition

"There is a considerable quantity of public housing which is in appalling condition and requires enormous amounts of money spending on it"

is spent on other services, rather than other services' receipts being spent on housing," he observes. In many instances, capital receipts from housing sales are used for new leisure centres or town hall extensions.

What is more, says Mr Wilcox, some local authorities are using their capital budgets to, in effect,

the Department of Social Security that provides additional financial support to a council. One way to create this subsidy is by requiring tenants to pay contributions towards the capital costs of renovations, when these were paid for out of grants received by the council.

One housing director explained how a council might provide another

NEVILLE RUSSELL, the 14th largest UK firm of accountants, is to merge with Mazars & Guernard, France's sixth largest firm, in a bid to create a "pan-European mid-tier professional services partnership of substance". The merger organisation will have 275 partners and 3,500 staff in 26 countries around the world, though the largest concentration will be in Europe.

WASTEFUL COST overruns such as those associated with the building of the British Library could be a thing of the past, say the Institute of Actuaries and the Institution of Civil Engineers, if firms adopt the risk analysis set out in their joint publication, The RAMP (Risk Analysis and Management of Projects) method has been devised by the two organisations as a framework for dealing with not just construction projects but all kinds of risks and uncertainty, such as those associated with the introduction of the euro.

## UPDATE

THE ROLE of the internal audit is perceived to be a combination of consultant/adviser and policeman, with the consultant role likely to expand further, according to a survey of the field conducted by Arthur Andersen. The report, *Creating a best practice internal audit function*, also found that managing business risk was fast becoming the auditor's principal objective.

JERSEY HAS set up an independent statutory body, the Jersey Financial Services Commission, to take on responsibility for all regulation, supervision, development and promotion of the Channel Island's financial services industry. Though Jersey has enjoyed a solid reputation for the way in which its financial services industry is conducted, the move follows recent concerns about offshore activities.

KPMG SAYS that the strong demand for its services across its practice has led to the appointment of a record 53 new partners. The firm, which will have 633 partners with effect from 1 October, has also appointed a total of 52 directors. A third of the new partners come from management consulting, which has seen an unprecedented 46 per cent increase in fee income of the first six months of this financial year, says the firm.

THE LEGAL issues relating to the introduction of the euro from 1 January 1999 are the subject of a guide that has just been published by the Institute of Chartered Accountants. The guide's author, Geoffrey Yeoward of solicitors Lovell White Durrant, says that it is particularly important for companies to review any contracts that will continue beyond the euro's starting date in order to identify whether any changes are necessary.

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مكتبة الامم

It's not just our emotions that are suffering from the unseasonable temperatures and cloudy skies. It's our jobs. By Katie Hilpern

# Making heavy weather of work

**M**ention Seasonal Affective Disorder (SAD) and the first image that springs to mind is winter. Dark December days causing fatigue and depression, right? Wrong. According to the SAD Association, recent British weather has been so gloomy that many sufferers are being tormented right now. And since everyone's mood is influenced by sunlight to some degree, the rest of us are also likely to be experiencing symptoms of the summertime blues. And experts believe it's our work that is being affected most severely of all.

"Research shows that when the sun is shining, people are more credulous, give bigger tips, make more sales and are generally more successful in business," explains Dr Lance Workman, a biological psychologist at the University of Glamorgan. "But when it is dreary - as it has been lately - the opposite tends to happen."

"What people seem to forget is that parts of Britain are further north than some parts of Alaska," he continues. "So it should not be surprising that our summers aren't always great, or indeed that the number of people suffering from varying degrees of SAD is far higher than in other countries. I have found that as many as 11 per cent of women and five per cent of men have a big problem with it."

For those unaffected by SAD, the possibility of the weather hampering one's job prospects - particularly in summer - may seem a little far-fetched. "Many [SAD] sufferers start out enthusiastically in springtime," maintains Nick Martin, research nurse at Southampton University. "But by November they're so depressed they simply can't cope anymore." And if dark days set in earlier than they should, that's a real problem. "It can come much sooner, sometimes even in July or August."

However, there is a good chance that the lack of sunshine may be causing even you to be more hostile than usual to clients and colleagues, and less productive overall. Find yourself swearing blindly at your

desk neighbour for borrowing your World Cup mug? Bridget Hogg, a chartered occupational psychologist, explains: "Feeling down and tired in the office is expressed differently according to the individual, but generally people become introverted - they won't have much to contribute at meetings, their desk work will suffer because they lose confidence and interest, and they will become less sociable."

According to experts, women are hit the hardest. SAD affects four times as many women as men, usually between the ages of 20 and 40. Alison Hedd, 39, knows this all too well. "I was an excellent PA until five years ago. But that winter, I felt ghastly. I couldn't understand it because I loved my job and was happy in a relationship. But the depression just got worse until I was so bad-tempered that my work really suffered. I was rude to clients - not to mention my boss - and I never seemed to have the energy to do any work. I used to want to fall asleep in every meeting. It was only when I discovered the benefits of having artificial daylight from a light box that my life started to go back to normal again. I have never had to use it in the summertime before but this month, I think I may. The symptoms are already creeping back."

George Michaelides, of the media company Michaelides and Bednash, has found another solution. "When we started out, one of our biggest priorities was to design an office that allowed maximum daylight - which would brighten up the working environment even in winter and in weather like we're having at the moment. What we wound up with is a huge, pine-floored room with one shared table at its centre where all employees are entirely surrounded by big windows." Michaelides is in little doubt as to the advantages of a bright, airy office. "Why do you think bosses of traditional companies always make sure they get a corner office where there are two windows rather than one?"

Most organisations, however, are not quite as considerate. The SAD Association claims that since the majority of British GPs are unsympathetic to weather-influenced



Through the glass brightly: George Michaelides's priority was to design an office that allowed maximum daylight. Neville Elder

disorders, we have got a long way to go before convincing employers. Meanwhile, sitting in a cramped open-plan office in which there are more partitions than windows remains the murky reality for many of us. Even the most modern offices tend to block out sunlight with darkened glass.

"Since we spend more hours in work than any other country in Europe, this is not a problem that should be underestimated," stresses Hogg.

And if you think you've escaped Seasonal Affective Disorder, there's another temporal affliction waiting to strike you down: Sundown Syndrome.

This year-round condition means that whatever the weather, you may become increasingly agitated and confused in the late afternoon. Dr Ian Rodin, a lecturer in psychiatry at Southampton University, says: "It's well known that the time of day can affect how people feel. Our body has daily biorhythms and

their patterns are partly dictated by when the sun rises and sets." So the next overcast day you find yourself shouting at a colleague for chatting too loudly as the afternoon wears on or feel a power-nap coming on at 4pm, count yourself unlucky - you could be coming down with a nasty bout of SAD and a dose of SS to boot.

I dread to think how I'll feel by autumn

Maureen Ali, 50, is a documentary film producer and SAD sufferer.

Last winter wasn't too bad for sufferers of SAD - there have been worse winters. But this summer seems to have made up for it. It has really got me down, especially at work where I feel incredibly stressed.

I keep telling colleagues that if only I could enjoy some warm, sunny weather - like we should be having at this time of year - at the weekends, I wouldn't feel so bad when I come back to work in my basement office on a Monday morning. Even my evenings at home are ruined because I walk out of work into what should be a glorious, revitalizing afternoon, but since it is so gloomy, I wind up carrying my stress home with me.

If the weather does not improve, I dread to think how I will feel by the autumn. Even Easter was terrible. It was so dismal that I found myself staying in bed until 2pm, which is totally unheard of for me in usual circumstances. In fact, I've made sure that I'm going to the south of France on the August bank holiday weekend.

That way, I know for sure I will get some sunny weather before the winter sets in, which is the only way that I think I will cope.

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Caitlyn McCarthy (right) looks over some images for use in 'Red', all part of her job as PA to editor, Kathryn Brown (left)

Philip Meech

## Job with a red-hot future

HAVING COMPLETED a Masters degree in English, I got a temping job at *Total Sport* working for Danny Kelly, then the magazine's editor. I was rather inappropriate for the job because I wasn't interested in sport, whereas my colleagues would dissolve into floods of tears whenever there was a major loss for England.

It was daunting being the only female in the office and my team-making skills began to get a little over-used. But I had a rapport with Danny, who loved the fact that I was the most qualified member of staff on the magazine. He even used to joke that I was secretly doing a PhD on male chauvinism.

Kath worked for Emap, the sister company to Emap Metro, *Total Sport's* publishers, and we got on like a house on fire. Both being redheads from Essex, we look and sound similar – even Kath's boyfriend mistakes our voices on the phone.

When Kath was made editor of *Red*, I wrote asking if I could work

for her, and she replied, "When can you start?"

Coming from rowdy men's magazines, I was surprised by how beautiful and glamorous the women at *Red*, *Elle* and *New Woman* were, and I immediately changed my dress code to keep up. But the fashion world still seemed quite alien to me because I've always been a bit of a tomboy.

It was bizarre to work on a launch because everything was top secret; the magazine was even given the code name "Project Miriam". All I knew was that it would be an intelligent magazine celebrating women in their "middle youth". My friends nagged me senseless for information about the magazine, but I told them little except that it was designed for people like us. They now read and love it.

During my first months, I did a bit of everything, including ordering all the furniture, but as the staff moved in I became more concentrated on Kath's work. She is

### I WORK FOR

CAITLYN MCCARTHY IS PA TO KATHRYN BROWN, EDITOR OF WOMEN'S MAGAZINE, 'RED'

meticulous, and never flaps except when it comes to IT. When she was asked to swap her Mac for a PC she was nearly in tears, and was the only person allowed to keep her old computer.

My first major task for her was to organise a weekend conference for the 35 newly appointed staff. Kath got horrendously drunk the first night and I got plastered on the second.

Everything seemed to be going smoothly until, the following day, a presentation was interrupted when water flooded through the ceiling on to the table. I began to despair, because it seemed that Kath's efforts to present the image of a slick magazine were being sabotaged by scenes from *Family Ties*.

The launch day was incredibly special. The office was bursting with flowers sent by people who loved the look of the magazine; we even had a bunch from Donatella Versace.

I had always been convinced that we would succeed, but I still got a real buzz from seeing *Red* appear on the shelf and knowing how much work had gone in to producing it.

I really appreciate working for a female boss. Unlike a lot of male bosses, Kath doesn't need me by her side all the time and has never asked me to do things that go beyond my job description. But she knows that I have writing ambitions and agreed from the outset that it would be strange if I was planning on remaining as just her assistant for much longer than a couple of years.

When I asked her if I could write something for the magazine, I was immediately given a monthly shopping news page and a number of film reviews to write, which

illustrates how true to her word Kath is. At first I began writing in an academic style, but the Associate Editor kindly showed me how to jazz up my copy to make it less stuffy. But I am still always surprised that others see my job as glamorous.

At least once a month we have a *Red* night out, which can turn into a messy all-nighter. The other day, when I remarked that England were playing their first match, Kath leapt up and said: "Of course! We've all got to go out and watch it." We all piled down to the pub, except for one of our male colleagues who doesn't like football.

In my spare time I do voluntary work for a Domestic Violence Intervention Project. Sometimes I find it very difficult to move from what seems like one extreme to another. The magazine world can seem a bit frivolous at times, yet *Red* remains refreshingly down to earth.

INTERVIEW BY KATIE SAMPSON

## Knickers, phones and Mr Tom Jones

TOM JONES has ruined my voice. I screamed so loudly at the Party in the Park on Sunday that something went clunk in my throat and now I can hardly talk. Besides, my concentration is shot to hell and all I can talk about is the fact that this Welsh grandad is God. There wasn't a dry seat (or patch of grass) in Hyde Park by the time he'd finished singing "Hard to Handle".

Given the state of my voice, it's almost inevitable that I should be working switchboard this week. Switchboard is my least favourite thing to do after filing, and when all you want to do is sit around going "... then he took his jacket off and whirled it around his head, and you won't believe what he did with his belt buckle..." five days answering the phone is as close to an eternity in purgatory as being forced to sit through an All Saints concert.

If I hadn't been wearing jeans I would have whipped my knickers off there and then, and lobbed them straight at him.

Especially when, as usual, no-one has bothered to fill you in on the company you're working for. According to my agency, they're a property developer called DezRez-U-Like Inc. I also gather – via a process of telling several dozen callers that they've got the wrong number – they're also into property management, flat letting, self-catering holidays, PR, house repossession lists, quantitative research, a "dating agency", a vanity press, career management, legal advice (an 0891 number), ticket touting and, I'm sure, a couple of dozen other fields I've not identified as yet. Not bad for a company that only seems to have 30 employees. Turns out, after a few hours, that I was supposed to answer the phone with the words "Good morning, DezRez Group Inc". I'm sure I can't have lost that many clients for the ticket agency by informing them they are called DezRez-U-Like Inc.

(Tom Jones is older than my dad. So how come my dad's bum looks like two sacks of flour in a hammock when Tom Jones's looks like two footballs in a bra?)



### THE TEMP

And there's the perennial problem that no-one has updated the staff list in at least a year. I spend half my time putting people on hold (where, creepily enough, they have to listen to a revolving tape of "Jesus to a Child" and Björk's "Oh So Quiet") and running round the reception desk to ask the girl in cubicle one who the hell Mr Gzzadg is. By the time I get back, they've usually hung up.

(My next boyfriend has to go "I think I'd better dance now" and revolve his hips through 360 degrees like Tom before I'll even consider a dry sherry in a public place).

Then there are the problem people who expect me to answer their questions there and then, and get into slightly strops when I don't know the answer. This includes things like "do you have any front row seats for the World Cup Final", "do the holiday flats have power showers", "does John want the Bauhaus book in Times New Roman or Sans Serif", and "what we should do when the police turn up about the handling charge".

(Has anyone had a heart attack at a Tom Jones concert?)

A man rang up for a date yesterday. It only ever seems to be men who ring the dating agency. Makes me wonder, but as a temp the best thing to do is keep your head down. The girl who runs the company was at lunch; I offered to take a message. "Well," he said, "what do you look like? Maybe we can do business and cut out the handling fee." "No thanks. I'm a switchboard operator, not a date." "Oh," he said. "No offence, love. It's just that gorgeous husky voice. I could listen to it all day."

(Does anyone have Tom Jones's phone number? I'll swap you all my old Elvis albums...)

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For further information on both posts, and an application form please write to Mrs M. Hanson, Head of Personnel, Intermediate Technology, The Schumacher Centre for Technology and Development, Bourton Hall, Bourton-on-Dunsmore, Rugby, Warwickshire, CV23 9QZ.

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## NEW FILMS

### SIX DAYS, SEVEN NIGHTS (12)

Director: Ivan Reitman  
Starring: Harrison Ford, Anne Heche  
Question: what happens to the action hero who is too old to leap from moving trains and cling to the landing gear of a 747? Answer: he reinvents himself as a romantic lead, rolling around with women half his age instead of alligators or ill-tempered Nazis. The latest actor to undergo this elegant transformation is Harrison Ford.

An absurdly mechanical screenplay throws a boozey cargo pilot (Ford) together with a New York magazine editor (Anne Heche), who is holidaying in Makatea when she gets a call requesting her presence at a photo shoot in Tahiti. She ropes Ford into flying her there, but a thunderstorm forces them to crash-land on a remote island. The director, Ivan Reitman, has adopted an old-fashioned approach which relies on implausible contrivances, but this qualifies as gritty social realism compared with the moment when Ford and Heche laughably recreate the famous *From Here to Eternity* beach scene. CW: Barbican Screen, Elephant & Castle, Odeon Marble Arch, Odeon Camden Town, Odeon Kensington, Odeon Marble Arch, Odeon Swiss Cottage, Odeon West End, UCI Whiteleys, Virgin Chelsea

### LOVE AND DEATH ON LONG ISLAND (15)

Director: Richard Kwitniowski  
Starring: John Hurt, Jason Priestley  
A short way into *Love and Death on Long Island*, the film's reclusive widower, Giles De'Ath (John Hurt), wanders into what he believes is a screening of a new E M Forster adaptation. But he has bought the wrong ticket, and finds himself watching *Hotpants College 2*, a crass sex comedy. This error proves fortuitous, however, for it introduces him to one of the film's stars, Ronnie Bostock (Jason Priestley). A burgeoning obsession with this young actor in turn forces the old man to confront something which he has spent his life ignoring - the 20th century.

This warm, subtle comedy feels ephemeral at first, but gradually its emotional weight becomes apparent. Although it invites comparisons with

*Death in Venice*, these are pegs on which the film hangs, rather than its underpinnings. What the movie is essentially concerned with is the tentative relationship between art and life, the watcher and the watched, and the writer-director Richard Kwitniowski takes great care in tracing the areas where each overlaps with the other. CW: Barbican Screen, Chelsea Cinema, Clapham Picture House, Gate Notting Hill, Renoir, Richmond Filmhouse, Rio Cinema, Ritzy Cinema, Screen on Baker Street, Screen on the Hill, Virgin Haymarket

### GREASE (20TH ANNIVERSARY EDITION) (PG)

Director: Randal Kieker  
Starring: John Travolta, Olivia Newton-John  
I didn't want to be the garish musical *Grease* the first time around - the general consensus at school was that it was girls' stuff. But one thing which it has in its favour, 20 years on, is that it hasn't dated; its 1950s setting has picked the film. What fun there is to be had from a work defined by its lack of ambition comes from John Travolta's cocksure performance as a Brylcreemed high-school heartbreaker. CW: Clapham Picture House, Empire Leicester Square, Hammersmith Virgin, Odeon Marble Arch, Ritzy Cinema, UCI Whiteleys, Virgin Fulham Road, Virgin Trocadero

### KURT & COURTNEY (15)

Director: Nick Broomfield  
There is a tragically pertinent lesson about the sacrifices which fame demands hidden somewhere in the new documentary *Kurt and Courtney*. But it would take a more intuitive filmmaker than Nick Broomfield to wheedle it out. *Kurt and Courtney* is a voyeuristic freak show in which various interested parties, each with a stake in the Cobain legend, are paraded before us. The film's fatal flaw is that Broomfield places himself above these characters. He can't see that he has become the *mattre'd* in this parasites' banquet. CW: Ritzy Cinema, Screen on the Green, Virgin Fulham Road, Warner Village West End

Ryan Gilbey

## GENERAL RELEASE

### THE APOSTLE (12)

Director: Robert Duvall plunges into his role in a manner that is both terrifying and entrancing. West End: Clapham Picture House, Empire Leicester Square

### THE BIG LEBOWSKI (18)

Jeff Bridges, John Goodman and Steve Buscemi star in one of the most strung-out mysteries ever. West End: ABC Panton Street, Odeon Camden Town, Virgin Fulham Road, Warner Village West End

### THE BIG SWAP (18)

A drab, unconvincing and preachy drama about partner-swapping. West End: Plaza

### CITY OF ANGELS (12)

Nicolas Cage plays an angel puzzling over whether or not to exchange his divinity for domestic bliss with a mortal woman (Meg Ryan). West End: ABC Baker St, ABC Tottenham Court Rd, Barbican Screen, Clapham Picture House, Hammersmith Virgin, Notting Hill Coronet, Odeon Camden Town, Odeon Kensington, Odeon Marble Arch, Ritzy Cinema, UCI Whiteleys, Virgin Fulham Road, Virgin Haymarket, Warner Village West End

### DREAM WITH THE FISHES (18)

Take a suicidal loser preparing to throw himself off a bridge. Add a junkie with a month to live and give them a few months on the road together before an inevitable tearful farewell. Serve with a sick-bag at the ready. Perhaps it's the realisation that *Dream with the Fishes* could so easily have been a nightmare that makes its success seem refreshing and deserved. West End: Metro

### GIRLS' NIGHT (15)

Shameless tearjerker with Brenda Blethyn as a cancer-suffering bingo winner who jets off to Las Vegas for a last-chance holiday with her sister-in-law (Julie Walters). Initially bubbly, the picture soon becomes grossly manipulative. CW: UCI Whiteleys, Virgin Haymarket, Warner Village West End

### THE GIRL WITH BRAINS IN HER FEET (15)

Jaunty take on the rites-of-passage genre, set in Leicester in the 1970s. The lively script is complemented by the sparkling performance of Joanna Ward as the film's heroine. West End: Rio Cinema

### JACKIE BROWN (15)

The movie's main focus is the desperation of its characters to make something of their lives before it's too late. West End: Plaza

### JUNK MAIL (15)

This Norwegian black comedy's portrayal of the Oslo postal service is defamatory at best. Though its mixture of genres isn't entirely successful, *Junk Mail* has enough originality to see it through. West End: Ritzy Cinema

### THE LAST TIME I COMMITTED SUICIDE (15)

A mannered and vacuous dip into the life of the Beat poet Neal Cassady, played by Thomas Jane. There's lots of fast cutting and theatrical lighting, but the film just amounts to the same old Beat clichés. West End: ABC Piccadilly

### LIVE FLESH (18)

See *The Independent Recommends*, right. West End: ABC Shaftesbury Avenue, Gate Notting Hill, Curzon Cinema, Odeon Camden Town, Richmond Filmhouse, Ritzy Cinema, Screen on Baker Street

### MIMIC (15)

Mira Sorvino stars as a doctor who successfully combats a virus that's sweeping New York by developing a rival cockroach species to wipe out the original disease-carriers. The result is an ingenious science-fiction-horror fable. CW: Elephant & Castle Coronet, Odeon Camden Town, Odeon Marble Arch, UCI Whiteleys, Virgin Trocadero, Warner Village West End

### MY SON THE FANATIC (15)

Ranil Kureshi establishes an opposition between an agreeable Pakistani taxi driver and his son, who has his sights set on becoming a fundamentalist Muslim. West End: ABC Swiss Centre

### THE OBJECT OF MY AFFECTION (15)

Romantic comedy in which Paul Rudd confounds Jennifer Aniston's dreams of a wedding and a joint burial plot by turning out to be gay. CW: ABC Tottenham Court Road, Odeon Camden Town, Odeon Marble Arch, Odeon Swiss Cottage, Odeon West End, Phoenix Cinema, Ritzy Cinema, Screen on Baker Street, UCI Whiteleys, Virgin Chelsea

### PALMETTO (15)

Iconic film noir directed by Volker Schlöndorff. Harry Barber (Woody Harrelson) is the ex-con who gets mixed up with a pair of duplicitous women played by Gina Gershon and Elisabeth Shue. CW: Virgin Trocadero, Warner Village West End

### POINT BLANK (18)

Re-release of John Boorman's chilling existential thriller starring Lee Marvin. West End: Gate Notting Hill, Ritzy Cinema, Screen on the Green

### PONETTE (15)

French tale of a precociously intelligent four-year-old girl (Victoria Thivisol) whose mother dies in a car accident. The young Thivisol is superb, yet it's hard to deny discomfort at watching one so young parading emotion this raw and primal. CW: Curzon Mayfair, Metro

### RED CORNER (15)

Richard Gere's very public pro-Tibet stance must have blinded him to the failings of this clunking piece of anti-Chinese propaganda. West End: Odeon Marble Arch, Plaza, UCI Whiteleys

### THE REPLACEMENT KILLERS (18)

Executive-produced by Hong Kong action director John Woo, this is an attempt to launch the American career of his favourite star, Chow Yun-Fat. West End: Virgin Trocadero

### SAVIOR (18)

Politically inept war film set during the Bosnian conflict. Dennis Quaid stars as a man who loses his family in a Paris bomb blast and ends up becoming a hired killer. West End: Virgin Haymarket

### SLIDING DOORS (15)

Romantic comedy in which its heroine, Gwyneth Paltrow, is sent off into two separate realities at the same time, with two different suitors. West End: ABC Baker Street, ABC Shaftesbury Avenue, Empire Leicester Square, Hammersmith Virgin, Screen on the Green, UCI Whiteleys, Virgin Fulham Road, Virgin Trocadero

### SOUL FOOD (15)

A black version of *Parenthood*, with all the attendant moralising, sentimentality and studied eccentricity which that implies. West End: Clapham Picture House, Ritzy Cinema, Virgin Trocadero

### STAR KID (PG)

Children's adventure about a young boy who's called upon to save the universe. What it lacks in budget, it makes up for in imagination. West End: Hammersmith Virgin, UCI Whiteleys, Virgin Trocadero

### STIFF UPPER LIPS (15)

Inspired spoof of the Merchant/Ivory movies from one of the talents responsible for *Leon* the Pig Farmer, starring Prunella Scales and Peter Ustinov. West End: Plaza, Virgin Chelsea

### THE TASTE OF CHERRY (PG)

The joint winner of last year's Palme d'Or has taken a year to get a release over here, but is a hypnotic and moving experience. West End: Renoir

### THE WAR AT HOME (15)

Tale of a traumatised Vietnam veteran on his return home to Texas adapted from James Duff's Broadway play. Homefront. CW: Plaza

### THE WEDDING SINGER (12)

Dumb but winning comedy about a wedding singer (Adam Sandler) who falls for a waitress (Drew Barrymore), only to find that she's engaged to someone else. West End: ABC Baker Street, ABC Tottenham Court Road, Elephant & Castle Coronet, Hammersmith Virgin, Odeon Camden Town, Odeon Marble Arch, Odeon West End, Ritzy Cinema, UCI Whiteleys, Virgin Chelsea

## THE INDEPENDENT RECOMMENDS

### Film Ryan Gilbey



A HIGHLIGHT of this year's Edinburgh International Film Festival (which runs from 16 to 30 August) will be the retrospective of work by the late Alan Clarke. Acquaintance with his work puts Gary Oldman's *Nit By Mouth* left into context. Oldman clearly learnt a lot from Clarke they worked together on *The Firm*, a drama about middle-class soccer hooligans. Like how to infuse harsh realism with tenderness. And how to ensure that even the most brutal characters. Like Ray Winstone's wife-beating thug in *Nit By Mouth*, remain human at heart.

Ray Winstone's wife-beating thug in *Nit By Mouth*, remain human at heart. A Spanish-speaking friend informs me that the subtitles for Pedro Almodovar's *Live Flesh* are some way off the mark. Never mind; this erotic thriller is an enervating experience, even if it has passed through the subtitle's uninspiring mangle. On general release

### Theatre Dominic Cavendish

PHYLLIDA LLOYD'S abstract reworking of *The Prime of Miss Jean Brodie* (below) took a savaging in *The Sunday Times* this weekend. 'I cannot for the life of me imagine what the National Theatre thinks it is doing.' John Peter gashed. Keeping its audience entertained during the bleak summer stretch? This Fiona Shaw vehicle was always going to be more a family saloon than a Rolls-Royce, but it puffs along like few other shows in town. Lyttelton Theatre, RNT, London SE1 (0171-452 3000) 7.30pm

The first and best of David Hare's Nineties state-of-the-nation trilogy. *Racing Demon*, has a welcome revival at the hands of Christopher Morahan, the director of Hugh Whitmore's *A Letter of Resignation*. It follows four Church of England clergymen battling against encroaching secularism. Chichester Theatre, Chichester (01243 781312) 7.30pm



## CINEMA

### WEST END

ABC BAKER STREET (0171-935 9772) • Baker Street City Of Angels 1.15pm, 3.40pm, 6.05pm, 8.30pm Sliding Doors 1.20pm, 3.40pm, 6.05pm, 8.30pm

### ABC PANTON STREET

(0171-930 0631) • Piccadilly Circus As Good As It Gets 2pm, 5pm, 8pm The Big Lebowski 1.15pm, 3.40pm, 6.05pm, 8.30pm Good Will Hunting 2.10pm, 5.15pm, 8.15pm Confidential 8pm Washington Square 2.40pm, 5.40pm, 8.25pm

### ABC PICCADILLY

(0171-437 3561) • Piccadilly Circus The Last Time I Committed Suicide 1.35pm, 3.50pm, 6.10pm, 8.45pm Mrs Brown 1.20pm, 3.40pm, 6pm, 8.30pm

### ABC SHAFESBURY AVENUE

(0171-836 6279) • Leicester Square Live Flesh 1.10pm, 3.35pm, 6pm, 8.25pm Sliding Doors 1.30pm, 3.55pm, 6.20pm, 8.45pm

### ABC SWISS CENTRE

(0171-439 4470) • Piccadilly Circus Deconstructing Harry 1.10pm, 3.20pm, 6.30pm, 8.40pm Happy Together 6.20pm, 8.30pm, 1.10pm, 3.45pm, 6.20pm, 8.30pm Meet Frank, Daniel & Laurence 3.10pm, 7.10pm, 9.10pm My Son The Fanatic 1.10pm, 5.10pm Shall We Dance? 1.10pm, 3.35pm, 6pm, 8.40pm

### ABC TOTTENHAM COURT ROAD

(0171-636 6148) • Tottenham Court Road City Of Angels 1.15pm, 3.55pm, 6.35pm, 9.15pm The Object Of My Affection 1.25pm, 4.05pm, 6.45pm, 9.20pm The Wedding Singer 1.50pm, 4.30pm, 6.50pm, 9.25pm

### BARBICAN SCREEN

(0171-382 7000) • Moorgate Barbican Love And Death On Long Island 6.15pm, 8.40pm Six Days, Seven Nights 6.15pm, 8.40pm

### CHELSEA CINEMA

(0171-351 3742) • Sloane Square Love And Death On Long Island 2.35pm, 4.40pm, 6.50pm, 9pm

### CLAPHAM PICTURE HOUSE

(0171-498 2242) • Clapham Common City Of Angels 2pm, 4.20pm, 7pm, 9.30pm Grease (20th Anniversary Edition) 1.30pm, 4pm, 6.30pm, 9pm Love And Death On Long Island 1.15pm, 3.15pm, 5.15pm, 7.15pm

### CURZON MAYFAIR

(0171-389 1729) • Bees Pav Ponette 1.05pm, 3.35pm, 6.05pm, 8.35pm, 1.1. Short, Stone Tears

### ELEPHANT & CASTLE CORONET

(0171-498 4988) • Elephant & Castle Mimic 3.40pm, 5.55pm, 8.30pm Six Days, Seven Nights 3.45pm, 6.20pm, 8.40pm The Wedding Singer 4pm, 6.10pm, 8.30pm

### EMPIRE LEICESTER SQUARE

(0171-437 1234) • Leicester Square The Apostle 3pm, 5.45pm, 8.30pm Grease (20th Anniversary Edition) 12.50pm, 3.20pm, 6pm, 8.40pm Sliding Doors 1pm, 3.20pm, 5.40pm, 8pm

### GATE NOTTING HILL

(0171-727 4043) • Notting Hill Gate Love And Death On Long Island 1.55pm, 4.15pm, 6.35pm, 8.55pm

### HAMMERSMITH VIRGIN

(0870-9070718) • Raven Court Park/Hammersmith City Of Angels 1.30pm, 5.30pm, 8.30pm Grease (20th Anniversary Edition) 2.30pm, 5.30pm, 8.30pm, 1.10pm, 3.10pm, 5.10pm, 7.10pm, 9.10pm Sliding Doors 3.20pm, 6pm, 8.30pm The Wedding Singer 3pm, 5.20pm, 8pm

### METRO

(0171-437 0757) • Piccadilly, Leicester Square Armageddon 1pm, 3.15pm, 5.15pm, 7.15pm, 9.15pm Program 2 5pm My Dad Is A Jerk 7pm Ponette 2pm, 4.15pm, 6.30pm, 8.45pm

### CURZON MINEMA

(0171-369 1729) • Knightsbridge Live Flesh 3pm, 5pm, 7pm, 9pm

### NOTTING HILL CORONET

(0171-727 6705) • Notting Hill Gate Six Days, Seven Nights 3pm, 6pm, 8.30pm

### ODEON CAMDEN TOWN

(0181-315 4259) • Camden Town City Of Angels 12.50pm, 3.30pm, 6.10pm, 8.45pm Live Flesh 12.50pm, 3.55pm, 6.15pm, 8.40pm The Object Of My Affection 1.15pm, 3.45pm, 6.25pm, 9.05pm Six Days, Seven Nights 12.15pm, 3.15pm, 6pm, 8.35pm The Wedding Singer 12.05pm, 2.20pm, 4.35pm, 6.50pm, 9.15pm

### ODEON HAYMARKET

(0181-315 4212) • Piccadilly Circus The Wedding Singer 1.30pm, 3.55pm, 6.25pm, 8.45pm

### ODEON KENSINGTON

(0181-315 4214) • High Street Kensington Six Days, Seven Nights 7pm, 9.35pm

### ODEON MARBLE ARCH

(0181-315 4216) • Marble Arch City Of Angels 12.15pm, 3.05pm, 5.55pm, 8.45pm Grease (20th Anniversary Edition) 12.15pm, 3.05pm, 5.55pm, 8.45pm Mimic 12.25pm, 3.15pm, 6.05pm, 8.30pm The Object Of My Affection 12.25pm, 3.15pm, 6.05pm, 8.30pm Six Days, Seven Nights 1pm, 3.45pm, 6.30pm, 9.15pm

### ODEON MEZZANINE

(0181-315 4215) • Leicester Square As Good As It Gets 5.45pm, 8.25pm Lolla 5.40pm, 8.20pm Martha - Meet Frank, Daniel & Laurence 6.50pm, 9.05pm Point Blank 6.30pm, 8.55pm

### ODEON SWISS COTTAGE

(0181-315 4200) • Swiss Cottage The Big Lebowski 6.05pm, 8.25pm City Of Angels 6pm, 8.25pm The Object Of My Affection 3.55pm, 6.30pm, 8.30pm, 1.10pm, 3.45pm, 6.15pm, 8.45pm

### ODEON WEST END

(0181-315 4201) • Leicester Square The Object Of My Affection 1.10pm, 3.30pm, 6.05pm, 8.30pm Six Days, Seven Nights 1.30pm, 3.50pm, 6.25pm, 8.45pm

### PHOENIX CINEMA

(0171-437 6789) • Earl Finchley The Object Of My Affection 1.40pm, 4pm, 6.25pm, 8.45pm

### PLAZA

(0171-437 1234) • Piccadilly Circus The Big Swap 3.15pm, 5.35pm, 7.55pm Deep Impact 3.10pm, 5.30pm, 7.50pm, 9.40pm Sliding Doors 3.10pm, 5.30pm, 7.50pm, 9.40pm The Wedding Singer 3.10pm, 5.30pm, 7.50pm, 9.40pm

### RENOIR

(0171-351 3400) • Russell Square Love And Death On Long Island 2.35pm, 4.40pm, 6.50pm, 9pm The Taste Of Cherry 2.30pm, 4.30pm, 6.40pm, 8.50pm

### RIO CINEMA

(0171-437 6777) • Earl Finchley Love And Death On Long Island 7pm, 9.15pm On The Town 2.30pm

### RITZY CINEMA

(0171-727 1231) • 7330, 20th BR: Baker St. French Twist 2.05pm Grease (20th Anniversary Edition) 2pm, 4.35pm, 6.45pm, 9.05pm Kurt & Courtney 3pm, 5.45pm, 7.55pm, 9.30pm Live Flesh 2.05pm, 4.30pm, 6.45pm, 9.15pm Love And Death On Long Island 1.15pm, 3.15pm, 5.15pm, 7.15pm, 9.15pm The Object Of My Affection 4.10pm, 6.10pm, 8.10pm The Wedding Singer 4.10pm, 6.10pm, 8.10pm

### SCREEN ON BAKER STREET

(0171-437 6777) • Baker Street Live And Death On Long Island 2.35pm, 4.40pm, 6.50pm, 9pm The Object Of My Affection 3.10pm, 5.30pm, 7.50pm, 9.40pm

### SCREEN ON THE GREEN

(0171-437 6777) • Angel Highway 8.15pm, 10.15pm Kurt & Courtney 3pm, 5pm, 7pm, 9pm

### SCREEN ON THE HILL

(0171-437 6777) • Baker Street Live And Death On Long Island 3.30pm, 5.45pm, 7.55pm, 9.45pm, 1.15pm, 3.30pm, 5.45pm, 7.55pm, 9.45pm

### Comedy James Rampton

THE 1996 PERRIER Award-winner, Dylan Moran, escaped from straight stand-up by making a memorable acting debut in Simon Nye's wonderful sitcom. *How Do You Want Me?* (right). Perhaps he caught the bug, because he has now penned his own comedy, *Black Books*, which features in the opening night of The Channel 4 Sit-com Festival. What's more, Moran is also appearing in it. Riverside Studios, London, W6 (0181-337 1111) 7.30pm

After appearances on Ben Elton's TV programme in his legendary armchair from *The Two Ronnies*, veteran comic Ronnie Corbett is now taking An Evening with Ronnie Corbett on the road. Embassy Centre, Skegness (01753 768333) 8pm



### Art Richard Ingleby

TWENTY-EIGHT of William Turnbull's elegant and ancient-looking bronzes are on show in Cork Street this week - a selection of masks, blades and horses heads are shown alongside his less familiar abstract paintings. There's a strain of simple austerity in both sides of his work, although the sculptures tend towards figurative forms, and a kind of eastern flavour in their simple physicality. Worth seeing. Waddington Galleries, 12 & 34 Cork St, London W1 (0171-437 3611) to 18 Jul. Amazingly, this is the first ever exhibition in a public gallery of the 1930s painter known simply as Gluck. She was born Hannah Gluckstein, but preferred to dress in men's suits and be known by a single name. Nothing wrong with that, or with her paintings which were some of the most stylish British pictures of their day. The De La Warr Pavilion, one of the best early modernist buildings in the



**MUSWELL HILL**  
ODEON (0181-235 3006) BR: Peckham Rye City Of Angels 4.10pm, 6.30pm, 8.50pm Grease (20th Anniversary Edition) 4pm, 6.30pm, 8.50pm Mimic 3.35pm, 6.05pm, 8.45pm The Object Of My Affection 4.05pm, 6.30pm, 8.45pm Six Days, Seven Nights 4.30pm, 6.45pm, 8.50pm

**PECKHAM**  
PREMIER (0181-235 3006) BR: Peckham Rye City Of Angels 4.10pm, 6.30pm, 8.50pm Grease (20th Anniversary Edition) 4pm, 6.30pm, 8.50pm Mimic 3.35pm, 6.05pm, 8.45pm The Object Of My Affection 4.05pm, 6.30pm, 8.45pm Six Days, Seven Nights 4.30pm, 6.45pm, 8.50pm

**PURLEY**  
ABC (0870-902 0407) BR: Purley The Object Of My Affection 5.40pm, 8.30pm Six Days, Seven Nights 5.10pm, 8.10pm Sliding Doors 5.50pm, 8.40pm

**PURLEY**  
ABC (0870-902 0407) BR: Purley The Object Of My Affection 5.40pm, 8.30pm Six Days, Seven Nights 5.10pm, 8.10pm Sliding Doors 5.50pm, 8.40pm

**RICHMOND**  
ODEON STUDIO (0181-315 4218) BR: Richmond City Of Angels 1.10pm, 3.50pm, 6.30pm, 9pm The Object Of My Affection 1.10pm, 3.40pm, 6.40pm, 9.10pm Six Days, Seven Nights 1.40pm, 4.10pm, 6.50pm, 9.20pm The Wedding Singer 1.30pm, 4pm, 7pm, 9.30pm

**ROMFORD**  
ABC (0870-902 0419) BR: Romford City Of Angels 2.25pm, 5.40pm, 8.15pm Grease (20th Anniversary Edition) 2.20pm, 5.50pm, 8.20pm Six Days, Seven Nights 2.10pm, 6.05pm, 8.30pm

**ODEON LIBERTY 2** (01708-729040) BR: Romford City Of Angels 12.40pm, 3.15pm, 5.50pm, 8.20pm Deep Impact 12.30pm, 3pm, 5.30pm, 8.10pm Grease (20th Anniversary Edition) 1pm, 3.30pm, 6pm, 8.30pm Mimic 1.10pm, 3.50pm, 6.15pm, 8.50pm The Object Of My Affection 1.40pm, 4.10pm, 6.40pm, 9.10pm Sliding Doors 1.25pm, 2.20pm, 4.30pm, 6.40pm, 8.50pm The Wedding Singer 1.30pm, 3.40pm, 6.20pm, 8.40pm

**SIDCUP**  
ABC (0541-555131) BR: Sidcup City Of Angels 2.20pm, 5.30pm, 8.20pm Six Days, Seven Nights 2.30pm, 6pm, 8.30pm

**STAPLES CORNER**  
VIRGIN (0870-907 0717) BR: Cricklewood City Of Angels 1.30pm, 5.30pm, 8.30pm Grease (20th Anniversary Edition) 2.45pm, 5.20pm, 8.15pm Mimic 2.15pm, 4.30pm, 6.45pm, 9.15pm The Object Of My Affection 2.15pm, 5.15pm, 8.30pm Six Days, Seven Nights 1.45pm, 4.15pm, 6.30pm, 9pm The Wedding Singer 2pm, 5.20pm, 8pm

**STREATHAM**  
ABC (0870-902 0415) BR: Streatham Hill City Of Angels 2.30pm, 5.55pm, 8.10pm Grease (20th Anniversary Edition) 2.15pm, 5.45pm, 8.30pm Sliding Doors 2.25pm, 5.55pm, 8.45pm

**ODEON** (0181-315 4219) BR: Streatham Hill City Of Angels 2.20pm, 5.40pm, 8.50pm The Object Of My Affection 1.10pm, 3.50pm, 6.10pm, 8.40pm Six Days, Seven Nights 1.40pm, 4pm, 6.30pm, 8.50pm Sliding Doors 1.25pm, 2.20pm, 4.30pm, 6.40pm, 8.50pm The Wedding Singer 1.10pm, 3.40pm, 6pm, 8.30pm

**STRAFORD**  
NEW STRATFORD PICTURE HOUSE (555 3366) BR: Stratford East City Of Angels 3.55pm, 9pm The Girl With Braids In Her Feet 2pm, 6.50pm Girls' Night 1.30pm, 6.30pm Grease (20th Anniversary Edition) 1.40pm, 4.10pm, 6.40pm, 9.10pm The Object Of My Affection 1.40pm, 4.10pm, 6.40pm, 9.10pm Six Days, Seven Nights 2.15pm, 5.45pm, 8.30pm Sliding Doors 2.25pm, 5.55pm, 8.45pm

**SUTTON**  
UCI (01930-983900) BR: Sutton City Of Angels 4.15pm, 6.45pm, 9.15pm Grease (20th Anniversary Edition) 4pm, 6.30pm, 8.50pm Mimic 2.45pm, 5.20pm, 8.15pm The Object Of My Affection 2.45pm, 5.20pm, 8.15pm Six Days, Seven Nights 1.45pm, 4.15pm, 6.30pm, 9pm Sliding Doors 2.25pm, 5.55pm, 8.45pm

**TURNPIKE LANE**  
CORONET (0181-888 2519) BR: Turnpike Lane Grease (20th Anniversary Edition) 3.50pm, 6.20pm, 8.50pm Mimic 3.40pm, 5.55pm, 8.25pm Six Days, Seven Nights 2.45pm, 5.20pm, 8.40pm

**WALTHAMSTOW**  
ABC (0181-315 4219) BR: Walthamstow Central Cinema 1.25pm, 3.40pm, 6.15pm, 8.40pm The Object Of My Affection 1.20pm, 3.40pm, 6pm, 8.30pm Six Days, Seven Nights 1.45pm, 4pm, 6.15pm, 8.50pm

**WALTON ON THAMES**  
THE SCREEN AT WALTON (01932-233255) BR: Walton on Thames Grease (20th Anniversary Edition) 3.55pm, 6.05pm, 8.25pm Six Days, Seven Nights 3.45pm, 6.30pm, 8.45pm

**WELLS**  
CORONET (0181-888 3351) BR: Wells Mimic 3.40pm, 5.55pm, 8.30pm Six Days, Seven Nights 3.45pm, 6.20pm, 8.40pm

**WILLESDEN**  
BELLEVUE (0181-630 8822) BR: Willesden Green City Of Angels 4pm, 6.50pm, 9.30pm

**WIMBLEDON**  
ODEON (0181-315 4222) BR: Wimbledon City Of Angels 1pm, 3.30pm, 6pm, 8.30pm Grease (20th Anniversary Edition) 1pm, 3.30pm, 6pm, 8.30pm The Object Of My Affection 1.10pm, 3.50pm, 6.10pm, 8.40pm Six Days, Seven Nights 1.40pm, 4.10pm, 6.40pm, 9.10pm Sliding Doors 1.25pm, 2.20pm, 4.30pm, 6.40pm, 8.50pm The Wedding Singer 1.30pm, 4pm, 7pm, 9.30pm

**WOODFORD**  
ABC (0181-989 3463) BR: South Woodford City Of Angels 1.15pm, 3.40pm, 6pm, 8.25pm The Object Of My Affection 1.15pm, 3.40pm, 6.10pm, 8.30pm Six Days, Seven Nights 1.30pm, 3.50pm, 6.15pm, 8.35pm

**WOOLWICH**  
CORONET (0181-854 5043) BR: Woolwich Arsenal Grease (20th Anniversary Edition) 3.50pm, 6.20pm, 8.35pm Six Days, Seven Nights 3.45pm, 6.20pm, 8.40pm

## CINEMA

### REPERTORY

**LONDON**  
CINE LUMIERE AT THE INSTITUT FRANCAIS Queensbury Place SW7 (0171-838 2144/2146) Marius Et Jeannette (19) 7.30pm

**ICA** The Mall SW1 (0171-390 3647) The Fundamental Gilbert And George (NC) 5pm, 7pm, 9pm The Streetwalker (NC) 6.30pm Behind Convent Walls (NC) 8.30pm

**THE LUX** Hoxton Square N1 (0171-684 0201) Slovakia Programme 1 (NC) 7pm Slovakia Programme 2 (NC) 9pm

**NFT** South Bank SE1 (0171-633 0274/633 0283) Wag The Dog (15) 2.30pm Across The Bridge (NC) 6.15pm Where There Was Once Silence: Television: Education Event (NC) 6.20pm That Night's Wife: Yasujiro Ozu (NC) 6.30pm Wild Strawberries (15) 7.30pm Self/Other: Shorts Cuts (NC) 8.30pm Don't Look Now (18) 8.40pm

**PEPSI IMAX** The Trocadero, Piccadilly Circus W1 (0171-494 4153) Across The Sea Of Time - A New York Adventure (3-D) (U) 11am, 1.05pm, 5.20pm Ice-City In Space (NC) 12.10pm, 2.15pm, 4.25pm, 6.30pm, 8.25pm Everest (U) 3.20pm, 7.50pm

**PRINCE CHARLES** Leicester Place WC2 (0171-437 8181) U.S. Marshalls (15) 1pm The Scarlet Tissue (12) 3.45pm The Ice Storm (15) 6pm Boogie Nights (18) 8.30pm

**RIVERSIDE STUDIOS CINEMA** Crisp Road W6 (0181-237 1111/237 0100) Kids (18) 7pm - Curmudgeon 8.50pm

**WATERMANS ARTS CENTRE** High Street (0181-568 1176) Lolita (18) 4.30pm The Real Blonde (15) 7pm City Of Angels (12) 9pm

**BRISTOL**  
WATERSHED (0117-925 3845) Love And Death On Long Island (15) 8pm, 8.50pm Journey To The Beginning Of The World (16) 6.05pm The Big Lebowski (18) 8.15pm

**CAMBRIDGE**  
ARTS CINEMA (01223-504444) Good Will Hunting (15) 12.30pm Love And Death On Long Island (15) 2.45pm, 9.30pm Afterglow (15) 4.50pm The General (15) 7pm

**CARDIFF**  
CHAPTER ARTS CENTRE (01222-395666) Love And Death On Long Island (15) 2.30pm, 8pm The Real Blonde (15) 7.30pm

**CHICHESTER**  
NEW PARK FILM CENTRE (01243-786550) Mrs Brown (PG) 3.30pm Washington Square (PG) 6pm As Good As It Gets (15) 8.45pm

**IPSWICH**  
IPSWICH FILM THEATRE (01473-215544) Shall We Dance? (PG) 6pm, 8.30pm Amy Foster (12) 6.15pm, 8.30pm

**NORWICH**  
CINEMA CITY (01603-622047) Live Flesh (18) 3.45pm Wag The Dog (15) 8.15pm

## CINEMA

### COUNTRYWIDE

**BRIGHTON**  
ABC EAST STREET (01273-327010) The Object Of My Affection (15) Sliding Doors (15) Six Days, Seven Nights (12)

**ODEON** (01273-307977) Six Days, Seven Nights (12) The Wedding Singer (12) The Object Of My Affection (15) The Big Lebowski (18) Household Name City Of Angels (12) Mimic (15)

**VIRGIN** (0541-555145) The Wedding Singer (12) City Of Angels (12) Star Kid (PG) Teenage Mutant Ninja Turtles 2 (PG) Six Days, Seven Nights (12) Deep Impact (12) Mimic (15) The Object Of My Affection (15) Grease (20th Anniversary Edition) (PG) Sliding Doors (15)

**BRISTOL**  
ARNOLFINI (0117-999 9191) The Wedding Banquet (15) The Ice Storm (15)

**CINEWORLD THE MOVIES** (01273-831099) Six Days, Seven Nights (12) Grease (20th Anniversary Edition) (PG) Sliding Doors (15) 101 Dalmatians (U) Household Name (PG) As Good As It Gets (15) Deep Impact (12) Job Pyrrhesis (PG) City Of Angels (12) Blues Brothers 2000 (PG) Sliding Doors (15) Star Kid (PG) Anastasia (U) Bean (PG) The Big Lebowski (18) The Wedding Singer (12) Dushman (15) The Object Of My Affection (15) Titanic (12) Dark City (15)

**ORPHEUS HENLEAZE** (0117-922 1644) Lolita (18) The Wedding Singer (12) Six Days, Seven Nights (12) Amy Foster (12)

**ODEON** (0117-922 9882) George Of The Jungle (U) Flubber (U) The Object Of My Affection (15) Good Will Hunting (15) Paws (PG) The Wedding Singer (12) Six Days, Seven Nights (12)

**ABC WHITELADIES ROAD** (0117-973 3640) Mimic (15) Sliding Doors (15) Grease (20th Anniversary Edition) (PG) City Of Angels (12)

**WATERSHED** (0117-925 3845) Ugetsu Monogatari (NC) 1.10pm The Big Lebowski (15) Flats In The Pocket (12) Exploitation Double Bill (18) Journey To The Beginning Of The World (U)

## THEATRE

### WEST END

Ticket availability details are for today, times and prices for the week, running times include intervals. ● - Seats at all prices - Seats at some prices - Returns only Matinees - (1) Sun, (2) Tue, (4) Wed, (5) Thu, (6) Fri, (7) Sat

**ANIMAL CRACKERS** Three actors reveal the wild antics of the Marx brothers. Barbra Streisand Court Silk Street. EC2 (0171-538 4141) ● Barbra/Moogale. Mon-Sat 7.30pm, mats Sat 2pm, ends 11 Jul, £10-£19

**ART** Richard Griffiths, Tony Haygarth, Malcolm Story in Yasmina Reza's comedy about art and friendship. Wyndham's Theatre Charing Cross Road, WC2 (0171-369 1736/667 1111) ● Leicester Square, Tue-Sat 8pm, mats Wed 3pm, Sat & Sun 5pm, £9.50-£27.50, 90 mins

**AS YOU LIKE IT** Shakespeare's literary comedy contrasting the court and the natural world. The Globe New Globe Walk, SE1 (0171-401 9919) ● London Bridge, in rep, tonight 7.30pm, ends 9 Sep, £5-£20, concs available, 180 mins

**BEAUTY AND THE BEAST** Lavish family musical based on Disney's cartoon version of the famous fairy tale. Dominion Theatre Tottenham Court Road, W1 (0171-656 1888) ● Tottenham Court Road, Mon-Sat 7.30pm, mats Wed & Sat 2.30pm, £17.50-£32.50, 150 mins

**BLOOD BROTHERS** Willy Russell's long-running Liverpool musical melodrama. Phoenix Theatre Charing Cross Road, WC2 (0171-369 1733) ● Leicester Square/Tottenham Court Road, Mon-Sat 7.45pm, mats Thu 3pm, Sat 4pm, £10.50-£29.50, 165 mins

**BUDDY** Musical biog showing Russell's brief life of Buddy Holly. Strand Theatre Aldwych, WC2 (0171-930 8800) ● Covent Garden/Charing Cross, Tue-Thu 8pm, Fri 5.30pm & 8.30pm, Sat 3pm & 8.30pm, Sun 4pm, £8.75-£30, 160 mins

**CATS** Lloyd Webber's musical version of TS Eliot's poems. New London Theatre Parker Street, WC2 (0171-405 0072/404 4079) ● Covent Garden/Holborn, Mon-Sat 7.45pm, mats Tue & Sat 3pm, £12.50-£32.50, 165 mins

**CHICAGO** Ruthie Henshall stars in this hit Broadway musical about two murderous women. Adelphi Theatre Maiden Lane, WC2 (0171-344 0055) ● Charing Cross, Mon-Sat 8pm, mats Wed & Sat 2.30pm, £16-£36 (incl booking fee), 130 mins

**CLASS** Series of plays written by London schoolchildren and directed by Mark Ravenhill amongst others. Royal Court Theatre Upstairs (at The Ambassadors) West Street, WC2 (0171-565 5000) ● Leicester Square, 8 & 9 Jul, 7.45pm, £5, concs £2

**CLOSER** Superb study of contemporary sexual relationships from Dealer's Choice author Patrick Marber. Lyric Theatre Shaftesbury Avenue, W1 (0171-494 5045) ● Piccadilly Circus, Mon-Sat 7.30pm, mats Wed & Sat 3pm, £27-£50, 140 mins

**THE COMPLETE WORKS OF WILLIAM SHAKESPEARE (ABRIDGED)** Reduced Shakespeare Company last forward through 37 plays. Criterion Theatre Piccadilly Circus, W1 (0171-369 1747) ● Piccadilly Circus, Wed-Sat 8pm, mats Thu 3pm, Sat 5pm, Sun 4pm, £9.50-£20, 120 mins

**DR DOLITTLE** Philip Schofield talks to the animals in this new stage adaptation featuring Jim Henson Puppets. Labatt's Apollo Hammersmith venue Caroline Street, W6 (0171-416 6022) ● Hammersmith, Mon-Sat 7.30pm, mats Wed & Sat 2.30pm, £10-£32.50, 150 mins

**ELTON JOHN'S GLASSES** David Farr's comedy about one man's obsession with World Football Club and their failure to win the Cup Final in 1984. Queen's Theatre Shaftesbury Avenue, W1 (0171-494 5590) ● 344 4444 ● Piccadilly Circus (Mon-Fri 7.45pm, Sat 8pm, Sun 4pm, ends 11 July, £10-£30, £27-£50, 120 mins)

**GREASE** Marisa Dunlop stars in the stage version of the hit film. Cambridge Theatre Shaftesbury Avenue, W1 (0171-494 5590) ● Covent Garden (Mon-Sat 7.30pm, mats Wed & Sat 2.30pm, £10-£32.50, 150 mins)

**HOW I LEARNED TO DRIVE** Paul Robins' drama about the incestuous relationship between a teenager and her uncle. Donmar Warehouse Shaftesbury Avenue, W1 (0171-494 5590) ● Covent Garden (Mon-Sat 7.30pm, mats Wed & Sat 2.30pm, £10-£32.50, 150 mins)

**THE ICEMAN COMETH** Sean Connery, stars in Eugene O'Neill's classic play. The power of drama. Old Vic Theatre, SE1 (0171-508 7616) ● 420 0069 ● EP Waterloo (Mon-Sat 7pm, mats Sat 1.50pm, ends 1 Aug, £5-£30, 150 mins)

**AN IDEAL HUSBAND** Christopher Chubb and Kate O'Mara in Peter Hall's acclaimed production of a comedy. Albany Theatre St Martin's Lane, WC2 (0171-369 1730) ● 667 1111 ● Leicester Square (Mon-Sat 7.45pm, mats Tue 3pm, Sat 4pm, £7.50-£29.50, 165 mins)

**AN INSPECTOR CALLS** Stephen Dillury's award-winning production of JE Priestley's thriller. Garrick Theatre Charing Cross Road, WC2 (0171-494 5051) ● Leicester Square, Mon-Sat 7.45pm, Sat 8.15pm, mats Wed 2.30pm, Sat 3pm, £10-£25, 110 mins

**KAT AND THE KINGS** Musical set in 1930s Cape Town. Vaudeville Theatre Strand WC2 (0171-656 3537) ● Charing Cross, Mon-Thu 8pm, Fri-Sat 5.30pm & 8.30pm, £25-£27.50, 150 mins

**A LETTER OF RESIGNATION** High Wycombe's play about the Profumo affair and political scandal. Savoy Theatre Strand, WC2 (0171-556 8838) ● 835 0479 ● Piccadilly Circus (Mon-Sat 7.45pm, mats Wed 3pm, Sat 4pm, £12-£27, 135 mins)

**THE UNEXPECTED MAN** Yasmina Reza's follow-up to Art is a drama about a novelist and a life-long admirer. Duckers Theatre Tottenham Court Road, W1 (0171-494 5051) ● Covent Garden (Mon-Sat 8pm, mats Wed 3pm, Sat 5pm, £10-£25, 100 mins)

**MAJOR BARBARA** Jenna Redgrave and Peter Bowles star in George Bernard Shaw's classic comedy about an ardent socialist. Piccadilly Theatre Denham Street, W1 (0171-369 1734) ● Piccadilly Circus, in rep, tonight 7.45pm, continuing in rep, £8.50-£27.50, 180 mins

**THE MERCHANT OF VENICE** Shakespeare's cross cultural comedy. The Globe New Globe Walk, SE1 (0171-401 9919) ● Baker Street, in rep, tonight 2pm, ends 19 Sep, £5-£20, concs available, 180 mins

**A MIDSUMMER NIGHT'S DREAM** Tale of love and confusion set in the fairy kingdom. Open Air Theatre Regent's Park, NW1 (0171-486 2431/486 1933) ● Baker Street, today 2.30pm & 8pm, ends 5 Sep, £8-£20, 165 mins

**LES MISERABLES** Musical dramatisation of Victor Hugo's masterpiece. Palace Theatre Shaftesbury Avenue, W1 (0171-434 0909) ● Piccadilly Circus, Mon-Sat 7.30pm, mats Thu & Sat 2.30pm, £7-£32.50, 185 mins

**MISS SAIGON** Musical which retells the Madam Butterfly tragedy to Vietnam. Theatre Royal, Drury Lane Catherine Street, WC2 (0171-494 5060) ● Covent Garden, Mon-Sat 7.45pm, mats Wed & Sat 3pm, £5.75-£32.50, 165 mins

**THE MOUTHRAP** Agatha Christie's whodunnit. St Martin's Theatre West Street, WC2 (0171-836 1443) ● Leicester Square, Mon-Sat 8pm, mats Tue 2.45pm, Sat 5pm, £9-£23, 135 mins

**MUCH ADO ABOUT NOTHING** Declan Donnell directs Cheek By Jowl in a new production of Shakespeare's classic. Playhouse Theatre Northumberland Avenue, WC2 (0171-839 4401/336 4747) ● Embankment, Mon-Sat 7.30pm, mats Tue & Sat 2.30pm, ends 25 Jul, £10-£22, 120 mins

**THE WOMAN IN BLACK** Susan Hill's chilling ghost story. Fortune Theatre Russell Street, WC2 (0171-836 2238) ● Covent Garden/Holborn, Mon-Sat 7.30pm, mats Thu & Sat 3pm, £10-£32.50, 120 mins

**THE PHANTOM OF THE OPERA** Andrew Lloyd Webber's Gothic musical. Her Majesty's Theatre Haymarket, SW1 (0171-494 5400/344 4444) ● Piccadilly Circus, Mon-Sat 7.45pm, mats Wed & Sat 3pm, £10-£32.50, 150 mins

**POPCORN** Lawrence Boswell directs Ben Elton's satire on cinema violence. Apollo Theatre Shaftesbury Avenue, W1 (0171-494 5070) ● Piccadilly Circus, Mon-Sat 8pm, mats Wed 3pm, Sat 4pm, £5.50-£23.50, 150 mins

**THE REAL INSPECTOR HOUND & BLACK COMEDY** Double bill of drama from Tom Stoppard and Peter Schaffer. Comedy Theatre Palladium Street, SW1 (0171-369 1731) ● Piccadilly Circus/Leicester Square, Mon-Sat 7.30pm, mats Wed & Sat 3pm, £7.50-£27.50, 165 mins

**RENT** Musical inspired by La Boheme and set in modern day New York. Shaftesbury Theatre Shaftesbury Avenue, WC2 (0171-379 5399) ● Holborn/Tottenham Court Road, Mon-Sat 7.30pm, mats Wed & Sat 3pm, £12.50-£32.50, 160 mins

**ROYAL NATIONAL THEATRE**  
**OLIVER!** Oldham Rodgers and Hammerstein's classic musical featuring the song 'You Can't Get With A Beautiful Morning'. In rep, tonight 7.15pm, ends 3 Oct. **LYTTELTON: The Prime Of Miss Jean Brodie** Fiona Shaw stars as the Scottish schoolmistress. In rep, tonight 7.30pm, ends 3 Oct. 155 mins. **COTTESLOE: Our Lady Of Sligo** Out of the latest production stars Sioned Cusack. In rep, tonight 7.30pm, ends 4 Aug. 150 mins. **OLYMPIA: The Prince Of The City** In rep, tonight 7.30pm, ends 25 Jul. £10-£25, 120 mins

**RENT** Musical inspired by La Boheme and set in modern day New York. Shaftesbury Theatre Shaftesbury Avenue, WC2 (0171-379 5399) ● Holborn/Tottenham Court Road, Mon-Sat 7.30pm, mats Wed & Sat 3pm, £12.50-£32.50, 160 mins

**SHAKESPEARE'S VILLAINS** Steven Berkoff's study of evil in Shakespeare. Theatre Royal, Haymarket, SW1 (0171-369 1731) ● Piccadilly Circus, Mon-Sat 7.30pm, mats Wed & Sat 3pm, £10-£32.50, 150 mins

**SHOW BOAT** Jerome Kern and Oscar Hammerstein's musical set in the Mississippi. Prince Edward Theatre Old Compton Street, W1 (0171-494 5020) ● Oxford Circus, Mon-Sat 7.30pm, mats Wed & Sat 2.30pm, £10-£32.50, 135 mins

**SMOKEY JOE'S CAFE - THE SONGS OF LEISER** Old Vic Theatre, SE1 (0171-508 7616) ● 420 0069 ● EP Waterloo (Mon-Sat 7pm, mats Sat 1.50pm, ends 1 Aug, £5-£30, 150 mins)

**STARLIGHT EXPRESS** Andrew Lloyd Webber's hit-tech roller musical. Apollo Theatre Shaftesbury Avenue, W1 (0171-494 5070) ● Piccadilly Circus, Mon-Sat 7.30pm, mats Wed & Sat 3pm, £10-£32.50, 150 mins

**THE UNEXPECTED MAN** Yasmina Reza's follow-up to Art is a drama about a novelist and a life-long admirer. Duckers Theatre Tottenham Court Road, W1 (0171-494 5051) ● Covent Garden (Mon-Sat 8pm, mats Wed 3pm, Sat 5pm, £10-£25, 100 mins)

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**THE WEDNESDAY REVIEW**  
(The Independent 8 July 1998)

## TELEVISION REVIEW




**3.35 Children's BBC**, **Pingu** (R) (3509863), **3.40 Playday** (R) (S) (669205), **4.00 Poppo** (2909801), **4.10 To Mandy** (R) (S) (7) (840754), **4.25 The Wild Horse** (R) (S) (7) (335155), **5.00 Newsround** (S) (7) (3209324), **5.10 Record Breakers** (R) (S) (7) (660475).

**5.35 Neighbour** (S) (7) (67476).

**6.00 Newsj Weather** (7) (655).

**6.30 Regional News** (7) (75).

**7.00 Celebrity Ready Steady Cook**, Community-service video shows a "loner swimmer" (yes, just what does she do now?) Sharon Davies as the guests (231).

**7.30  World Cup 89 Live! France vs Croatia**, Das Lyman presents coverage of the second semi-final from the Stade de France in St Denis (kick-off 8.15pm). The match is a big one, as the two teams were slightly flummoxed by their 3-2 aggregate win in the opening leg. (Games, Slater will have the word for you.)

peeling through the excellent French defenses, while France's inability to score has been one of the features of the tournament. A goalless draw looks a good bet, with 2/50s helping the winner to extra-time. John Motton and Trevor Brooking are the commanding pair, but, as ever, we suggest you turn down the TV sound and tune into BBC Radio 5. Lives admirably light and well-informed match description (with **National Lottery Draw** at 8.50pm (771885), (S) (7) (26331).

**12.30 CRICKET.** Highlights from today's second-round NatWest Trophy game between Kent and Warwickshire at Edgbaston. With Tony Lewis, Jack Bannister and Richard (followed by Westley) and Ben.

**1.45 Johna BBC News 24.** To beam.

**MATCH OF THE DAY**

## Channel 5

**6:00 5 News and Sport** (1) 3819-1271 **7:00** **WideWorld**  
(1) (7) 0905914 **7:30** **Wingsharing** (5) 6230576 **7:35**  
**Wind in the Willows** (1) 433-6446 **8:00** **Hanako Zoo**  
(3) 065-440 **8:30** **Dimpled Down Farm** (1) (3) 056779 **9:00**  
**Song of the Sea** (1) (7) (3) 0383539 **9:30** **Russell**  
**Grant's Postcards** (9) 2414-66 **9:35** **The Open World**  
**Show** (1) (6) 3232088 **10:20** **Sussex Beach** (4) 281433  
(11) 001 **Leeds** (5) 6600377 **12:00** **5 News at Noon**  
**12:05** **5 News** (1) 3819-1271 **1:00** **The**  
**Family Album** (3) 0497950 **1:00** **The**

**3.30 FILM The Shop at Sly Corner** (George King R. UK). Oscar-nominees Kenneth Griffith and Charles his anti-hero, dealer boss, George Horrocks, after he learns of his wife's past. Not that Horrocks wishes for himself, of course. He's scared for the future of his villainous daughter (Fluence Palfrey). This stagey of melodrama was based on a play by Edward Percy (1885-1936).

**6.30 Family Affairs.** Nick tells Angus that divorcing Barbara may have been the biggest mistake of his life (maybe it should tell Barbara (S) (T) (1056156).

**7.30 The Peppa Chart.** Guests are the 15-year-old pop sensation Ellie, *Colonial Street* hunk-turned-crooner Matthew Maudsen, and Ulrika Nae (S) (0450410).


romance with American poet Joy Kilmer. See *Film on Film* Day, below (S) (T) (V096953)

**10.25 FILM** **Stay Hungry** (Bob Fildison M76 US) Unrated

**12-20 Compromising Situations.** *Scott and the author* South Jeff Rodgers is the Young Alabama first-place recipient of the 1997-1998 National Boy Scout Leadership Award. Rodgers is a 1996 graduate of the University of Alabama at Birmingham. He is currently a member of the Birmingham Chapter of the Boy Scouts of America. Rodgers is a member of the Birmingham Chapter of the Boy Scouts of America. Rodgers is a member of the Birmingham Chapter of the Boy Scouts of America.

**12-15 LIVE and Dangerous** (F) (M) (Sat) 1:25 P.m. and  
1:40 p.m. (LIVE) (C) (S) (R) (V) (W) (D)  
CO-EDUCATION (P) (H) (A) (T) (I) (N) (G)  
To Earn.

**THE**



**BRANDON D. HORRIGAN**

Middle Tennessee State University  
Department of Economics

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